The New-York Times.

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MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

A HIGHLY IMPORTANT DISCLOSURE.

Intrigues for Converting Mexico into a Monarchy with a Bourbon King.

Miramon and the Entire Church Party Enlisted in the Enterprise.

Letter from a Secret Agent at Rome to Miramon's Confessor.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY SEÑOR DON FRANCISCO JAVIER MIRANDA.

[*Strictly Private.*]

ROME, Dec. 14, 1858.

MY DEAR AND MOST-VALUED FRIEND—Various symptoms which presented themselves, and intelligence which reached me from various sources, had given me an assurance, before you gave me the certainty, that the most important question, the vital question, so to speak, for Mexico, of founding in that country a political order adapted to afford it stability and repose, was not only debated in the Councils of the Government, but that to furnish so many desirable benefits we might reckon upon the coöperation and support of certain foreign powers.

If the signs of this political regeneration do not deceive me, two things are palpable and eminently satisfactory: The one, that those who conceived the design have been governed by sound reason, and by the purest and noblest patriotism; the other, that those who have adopted it and offered to aid in its realization, whether Mexicans or foreigners, are lending immense assistance to the particular interests of Mexico, and to the general interests of order and justice, by endeavoring to proclaim and put in practice those sound political principles, to replace those of an opposite character, which there as elsewhere have produced none but the most disastrous results.

It is superfluous to indicate here the political institutions which ought to flow from the proposed change, should it be happily realized. If there be still some incorrigible theorist, or illusionist, or those limited minds enslaved to the stupid belief that the fecundity of the republican idea for producing in countries peopled by our race the doubtful and problematical benefits which they have produced in others, the public conscience among people of good feeling, and reason among dispassionate thinkers, protest unanimously against that mischievous and at this day unaccountable delusion.

The question, then, is reduced to very simple terms. There is either life or death in our social system; death, in the obstinate pursuit of the republican system; life, in repudiating it forever.

And if we repudiate it, what other shall we adopt? There is no alternative. Modern society has finally turned its back upon the aristocratic *régime*, and still more emphatically upon the oligarchic. The reason of past ages, which is the reason of the present and of the future, for reason is a unit, has demonstrated a monarchical Government to be that which in its practice offers the greatest advantages and the least inconveniences. Rationalism, which is the antithesis of reason, has referred the origin of power and authority to a democracy; so that, if convinced by experience, although still unconvinced by reason, Mexican society repudiates the democratic form, whose ruinous effects are so bitterly deplored, it has no remedy but to turn to a monarchical Government.

Admitting this basis, about which there can be no possible discussion, and arguing from the principle already enunciated, which substantially points to a change of our political institutions, there arises at this place the question as to the person in whom, so to speak, the principle shall be incarnated as its legitimate representative.

[Before proceeding to the elucidation of this important point, Señor GUTIERREZ permits himself to digress into the discussion of the precise form of monarchy desirable for Mexico, referring to writings of his as far back as 1840 upon that very subject, and reaching the conclusion that "*Mexico would gain nothing by constituting itself a monarchy, should it be parliamentary in its forms.*" To this conclusion he assists himself by reference to the history of all the constitutions *octroyées* in Europe for the last forty years. He proceeds:]

I am here moved to beg your Excellency, with the utmost earnestness, that by all the means which your desire for the good of our country may suggest, the negotiations about to be established, or which have been established in Europe, should have as a common point of view the kind of monarchy appropriate to us; for which end, in my opinion, the instructions which are communicated in this sense to the negotiator, or negotiators, will be of little avail, if they do not possess that personal knowledge of the true interest of Mexico, added to the zeal and constancy with which they may maintain the necessity that these Powers, without withholding their countenance, should leave us the liberty of determining the kind of political institutions, and the person to whom we should intrust the royal dignity.

Upon this latter point, deserving as it does, at this moment, the profoundest consideration, as upon that may depend the skilful and conscientious direction of public interests, or the disastrous perversion and transcendantly mischievous results which may ensue from an error in this particular, I beg you will permit me, by way of illustrating the point, to indulge in a few observations which are suggested to me by my knowledge of events and persons, secured by long years of unwearied diligence devoted to this subject—a diligence dictated at one time by my voluntary desire to be useful to my country, and at others, as in 1854, in consequence of being intrusted with a legal, though secret, mission by our Government.

Taking into consideration what this country is—the vices which it has contracted from the political system so imprudently adopted at the Declaration of Independence, we cannot fail to note in it that which has survived its notorious and most lamentable losses—survived as the essential condition of its existence, as its proper nature—namely, that it is essentially a Spanish people—Spanish in language, in religion, in its legislation, and its indestructible traditions; so that the chief selected to rule it, if not Spanish in origin, should have no other trait inconsistent with the Mexican requirement.

[Reviewing the character and the antecedents of the people, and the considerations just discussed, the writer sees very many reasons why a Prince of the actual Spanish dynasty would seem to meet every condition of the case. Two reasons, however, are strong enough to overmaster these.]

The one is that species of aversion which animates people over the level of the mob to accepting a Spanish Prince for a sovereign; an aversion only justifiable upon any other ground, than the dread of using in such a chief an instrument of a fresh subjection of the country to the direst domination of its ancient metropolis.

Puerile and foolish as is this apprehension, it seems to me worth while to show how easy it would be to convince any man of ordinary sense of the contrary, by making them comprehend that no nation which in the face of mankind has recognized the independence of its ancient colonies, could desire to reëstablish in them a moribund dominion; and that no prince, who in the face of mankind should accept for himself and his posterity an independent sovereignty, would or could convert himself into a faithless instrument of that ambition, even supposing it to exist, thus forfeiting his personal dignity, and his appropriate and acquired rights.

My second reason is the just and rational fear with which I am inspired by the ill-conceived project of offering the crown of Mexico to the Duc D'AUMALE.

My having already treated this subject at length and in all its aspects, in a letter which I addressed some months ago to a high personage in Mexico, renders other reflections on this point unnecessary. I inclose a copy of that letter, to which I beg to refer you.

At this moment I am still ignorant of the originator of that unhappy idea, which I have combated and will continue to combat wherever and whenever I can, employing for this purpose the little or much influence which I may possess, and which is not altogether without a basis in this affair.

I have, besides, great faith in the happy results of such an opposition, inasmuch as, if I am not much mistaken, it is this same friend who will render unattainable the object at which he aspires. The reflections on which my confidence is based are natural and reasonable. A monarchy could not be established in Mexico without the active aid of the European powers, and the most effective of these will undoubtedly be that of France. If, then, France is to be the power which must most contribute to this political change, it is evident that the Prince on whom the crown is conferred must accept with gratitude the bounty of the hand which confers it. How worthy soever of gratitude may be the investiture of a crown, and how great soever may be supposed to be the personal interest in acquiring that eminent position and in transmitting it to his descendants, I nevertheless suppose the Duke D'AUMALE to be possessed by reasons still more powerful for not accepting the gift—and reasons of two kinds. One is that of receiving a benefit which calls for gratitude, if that benefit is to be derived from the Emperor NAPOLEON, towards whom the Duke D'AUMALE professes an irreconcilable enmity, while the Orleans family sustains its pretensions to the throne now occupied by NAPOLEON III., who is not disposed to concede it to the Count DE PARIS nor to any one else. The other reason, which I attribute to the Duke D'AUMALE, for refusing the Crown of Mexico at the hands of the Emperor NAPOLEON, is that this family sustains that pretension and regards him as its most important member, as the owner of the intellect and the sword which might direct and sustain by force the unrenounced aspiration. Neither could the dignity of character of the Duke D'AUMALE find the gratitude due to a single favor compatible with projects and tendencies hostile to the benefactor, nor could the interests to be sustained and which hope for their vindication at the hands of that prince, be trusted to him if he had other interests of his own, the care and preservation of which would remove him to a distance from the scene in which the former question is to be debated.

Notwithstanding the force which these reasons have for me in my eyes, still, as politics at this day are governed by other principles than those on which I base my opinion just communicated, and as on such cases there still exists the danger that should the Duke D'AUMALE accept, we should be hampered with a parliamentary form of government, I deem that this entire project should be steadily watched until it shall have been finally abandoned.

Whatever may be the interest which the Powers disposed to favor a parliamentary monarchy for Mexico, the definitive decision of the Conservative Government of Mexico in regard to the political institutions necessary to the country, must count for something—a decision which must be final, seeing that it is adopted in view of the real necessities of Mexico, which must be better understood by the natives than by foreigners, and actuated by the desire to cement a Government of order upon bases which experience has proved to be in every way the only ones which can guarantee the important object of our patriotic endeavors.

If I have already said that it is a Spanish Prince which will be most suitable to Mexico—and you will see by my former letter how in 1854 I showed that the idea would be acceptable in England as in France, and even in Spain, notwithstanding that it involved the elevation of a Prince whose civil and political rights are not there recognized on account of the still pending question of dynasty—I judge it again necessary to call your attention to this point—permitting myself, at the same time, to remark to you that when we speak of calling a Prince of that illustrious family to the throne of Mexico, we can only regard the proscribed branch of it as suited to the occasion.

There are then three of that family. The elder, Don CARLOS, having decided to maintain his claim to the throne of France, would not accept that of Mexico if even it were offered to him. Married, in 1846, to a sister of the King of Naples, but without issue, he would naturally desire that his brother Don JUAN, married to an Archduchess of Austria and with two sons, should secure the succession to the throne of Spain, the possession of which he is disputing. There remains, then, the third brother, Don FERNANDO, still a bachelor of 36 years of age, whose qualities, as those who know him well assure me, are eminently commendable.

The very nature of the origin of the misfortunes of this family is already an antecedent which enjoys the principal recommendation for the throne of Mexico—namely, firm adhesion to true monarchical principles. The brilliant education of these princes, their piety and the experience derived at so much cost from the misfortunes which have followed them from their birth, are guarantees of firmness in a government to which in or out of their country they might be called. Nor am I without reason for believing that these Princes, having acquired a full knowledge of the tendencies of the age, would be prepared to accept, in the political regulation of their States, those modifications which, while leaving the monarchical principle intact, would guarantee the enlightened protection and the greatest development of material interests created by modern civilization.

The circumstance of Don FERNANDO's being a bachelor would be most fortunate for Mexico, since, once reigning, it would be most easy for him to form a powerful alliance with one of the reigning houses, finding in the union considerable power for the consolidation and prosperity of the Mexican destiny.

[The writer then goes on to say that if the European Powers should object to the candidature of Don FERNANDO, an Archduke of Austria would admirably supply the monarchical necessity of Mexico, especially as the coolness between France and Austria would not be likely to induce the former to oppose such a scheme. He proceeds:]

The last resource left us—the impossibility of the others being assumed—must be a Catholic Prince, of the house of Coburg. This personage can bring to Mexico no other *prestige* than that afforded by the decided protection of the Powers who aid in elevating him to that dignity. But here apprehensions of the influence upon this family of predilections for parliamentary forms, derived from its alliances with royal families of constitutional antecedents, are to be entertained.

The negotiation pending in Europe is most important and most delicate. Its successful accomplishment requires, therefore, on the part of the Mexican agents not only ability and discretion, it demands also profound political convictions in a certain sense, unwearying zeal and knowledge of the antecedents of the question, for it is no novelty. Ability and zeal will not supply, in the discussion of the points we have treated, the knowledge of what has already been done. It is no presumption in me to assert that no Mexican is better informed than I of the antecedents of the business, and I will add that this knowledge of the subject and the persons may do much to facilitate its prompt and favorable termination, provided we have the good will of those who are to coöperate in the realization of our plans. This done, I shall retire to the obscurity of private life, with the immense satisfaction of having crowned by my hand the edifice of which I aided to cement the corner-stone, which I assisted to lay 18 years ago.

With the greatest fervor I reiterate to your Excellency my sincere sentiments of friendship, and my devotion as your faithful servant,

J. M. GUTIERREZ DE ESTRADA.

THE FRESHETS.

Serious Damage—Bridges Swept Away—Travel Interrupted.

AT THE NORTH.

Further accounts of the disastrous effects of the Spring freshets reach us from all parts of the country. The following particulars of the flood on the upper Hudson are given in a letter from Glens Falls to the Albany *Journal*:

"The large boom just above Glens Falls is broken, and the logs coming down with such force have broken the boom at this place; the logs are passing over the dam at the rate of more than one hundred per minute. The loss will be very heavy to our lumbermen, and must ruin many of them, as there are two years' stock of logs now in the river. All movable property is being taken from the mills at this place, for fear they will be taken off.

A sunken boom at Fort Edward gave way, when 200,000 logs and a large amount of lumber were swept away. The water was very high, and the current swift and no effort was made to save the timber.

The heavy rains at Troy brought the water in the river well over the docks, and it continued to rise gradually through all the day of Saturday, and reached the highest point at a late hour on Saturday night, where it has since remained. We hear of but little damage being done thus far, the freshet having been generally anticipated. The lower cellars of all the River-street stores are of course overflowed, but the goods had all been removed, and other precautions taken against damage."

AT THE EAST.

The Hartford *Courant* says:

"The water is over the entire length of Commerce-street, over all the cross streets between Commerce and Front, with the exception of State-street, and it extends up that more than half way to the corner; over Front-street from the upper end down to near the corner of Talcott-street, and then again from near its junction with Grove-street to near the middle of the Front-street bridge.

The scene yesterday in the streets bordering on the river beggars description. Commerce, Potter, Charles, portions of Front, Pleasant, and the north extremity of Market-street, were under water in some places to the depth of two or three feet, and hundreds of families, living in basements and cellars, were driven from their homes to 'higher latitudes.' The only communication over a large part of the city was by boats, which might be seen traversing the streets in every direction, conveying families to places of safety, or carrying household goods to their storage. The streets were lively with pigs, drowned out of their habitations, and many stalwart Irishmen might be seen wading to the middle in water, driving some pet of the pig-stye to more congenial scenes. The current in Commerce and Charles streets, and in some portions of Front, was almost as strong as in the river channel at low water, and various pig-styes and other small buildings drifted down at their own sweet will.

The back-water up the Little River set around the north end of Front-street bridge, entirely covering the tops of the arches, and cutting off pedestrians from Colt's dyke, in that direction; Ford-steet also was overflowed.

The toll-house was cut off, except by means of wagons and boats, by the water, which extended some distance up Morgan-street. State-street was flooded up to LEE & DEAN'S tobacco store, No. 214. All parts of the city, indeed, which lay within the region of the river, on the lower grounds, are overflowed, and a considerable degree of damage must have been done."

AT THE SOUTH.

The waters in both the Delaware and Schuylkill Rivers are subsiding. Yesterday morning, however, all the meadows from the upper end of Richmond to Bridesburg were overflowed, the water reaching a distance of almost two squares. The property of the North Pennsylvania Railroad Company on Allegheny-avenue, on which it was contemplated to erect a depôt at one time, was also overflowed. The storm produced the same effects along the banks of the Schuylkill, and most of the mills at Manayunk were compelled to cease operations.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

THE FRESHET IN THE PENOBSCOT.

BANGOR, Monday, March 21—Midnight.

The large dam of ice at this place moved down a mile or more between 7 and 8 o'clock this evening, at low tide. It then stopped, and the water backed up seven feet in four hours, and is now rising about eight inches an hour. It is now from three to four feet over the different wharves. In the Kenduskeag stream the jam of ice extends about two miles, its centre being nearly opposite the city. This afternoon the ice was reported to be still unbroken at Hampden, six miles below the city.

BANGOR, ME., Tuesday, March 22—9 P. M.

The ice remains in the same position this evening as last night. The water has fallen little. It is thought the river will be clear of ice for a week or more.

Personal.

The Hon. Robert C. Winthrop is to deliver a Fast-day Oration in Boston, April 7, for the benefit of the building-fund of the Young Men's Christian Association.

Bishop McIlvaine had a public reception at Cincinnati on the 15th March, on his return from a tour in Europe. He has been absent eight months.

The differences which have arisen out of the litterary quarrel between Mr. Thackeray and Mr. E. Yates have been settled amicably.

Miss Florence Nightingale is now staying at Malvern, at the water establishment of Dr. Johnson.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Remarkable Delay in the Case of Mr. Sickles—Probable Cause—The Post-Office Department—Efforts to effect a Financial Arrangement, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 22.

A mystery seems to surround the Sickles indictment. The Grand Jury say they are waiting on the District Attorney, and he says the delay is with the Jury. The public is curious to get at the truth. Who is at fault? Why has the indictment been kept back for six days after a presentment has been made? Surmises are abundant. Mr. AULD's friends suggest that he is rusty, and aims to gain time for preparation by withholding the indictment, although he had partially consented to fix Monday next as the day on which to commence the trial. Having no legal grounds for delay after the indictment comes in, this suggestion may be true. Others surmise that the delay is for the purpose of awaiting a change in public opinion, while others again say that certain parties are still pursuing Mr. BUTTERWORTH, and by promises of further testimony induce the District-Attorney to keep back the indictment. Whatever may be the cause or object, the delay is extraordinary, and justly excites surprise in the public mind. There is now great uncertainty when the trial will take place.

Since the decision of the Extra Session question, a number of bids for the mail service have been withdrawn and others substituted at twenty per cent. advance. Effort was made by the Department to effect an arrangement with RIGGS & Co., of this City, but without success. New-York bankers have since been applied to, but with what success I have not learned.

Q.

[FROM THE REPORTER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 22.

Private letters from several of the most important commercial houses in Vera Cruz say there is a feeling of entire confidence among business classes there of JUAREZ's ability to defend the city against MIRAMON.

Private advices from Tampico also express confidence in Vera Cruz holding out, unless there shall be treachery. The garrison at Tampico has been reduced to less than one hundred and twenty men, by the withdrawal of the Liberal troops for the defence of Vera Cruz. Tampico had not been threatened, but fears were entertained of the loyalty of the man-of-war belonging to the Liberals in that port.

General HENNINGSEN will leave Washington tomorrow for Savannah to collect emigrants for Arizona. The emigrants of the Arizona Association will rendezvous at Powder Horn, Texas, in July, and at El Paso in the beginning of September. Three hundred men are engaged to come down the Mississippi from the West to join the Expedition, and men are also assembling in New-York, Ohio, Kentucky and Alabama.

It was expected last Monday that the Grand Jury who made a presentment a week ago, against Mr. SICKLES for murder, would return a true bill, but so far nothing further has been done on the subject.

Prominent individuals have been named for the British and French Missions, and the London Consulate, but it is well known that no changes concerning them are contemplated.

Lieut.-General SCOTT is expected to arrive here next Friday.

The Boston Post-office question has not yet been acted on by the Attorney-General, to whom all the papers in the case will probably be submitted to-morrow. Postmaster CAPEN has arrived here.

The Post-Office Department—Letter from the Postmaster-General.

From the Washington Union.

It will be seen from the following letter of the Postmaster-General, which has been distributed to the Press, that an extra session of Congress will not be convened:

WASHINGTON, March 21, 1859.

SIR: I have just learned that it is the determination of the President not to call an extra session of Congress, and in view of this and of the failure of the Post-Office Appropriation bill, I should be glad to learn what course of administration is proposed by the Department for the relief of its creditors, and especially if any provision is contemplated for extinguishing its liabilities, which have already matured and are now payable.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant, GEO. MATTINGLY,

Superintendent Potomac Steamboat Co.

Hon. JOSEPH HOLT, Postmaster-General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, March 22, 1859.

SIR: In answer to the inquiries contained in your note, just received, I beg to submit the following statement:

Congress, for the first time since the organization of the Government, has expired without having made appropriations for the service of the Post-office Department during the next fiscal year, which will commence on the 1st of July. Had the members of the next Congress been elected from all the States, the President might, on the 4th of March, have called an extra session, and this omission of the late Congress might have been thus supplied. This was, however, impossible without disfranchising the people of nearly half of the States of the Union, which had not elected members. At that date there were fifteen States without Representatives. New-Hampshire has since elected; Rhode Island and Connecticut will elect in the beginning of April; Oregon in the beginning of June; Virginia on the fourth Thursday of May; Kentucky, Alabama, North Carolina, and Texas in the beginning of August; California early in September; Georgia, Mississippi, and Minnesota in the beginning of October; and Louisiana and Maryland not until the first Monday and Wednesday in November. This is most unfortunate. There ought to be no interval when a full Congress could not be convened, and it is to be hoped that there never will be one hereafter.

Had the Appropriation bill, which failed, made provision only for the fiscal year commencing on the 1st of July next, there would obviously have been no necessity for an extra session. The first quarterly service of contractors for that year will not have been performed, so as to entitle them to pay, until Oct. 1; and by the terms of their contracts—those for railroad routes only excepted—sixty days more must elapse before their accounts can be finally settled, which would postpone the day of payment till the 1st of December, within less than a week from the regular meeting of Congress. If it should be deemed advisable, Congress might be convened for the middle of November, in ample time to provide for the payment of what will be due contractors for the first quarter's service of the next fiscal year, before it will be, in fact, payable. This statement makes it manifest, therefore, that had the appropriations proposed in the bill which failed, been intended to meet only the liabilities of the next fiscal year, there would have been no sufficient reason for calling Congress together before the regular period of its assembling.

Such, however, is not the case. That bill also provided "that the sum of $3,838,728 be, and the same is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in the revenues of the Post-office Department for the year ending the 30th June, 1859." Upon a careful examination and investigation, it has been ascertained that the deficiency will amount to about the sum of $4,385,281 95. It ought, however, to be observed that, after the 30th of June next, the sum of $700,000, granted to the department by the act of March 3, 1849, and March 3, 1851, for the transportation and delivery of free mail matter for Congress and the Executive Departments, may be applied in part to the extinguishment of this deficiency. This will leave the balance to be provided for $3,685,281 95. Of this sum of $4,385,281 95, the deficiency which existed in the quarter ending on the 31st December, amounted to.....$749,841 68

That for the quarter ending 31st March to..1,964,156 26

That for the quarter ending 30th June to..1,671,285 01

Total.....$4,385,281 95

The $749,841 68—being the unpaid balance of the quarter's liabilities closing 31st December, and payable 28th February—can and will be paid by the Department within sixty days from this date; the payment of the principal part of it will be made within thirty days. The effect of this will be to divide the entire deficit of $4,385,281 95 between the quarters ending 31st March and 30th June, and payable 31st May and 31st August, so that the suspension of payment on no part of this indebtedness will exceed, beyond a few days, six months before the regular meeting of Congress; on nearly one-half of it the suspension will be but for a few days more than three months.

It is a grievous misfortune to the contractors that the Department has been left without the means of discharging this debt at its maturity. Under existing circumstances, however, it would be impossible to convene Congress in time to meet these responsibilities, without virtually excluding from that body the Representatives of several of the sovereign States of this confederated Government. This would be a just cause of serious complaint.

The choice of the President has been undoubtedly a choice between great evils; but, in his judgment, the lesser evil would be to wait until the first Monday of December, when Congress will be full.

The debts due, and to become due, to the contractors are of a sacred character. The contracts, out of which these debts arise, have been entered into under the express authority of existing laws of Congress. To appropriate money for their payment is as obligatory and binding upon Congress as it is to provide for the principal and interest of the national debt. There never will be—and never can be—a repudiation of this debt by the representatives of the American people. After the amount due to each contractor shall have been ascertained and finally settled according to law, this amount becomes a specific debt of record against the United States. Its payment is inevitable, and if the contractor desires to borrow money upon it the lender could have no better security. Besides, as Congress are in default for not having made an appropriation to meet this debt, it would be no more than strict justice for them to provide for the payment of interest on these accounts from the time of their final adjustment by the accounting officers of the Department, and when a warrant would have issued for their payment had an appropriation been made. This interest—excluding from view that on the $749,841 now in the course of payment, and applying on the 1st July, to the extinguishment of the principal, the $700,000 for free matter, which will be then available—should Congress think proper to allow it, would amount to less than $100,000—a sum not be compared with the great difficulties and embarrassments of a public and private character, which would result from holding a special session of Congress, to say nothing of the expense that would necessarily be incurred, even though the members should receive no additional pay.

A system of retrenchment, so far as it may be practicable under existing laws, is now an imperative duty in the administration of the Department. By the act approved June 14, 1858, Congress established 695 new post routes, the service of which—including the St. Paul's and Puget Sound route, established in March, 1855, but not yet put into operation—it has been estimated would require an annual appropriation from the treasury of $604,088, over and above the receipts accruing therefrom. Not a dollar, however, has been appropriated for this purpose, and, as a necessary result, the contracts for these routes, though they have been advertised and proposals received, cannot be closed until the necessary funds shall have been provided by law. Very respectfully, your obedient servant, J. HOLT.

To GEORGE MATTINGLY, Esq., Superintendent Potomac Steamship Company, Washington.

Affairs in Baltimore.

A LAMPLIGHTER MURDERED—CITY RAILWAY BILL VETOED.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, March 22.

A lamplighter named RICHARDSON, while extinguishing the lamps in the Western part of this city, early this morning, was shot in the back and mortally wounded. A young man of the name of THOMAS A. KENNARD has been arrested on suspicion of firing the shot. The lamplighter still lives, but his recovery is doubtful. KENNARD was fully committed this afternoon for trial. The evidence shows that he was in a liquor-store at the time, and fired the pistol wantonly. He is a subordinate clerk in one of the City Courts.

Mayor SWANN this evening sent to the City Council a veto of the City Passenger Railroad bill, recently passed. The Mayor desires to have the fare fixed at five instead of four cents, a capitation tax of one cent to be paid to the City, which, he proposes shall be devoted to the securing of a public park.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Tuesday, March 22.

The Senate has passed to a third reading the bill authorizing the issue of $100,000 State scrip in aid of the Museum of Comparative Zoology.

In the Senate to-day the bill to annex Roxbury to Boston was defeated by 12 to 17.

Meeting Relative to Mr. Yeager's Disappearance.

EASTON, Tuesday, March 22.

Great excitement exists here relative to the mysterious disappearance of Mr. SAMUEL YEAGER last week. There is a meeting to-night at the Courthouse of the citizens, called for the purpose of giving an expression of feeling in regard to the matter. The house is jammed. A very liberal reward will be paid for any information relative to Mr. YEAGER that will lead to any clue by which his absence may be accounted for. Mr. YEAGER's family and friends are in great distress.

Another Cargo of Slaves Landed at the South.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Tuesday, March 22.

It is rumored that the bark *E. A. Rawlins* landed 600 Africans on the coast of Florida. The report is considered doubtful, as the *Rawlins* cleared from Savannah, Dec. 15, for Havana, with a cargo of rice, and the intermediate time is quite short for a trip to the African coast.

The Cherokee Indians—Steamboat Disaster.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, March 22.

The Fort Smith *Times* says that the Cherokees, who were driven from Texas many years ago, are about to commence a suit for the lands granted them by Mexico. These lands comprise the most fertile portion of Eastern Texas.

The steamer *Aunt Letty* collided with the Rock Island Bridge yesterday and sunk. Loss $12,000.

Obituary.

ALBANY, Tuesday, March 22.

Mrs. JOHN V. L. PRUYN died in this city to-day.

Sailing of the Arabia.

BOSTON, Tuesday, March 22.

The European mails per steamship *Arabia* will close at the Post-Office at 9 A. M. to-morrow, and the steamer will leave at about noon. Despatches for Europe filed at No. 21 Wall-street, New-York, in time to reach here by about 11 o'clock, will be forwarded in her.

Non-Arrival of the Nova Scotian.

PORTLAND, Me., Tuesday, March 23—2 A. M.

There are yet no signs of the steamship *Nova Scotian*, now due at this port with Liverpool dates of the 9th inst.

Return of the Tennessee.

NEW-ORLEANS, Monday, March 21.

The steamship *Tennessee*, hence for Vera Cruz, has returned to this city having been damaged by grounding at the mouth of the river, and by a vessel drifting against her.

The James Adger at Charleston.

CHARLESTON, Tuesday, March 22.

The United States mail steamship *James Adger* Captain R. ADAMS, arrived here this morning from New-York. All well.

The Eliot School Difficulty at Boston Ended.

The Boston *Traveller*, of Monday, says the troubles at the Eliot school seem to be nearly at an end. To-day (says the *Traveller*) about sixty scholars returned, in addition to the number which came back yesterday, so that in all about two hundred absentees who participated in the rebellion have resumed their connection with the school, and their allegiance to its rules and regulations. Many of these were accompanied by their parents, who disapprove entirely of their insubordination, and emphatically express their determination to acquiesce in the regulations. One Catholic, apparently a stevedore, whose name is QUINN, brought his boy into school to-day, and told Mr. MASON that last night, as soon as he learned of his son's conduct, and that he had left the school, he talked to him on the subject, told him he must obey the teacher's orders, join in every exercise without sign of opposition, and conduct himself with strict decorum, or he should go to the Reform School till he could learn to obey, enforcing his language by a severe chastisement. No trouble has occurred to-day, except in one division, where some twenty-five of the boys refused to chant the Lord's Prayer. Mr. MASON was sent for, and, as before, told them they must obey the rules or leave, as, if they remained, they should be made to obey. It is probable that about this number will leave to-day; but, in the meantime, a much larger number will probably return.

The Boston *Atlas* publishes a letter from Bishop FITZPATRICK, (Roman Catholic,) of Boston, addressed to the School Committee. He makes three points, as follows:

1. Catholics cannot, under any circumstances, acknowledge, receive and use, as a complete collection and faithful version of the Inspired books which compose the written Word of God, the English-Protestant translation of the Bible.

2. The acceptance and the recital of the Decalogue, under the form and words in which Protestants clothe it, is offensive to the conscience and belief of Catholics.

3. The chanting of the Lord's Prayer, or psalms or hymns addressed to God, performed by many persons in unison, being neither a scholastic exercise nor a recreation, can only be regarded as an act of public worship. Indeed, it is professedly intended as such in the regulations which govern our public schools.

The Bishop adds:

"The undersigned begs leave to add one word more in conclusion. It has been supposed that, because he was silent, he was satisfied with the state of our public schools. This is not so. He has always entertained the same sentiments which he now expresses. But whenever and wherever an effort has been made by Catholics to effect such changes as they desired, the question has been distorted from its true sense, and a false issue has been set before the non-Catholic community. It has been represented that the design was to eliminate and practically annihilate the Bible. This has never been true; and yet this has always been believed, and a rallying cry, 'To the rescue of the Bible!' has resounded on every side. Angry passions have been roused, violent acts been committed, and, almost invariably, the last condition of things has been worse than the first.

In the light of this experience, any attempt to bring about a change seemed calculated to cause much strife, but very little good, and, therefore, not advisable.

To-day, however, circumstances, known to all, seem to make it a duty for the undersigned to act and to speak. He does without reluctance, since it is a duty; and he hopes that what he has said will be received, as it is spoken, in a spirit of conciliation, and with a true disposition to promote good will and charity amongst all classes of citizens.

The undersigned has the honor to be with much respect, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

†JOHN B. FITZPATRICK, Bp. of Boston.

BOSTON, Monday, March 21, 1859.

AFFAIRS AT ALBANY.

Central Park Bills—Justices not to Commit Lunatics or Vagrants in Brooklyn—The Testimony in the Police Investigation Case to be Printed—Senators' Sentiments on a Police System for New-York.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Tuesday, March 22, 1859.

The House is like a spirited horse that, suddenly in his race, encounters a deep ditch, is thrown back upon his haunches and pauses to determine whether to wheel or spring over it. The ditch is the Grinding Committee. Men who had just got the hang of business, find all the old methods for getting bills ahead suddenly fail, and they have new lessons to learn. Said Committee did service to the State this morning by reporting, as worthy of the attentions of Select Committees to report complete, some 21 bills of a local, innocent and proper nature,—which, after consuming ten minutes of the time of the House, will be ready for their final reading.

There are three Central-Park bills here; two of them were this morning considered in Committee of the Whole, and ordered to a third reading. One of them declares that all that land in the Twelfth Ward bounded southerly by the southerly side of One Hundred and Sixth-street; notherly by One Hundred and Tenth-street; easterly by the Fifth-avenue, and westerly by the Eighth-avenue, to be a public place, in like manner as if the same had been laid out by the Commissioners appointed under the act of 1807; that the Commissioners of the Central Park may apply by petition to the Supreme Court for Commissioners of Appraisal, and after proper advertisement may nominate three suitable persons for the Court's appointment, and the parties interested in the premises may propose three others as appraisers; these six may allow compensation for buildings on the land named above, and the damages awarded are payable immediately on confirmation of their report. No person can be appointed a Commissioner who owns land in New-York above Forty-second-street. To pay for damages, the Commissioners may issue stock, and in order to pay the interest upon said stock, the Board of Supervisors are authorized to raise, by tax on the estates, real and personal, subject to taxation according to law, within the City, and to collect yearly and every year, until the whole amount of said stock be paid, a sum of money sufficient to pay the interest annually accruing on said stock.

The second bill provides that all that part of the Seventh-avenue, in the City of New-York, lying between the southerly side of One Hundredth and Tenth-street and the Harlem River, shall be widened on the map or plan of the said City, by adding thereto on each side thereof, twenty-five feet, so as to make the whole width of that part of the said avenue one hundred and fifty feet.

Mr. RUTHERFORD tried to amend the first bill so as to prohibit any persons from seeking work on the new Park that were not citizens and residents of New-York, and on that made a characteristic speech that was much interrupted for its irrelevance to the pending subject. His amendment was lost.

The bill was ordered to its third reading, which legalizes that action of your Common Council for which the late District-Attorney BLUNT had a crowd of living and dead Aldermen and Councilmen indicted lately. It reads as follows: "The resolution passed July 30, 1858, by the Common Council of the City and County of New-York, in the following words, viz: '*Resolved*, That the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York lease to the institution known as the Orphans' Home, for a term of twenty years, that plot of ground belonging to the City bounded by Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth streets, Lexington and Fourth avenues, at a yearly rent of one dollar, provided said land is used only for the Orphans' Home, and providing the lease is confirmed by the Legislature of the State,' is hereby declared to be lawful and of binding force."

An act for the relief of Brooklyn from a growing nuisance was ordered to a third reading. Its first and second sections, in which its substance lies are as follows:

"Whenever any pauper inmate of any of the institutions under the charge of the Superintendents of the Poor of the County of Kings, shall be insane, or so disordered in his senses as to endanger his own person or the persons and property of others, if suffered to go at large, the said Superintendents of the Poor, or any two of them, upon complaint, in writing, subscribed and sworn, or affirmed to before such Superintendents of the Poor, may proceed to take the testimony of physicians, under oath, and exercise the same powers in respect to committing such lunatic for safe keeping as are now by law authorized to be exercised by Justices of the Peace; but it shall not be lawful for said Superintendents of the Poor, or any one of them, to receive any fees or emolument therefor. Every commitment issued in pursuance of the provision of this section shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the said County, and the certificate of the said clerk issued thereupon, in the same manner as is now required in respect to the commitment of lunatics by justices of the peace. No police justice, justice of the peace, or other magistrate, shall have power to commit any person or persons to the poor-house of said county as vagrants; but the admission of all persons to said poor-house, to be supported at the public expense, or otherwise, shall be subject to such regulations as a majority of the superintendents of the poor may adopt."

In Senate Mr. SPINOLA presented, to-day, the testimony taken in the investigation of the Metropolitan Police affairs. The motion to print it was carried.

AYES—Messrs. Burhans, Diven, Ely, Johnson, Mather, Pratt, Schell, Scott, Sloan, Spinola, O. B. Wheeler, W. A. Wheeler, J. A. Willard, John D. Willard—14.

NOES—Messrs. Ames, Boardman, Darling, Foote, Laflin, Lamont, Loveland, Noxon, Paterson, Prosser—10.

Mr. DIVEN then moved a reconsideration, having a doubt whether the testimony was not objectionable as being damaging to private character. Mr. ELY assured the Senator that there was nothing in it of that sort.

Mr. NOXON insisted that there was. He alluded to one instance in which the Committee went into matter, with regard to one of the Commissioners, affecting his private character, and relating to circumstances said to have transpired four years ago. Besides this, there were some forty pages of hearsay testrl mony—a description of testimony that Senators must admit should not be printed. It should never have been received by the Committee.

Mr. SPINOLA said, that perhaps the members of the Committee who took an active part in this testimony did not conduct the investigation in a strictly legal manner, because they were not of the legal profession. The legal member of the Committee never attended its sittings, and he thought it came with an ill grace from the Senator from the Twenty-second (Mr. NOXON) to impugn now the motives of his colleagues who had faithfully attended to the duties intrusted to them. It had been said by members of the Metropolitan Department that this testimony should never be printed—that it should never see the light of day, while they have already laid upon our desk in print, their own *ex-parte* version of the matter. It was now for the Senate to decide whether these threats of suppression were to be carried out or not.

Mr. NOXON said that early last Summer, he discovered that he would not be able to attend the sittings of this Committee, owing to circumstances of a domestic nature. He advised the Senator from the Third (Mr. SPINOLA) of this fact, and subsequently tendered his resignation to the Lieutenant-Governor. That officer held that, during the recess, he had not the power to substitute another for him. This was the explanation he had given why he did not attend the sittings, and why he continued as a member of the Committee. Since his return to the Capitol he had given the subject as much attention as possible, and with a desire to avoid delay in bringing the matter before the Senate. He repeated the assertion that there was evidence taken affecting the private character of members of the Department, and apprised the Senate that three-fourths of that evidence was taken by the Senator from the Third (Mr. SPINOLA) alone.

The motion to reconsider was carried.

In Committee of the Whole, the Metropolitan bills were considered. Mr. MATHER remarked that at the last session he had introduced a bill similar to the one now before the Committee—to repeal the act establishing the Metropolitan Police. He maintained then, as he did now, that that act was a direct violation of the spirit of our organic law, and an outrage on the dearest rights of the people. His bill did

AFFAIRS AT THE SOUTH.

Prosperity of the South—Price of Negroes—Politics in New-Orleans—The Mexican Question.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

NEW-ORLEANS, Monday, March 14, 1859.

There is no disputing the fact that the Southern portion of the Confederacy is in a highly prosperous condition—perhaps never more so. Of all the great staples produced, the crops during the past year have been abundant, sales active and prices high. The recorded receipts of cotton at all the ports to this date, foot up three millions and seventy-nine thousand bales. The amount yet to come in will exceed one million bales, giving a crop this year of over four millions of bales; and when we reflect that of this, Great Britain takes something more than three millions, we can comprehend what a *clincher* we have on that old kingdom. Every department of business in this city is exceedingly active and money abundant. Transactions in Exchange during the past week reached the high figure of three and a half millions of dollars.

No species of property has felt the effect of this state of affairs more sensibly than negroes. The average price of field hands may be stated at $1,500, and the tendency is upward. A 1 niggers sell for $1,750 to $2,000. These rates were never reached but once before, and that was during the speculative times of 1836, and which were not of long continuance. The rates now, however, are the consequence of an actual necessity and demand. One of your Southern correspondents stated not long since that the Mississippi Valley was drawing the negro population from the Atlantic States. This is true, and to such an extent are the richer planters of the aforesaid valley investing in this species of property, that many are beginning to think there is danger ahead, and that it is time to stop. In several of the Louisiana districts there are ten blacks to every white man, woman and child, and it has become necessary to keep up the district police and guard.

New-York must soon feel the effect of the highly prosperous state of affairs to which allusion has been made. The South is getting out of debt and beginning to accumulate surplus capital.

But little interest in politics is manifested. SLIDELL and party may be considered defunct, and the people generally are content to let the fire-eating disunionists play the game out with their Northern opponents, having no fears of an invasion of their vested rights at present. If any feeling can be discovered in this section, it is that of loathing for everything in and about Washington, politically and socially. While it is evident that our country, owing to its immense resources, is advancing with a bounding buoyancy that disdains the rein and scorns control, it is evident we have a Government with which the people at large have no sympathy,—a Government separate and distinct from the general welfare, and opposed to all that is good and patriotic. Could the evil results of all this be confined to the National Capital, the nation might be content to donate one hundred millions per annum and let the corrupt riot and swelter in their own corruption, but unfortunately, the demoralizing influence is beginning to be felt throughout the land in all the ramifications of politics and society. If the masses do not bring about a change soon through the ballot-box, God help us!

The Mexican news received on Saturday, 12th inst., excites quite a lively interest here. You have the prominent items by telegraph, and with this go the newspapers containing details. There is a strong feeling of sympathy felt in this region for the Liberal or Constitutional Party, now struggling for existence in Mexico, and to which the last news is in every way favorable. It has been a matter of wonder and chagrin that our Government did not at once receive Señor MOZA as Minister, recognize the Juarez Government, and take a bold and decided stand in his support. The Hon. Mr. CHURCHWELL, who went out as special agent for our Government, returned in the *Tennessee* on Saturday last. This gentleman has done his duty. He obtained a clear insight into the true state of affairs, and urged the Administration at Washington, with all his powers, to at once recognize and sustain JUAREZ. The newly-appointed Minister to Mexico, Mr. MCLANE, arrived this morning, and they (Messrs. MCLANE and CHURCHWELL) have their heads together. What will be wrought out, no one can tell. It appears that Mr. MCLANE goes out with instructions to present his credentials to any government he may find in a condition to maintain itself; to be governed by the existing state of things; not to interfere with either party, and be careful not to take any step to offend European Powers, or afford them any pretence for interference. Now, the same Administration that sent its Minister to Mexico with such instructions, recommended the forcible seizure of Sonora and Chihuahua by the United States Army, and breathed war, blood and thunder towards every nation on earth with which it was at variance, and furthermore called everybody *cowards* who would not sustain this game of brag. Here is evidence of insincerity and stupidity which the commonest mind cannot fail to comprehend.

The writer has very good reason for stating that neither the Administration or Congress have the slightest comprehension of the actual state of affairs in Mexico, and the *value* of a liberal treaty, based on a good understanding with that country. It is of more importance to us than Cuba and niggerism, ten times over. It is believed that the principal reason why this matter has been allowed to remain in an obfuscated state so long, is, that Mr. BUCHANAN had an understanding with that pumpkin-head, ROBLES, to recognize *him*, when *he* got into power. This same Señor ROBLES is now playing third or fourth fiddle in the ranks of the party which drove Mr. FORSYTH from the country with insult, and which, if it gains the ascendancy, will drive Americans from the country and destroy their interests; but which, forsooth, Mr. MCLANE must recognize, if it is victorious, and the *European Powers wish it.*

There is a bare possibility that the Church, or Anti-Liberal Party, will gain a momentary triumph, and it will be only momentary—perhaps long enough for Mr. MCLANE to recognize. The probability is, that when Mr. MCLANE arrives, he will find the Liberal Party triumphant, or hanging by the eyelids. If the former, JUAREZ will say, "We owe you no thanks; you have no claim on our gratitude, and there is no reason why we should treat with you very liberally." If the latter should be the case, and Mr. MCLANE at once throw his recognition into the scale, the most beneficial results may be anticipated. With the return of the *Tennessee*, you will have highly important intelligence.

Our hotels, with wretched accommodations, are filled to overflowing. The PICCOLOMINI is here. She is successful, but creates no *furore*. DE SOTO.

The Executive of Utah.

LECTURE BY COL. THOMAS J. KANE.

A very intelligent and, numerically, a very considerable audience assembled on Tuesday evening in the lecture-room of the Historical Society, to hear Col. KANE relate his impressions and conclusions as to the "Executive of Utah." The peculiar advantage enjoyed by the lecturer of acquiring a direct and thorough intimacy with this subject, contributed, doubtless, in a large degree, to the extent of the audience. Instead, however, of a racy recital of adventures and experiences among the polygamous community and its leading spirits, Col. KANE's address was an eulogium of GOV. CUMMING.

The Colonel was accompanied to the platform by the Hon. LUTHER BRADISH, and the Vice-Presidents of the Society.

In presenting him to the audience, the Chairman alluded to the fact that the Colonel was the brother of Dr. KANE—a name which had become so familiar and so dear to us.

Colonel KANE began by showing that the part which GOVERNOR CUMMING had taken in the pacification of Utah was a more gallant one than most people were disposed to allow. And yet no man was a better illustration of the value of cotemporary praise, for no man has been more vilified and had less justice accorded to him. In addition to the desire to do justice to Governor CUMMING, the lecturer described himself as also influenced by the wish to put an end to the connection of his name with the affairs of Utah, which had become a source of absolute annoyance to him. He briefly sketched the antecedents of Governor CUMMING, told how he was born to wealth, spent his youth in affluence, endured overwhelming reverses of fortune in manhood, left Georgia, his native State, to work for means whereby to pay his debts and retrieve his lot, accompanied the army through the Florida swamps and into Mexico, labored among the Aborigines, returned from voluntary exile to Augusta, hoping to feel himself the independent ALFRED CUMMING of former days, discovered that few of the friends of his youth remained, and, longing again for active life, accepted the office of Governor of Utah to which he was appointed by the President in July, 1847, probably because the latter believed that in nominating ALFRED CUMMING to that responsible position, there might be required the services of a man rather than of a hand-organ.

At the period preceding his leaving Fort Badger on his way to Salt Lake City, the prospects were that the enemies of peace were going to triumph over its friends, and a solemn responsibility was thus incurred by him. He determined to start for the scene of his future successes immediately, and left the Fort in the face of fearful warnings. It had been said that he started in pursuance of the terms of a certain Convention into which he had entered with BRIGHAM YOUNG. But for this there was no foundation, and the lecturer, in order to show that it was untrue, proceeded to state all the facts connected with Governor CUMMING's march to Salt Lake City, and his achievement of an honorable and satisfactory settlement of all the differences between the people of the Territory and the Federal Government. In conclusion, the Colonel observed that he might be supposed devoid of spirit because he had not been provoked by injustice into publishing public the details of the causes, supposed to justify his knowledge, which had led to the Mormon difficulties. He had no doubt there were people present who could appreciate his motives for declining to do so. In this country we all took part in public affairs, but all would recognize the propriety of allowing the officers of the Government to be the judges as to the extent to which it was proper to make known or withhold the circumstances which had directed their action.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Tuesday, March 22, 1859—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 79 bbls. Ashes; 2,600 bbls. Flour; 994 bushels Wheat; 7,650 bushels Corn; 3,000 bushels Rye; 7,070 bushels Oats; 1,740 pkgs. Provisions; and 143 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales to-day 80 bbls. Pots at $6; and small lots of Pearls at $5 87½ ₱ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—The principal sales to-day were 800 bags Laguayra at 11⅞, and 800 bags St. Domingo at 9¾c ₱ lb. During the week 3,000 bags Rio have been received per *Matchless*. The stock of all kinds in first and speculator's hands to-day, comprises 81,391 packages, including, according to Messrs. William Scott & Son, 4,228 bags and 43 000 mats Java, 19,189 bags Rio, 5,517 bags Maracaibo, 4,766 bags Laguayra, 2,200 bags Manilla, 1,425 bags St. Domingo, and 1,056 bags Jamaica.

COTTON—Has been less active, but prices have been sustained. Sales to-day, 2,500 bales, including about 1,500 bales *in transitu*.

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. O. & Tex
Ordinary, ₱ lb...	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
Middling, ₱ lb..	12¼	12¼	12¾	12¾
Middl'g Fair, ₱ lb.	13¾	13¾	13¾	14

DYEWOODS—Continue quiet, in the absence of an active export demand,—100 tons St. Domingo Logwood, at $14 50 ₱ ton, constituted the principal sale of the week.

FISH—Dry Cod are in fair request, chiefly at $3 75 @$4 25, ₱ cwt. Massachusetts Mackerel are in demand at $16 25 for No. 1; $15 50@$15 75 for No. 2 and $10@$10 12½ for No. 3, ₱ bbl. Smoked Herring are more sought after, at 26c.@30c. for Scaled, and 15c.@18c. for No. 1, ₱ box.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market for State and Western is somewhat unsettled to-day. The inspectors refuse to pass the bulk of the Superfine State, offering. Even much of what they did pass in February, they now, on a reinspection being called for, object to, as not up to what they represent as being the standard. They announce their readiness to give certificates of such lots as they did pass in February, to that effect; but they refuse to repass very many of the same lots. The adoption of such a course has the effect of materially lessening the disposition to buy any State Flour that is not really good, and regularly branded. For all that is guaranted thus, the inquiry is pretty brisk at buoyant prices. The medium and better grades, especially of Western, are also in very good request, and are stiffly held. Sales have been reported since our last of 12 500 bbls. of all kinds of State and Western within our revised range.

Unsound Flour, ₱ bbl	4 25@ 5 25
Superfine State	5 50@ 6 00
Extra State	6 50@ 6 80
Superfine Western	5 55@ 6 00
Fancy Ohio	5 95@ 6 10
Extra Indiana and Michigan	6 50@ 7 50
Extra Ohio	6 60@ 7 50
Fancy Genesee	6 80@ 6 90
Extra Genesee	7 00@ 8 00
Low to very choice Extra Missouri	7 15@ 8 75

Southern Flour is actively sought after at full rates. Sales 3,250 bbls., in lots, at $6 25@$6 75 for Mixed and Straight brands; and $6 80@$8 75 for low Fancy to choice Extra brands, ₱ bbl. Canadian is still selling slowly, at $6 50@$7 50 for extra brands ₱ bbl. Rye Flour is in limited demand at $3 60@$4 30 for fine to superfine ₱ bbl. Corn Meal continues in request at $3 80@$3 85 for Jersey; $4 30@$4 40 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl.; and $19 75@$20 for the latter, in puncheons.

FRUIT—Sales at auction: 2,400 boxes Sicily Lemons, at $1 60@$2 05; and 1,900 boxes do Oranges, at $1 60@$1 90 ₱ box.

GRAIN—Wheat is more freely offered, at prices more in favor of buyers. The demand is fair, but not brisk. Sales to-day: 26,000 bushels, including very good White Canada at $1 65; White Western at $1 65; choice Red State at $1 51; Amber Michigan at $1 50; fair Red Western (winter) at $1 48; White Southern at $1 65; Red Southern at $1 50, and a small lot of choice Kentucky at $2 per bushel. Corn is in fair request; holders appear to be more disposed to sell; prices are easier, and tending downward. Sales have been made since our last of 38,500 bushels, at 89c.@90, for old mixed Western, in store and delivered, 89c. for sound new Yellow Southern; 87c. @89c. for new White Jersey and Southern; 86c.@89c. for new Yellow Jersey, and 85c. for damaged new Yellow Southern, ₱ bushel. Barley is heavy and drooping; sales 23,500 bushels at 70c.@82c. ₱ bushel. Rye is quiet, yet quoted at 90c.@95c. ₱ bushel. Oats are depressed and languid. Canada, 61c.@62½c.; Western, 60c.@62c.; State, 57c.@59c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania, 51c.@55c., and Southern, at 48c.@54c. ₱ bushel. Rye is in demand, and is quoted at from 90c.@95c. ₱ bushel; sales 4,500 bushels.

PROVISIONS—Pork is in good demand at, however, lower prices. Sales were reported of 4,000 bbls., in lots, at $18 12½ for new Mess, here; $18 for do., delivered four months from 1st of April; $17 50@$17 62½ for old Mess; and $13 for prime, ₱ bbl. Cut Meats continue in fair demand, including Hams, at 8¾c.@9¾c., and Shoulders at 6¾c.@7c. ₱ lb. Bacon is moderately sought after at from 7¾c.@10¾c. ₱ lb. Lard continues quiet, yet firm; sales 270 tcs. and bbls., in lots, at chiefly 11½c.@12c., ₱ lb. Beef is more inquired for, at buoyant prices; sales to-day, 750 bbls., in lots, at $9 50@$11 50 for repacked Western Mess; $12 75@$13 25 for extra do.; $8 50@$9 62½ for Country Mess; $6 75@$7 37½ for do. Prime, ₱ bbl.; Prime Mess Beef, $18@$21 ₱ tc. Beef Hams $14 50@$17 50 ₱ bbl. Butter continues depressed and languid, at 10c.@17c. for Ohio; 14c.@23c. for common to good State, and 24c.@26c. for prime to choice State, ₱ lb. Cheese is selling slowly at 8c.@11c. ₱ lb.

SUGARS—Have been in pretty brisk demand at uniform rates. Sales, to-day, 820 hhds. Cuba at 6½c. @7¼c.; 350 hhds. Porto Rico at 7c.@7¾c.; and 260 hhds. New Orleans at 6⅞c.@7¾c. ₱ lb.

TALLOW—Messrs. KNIGHT & SON state that the market has been quiet during the week, sales having been confined to 70,000 lbs. at 10¾c. ₱ lb. Rough Fat, 7¾c. ₱ lb.

TOBACCO—Has been inactive since our last. sales having been confined to 18 hhds. Kentucky at 10¾c.; 60 cases Seed Leaf at 20c.@26c.; and 94 bales Havana at 28c.@40c. ₱ lb.

WHALEBONE—Attracts more attention and is quoted firm.

WHISKY—Sales 100 bbls. at 28½c. ₱ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, there were engaged 900 bales Cotton, at 3 16d. ₱ lb.; 125 bales Sea Island Cotton, by steamer, at ⅜d. ₱ lb.; also, by steamer, 50 boxes Bacon at 25s., and 15 tons Seed at 30s.; 400 bbls. Spirits Turpentine, at 4s. For London, Crude Turpentine, at 2s. 1½d. For Glasgow, 2 000 bbls. Resin, and 100 tons Logwood, on private terms. For Hamburg, Resin, 2s. 9d., and measurement goods at 30s.@ 40s.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MORE TO BE ADMIRED THAN THE RICHEST DIADEM EVER WORN BY KINGS OR EMPERORS.

WHAT! WHY A BEAUTIFUL HEAD OF HAIR.

Because it is the ornament *God Himself provided* for all our race. Reader, although the rose may bloom ever so brightly in the glowing cheek, the eye be ever so spark ling, the teeth be those of pearls, if the head is bereft o its covering, or the hair be snarled and shriveled, *harsh and dry*, or worse still, if sprinkled with gray, nature will lose more than half her charms. Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative, if used two or three times a week, will restore and permanently secure to all such an ornament. Read the following and judge. The writer of the first is *the celebrated Pianist, Thalberg*:

NEW-YORK, April 19, 1858.

DR. WOOD—*Dear Sir*: Permit me to express to you the obligations I am under for the entire restoration of my hair to its original color; about the time of my arrival in the United States it was rapidly becoming gray, but upon the application of your "Hair Restorative" it soon recovered its original hue. I consider your Restorative as a very wonderful invention, quite efficacious as well as agreeable. I am, dear Sir, yours truly,

S. THALBERG.

DRUCH A'R GWLLIEDYDD, WELSH NEWSPAPER OFFICE, No. 13 NASSAU-ST., April 12, 1858.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—*Dear Sir*: Some month or six weeks ago I received a bottle of your Hair Restorative and gave it to my wife, who concluded to try it on her hair, little thinking at the time that it would restore the gray hair to its original color, but to her as well as my surprise, after a few weeks' trial it has performed that wonderful effect by turning all the gray hairs to a dark brown, at the same time beautifying and thickening the hair. I strongly recommend the above Restorative to all persons in want of such a change of their hair. CHARLES CARDEW.

NEW-YORK, July 25, 1857.

PROF. O. J. WOOD: With confidence do I recommend your Hair Restorative, as being the most efficacious article I ever saw. Since using your Hair Restorative my hair and whiskers which were almost white have gradually grown dark; and I now feel confident that a few more applications will restore them to their natural color. It also has relieved me of all dandruff and unpleasant itching, so common among persons who perspire freely. J. G. KILBY.

PROF. WOOD: About two years ago my hair commenced falling off and turning gray; I was fast becoming bald, and had tried many Remedies to no effect. I commenced using your Restorative in January last. A few applications fastened my hair firmly. It began to fill up, grow out, and turned back to its former color, (black.) At this time it is fully restored to its original color, health and appearance, and I cheerfully recommend its use to all.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 1, 1857. J. D. HOES.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz.: Large, medium, and small; the small holds half a pint, and retails for $1 per bottle; the medium holds at least 30 per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for $2 per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion, and retails for $3.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors. No. 312 Broadway, New-York, (in the great New-York Wire Railing Establishment.) and No. 144 Market-st., St. Louis, Mo.

And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

GAS BURNERS.

The subscriber continues to manufacture all kinds of gas burners for the trade. Also,

IMPROVED CYLINDER BURNERS,

Imported Lava and Scotch-tip burners and burner-glass always on hand.

T. C. ARNOLD,
No. 447 Broome-st., 2 doors west of Broadway, N. Y.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
GOLD WATCHES, DIAMONDS,
SILVER WATCHES, FINE GOLD JEWELRY,
Sterling silver ware, tea sets, cake baskets, and double-plated ware, very low and warranted.
SQUIRE & LANDER, No. 97 Fulton-st.

DYSPEPSIA.

Use Dr. RAYMOND & CO.'S Compound. It will cure (as thousands can prove) Dyspepsia, with its symptoms—constipation, headache, giddiness, nervousness, pains in the side, back, etc. One trial will establish its reputation. For sale at RAYMOND & CO.'S, No. 689 Broadway. Also, Mrs. HAYES, Brooklyn. N. B.—Orders from the country promptly attended to.

SLOTE & JANES,
Stationers, Printers, and Blank-Book Manufacturers, No. 93 Fulton-st. Orders respectfully solicited.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
NIXON & CO'S GREAT TROUPE.
WEDNESDAY March 23,
TWO PERFORMANCES THIS DAY.
AFTERNOON AT 2 FOR THE JUVENILES,
Mme. TOURNIAIRE and her horse KIEL,
Mlle. JOSEPHINE, in her classic poses.
Last Afternoon performance but one of TIPPOO SAIB.
Last afternoon performance but one of
VAN AMBURGH'S MENAGERIE OF TRAINED ANIMALS.
And on this occasion they will be
FED BEFORE THE AUDIENCE.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock,
ALL THE NEW ATTRACTIONS.
Mme. TOURNIAIRE, KIEL,
Mlle. JOSEPHINE, DUCROW,
Mlle. ELLSLER, TIPPOO SAIB,
THEODORE & FERDINAND, BRUNO & PAPIN.
MELVILLE, SIEGRIST, LENTON.
VAN AMBURGH'S MENAGERIE OF TRAINED ANIMALS.
Doors open at 1 and 6½. Commence at 2 and 7½.
Tickets 50 cents. Upper boxes 25 cents. Children 20c.
Afternoon Performance Friday. TIPPOO SAIB.
No performance Saturday afternoon or evening.

THEATRE FRANCAIS,
No. 585 Broadway.
F. WIDDOWS et C. SAGE.....Directeurs
8EME SOIREE D'ABONNEMENT.
JEUDI, 24 MARS, 1859.
4ème representation de
MLLE. EUGENIE SEN.
1ère representation de
LE CAMP DES BOURGOISES,
comedie en un acte, par M. Dumanoir, representée sur le Theatre du Gymnase Dramatique.
Jouée par MM. Bertrand, Ch. Delalain, Mlles. Pauline Dupont et Jane Montheaux.
1ère representation de
LA MAUNIERE DE MARLY.
vaudeville en un acte du Theatre des Varieties.
Jouée par Mlles. Jane Montheaux, Pauline Dupont, MM. Thiery, Edgard, Leon, &c.
2ème representation de
UNE FEMME QUI SE JETTE PAR LE FENETRE.
vaudeville en un acte par Eugenie Scribe.
Mlle. Eugenie Sen remplira le rôle de Madame Schoppen.
Pour plus de détails voir les Programmes.
Le bureau de location est ouvert tout les jours de 8 heures du matin jusqu'a 5 heures du soir.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
ONLY FOUR NIGHTS THIS WEEK.
ONLY FOUR NIGHTS THIS WEEK.
ONLY FOUR NIGHTS THIS WEEK.
To conclude with Charles Selby's petite comedy of
THE RIVAL PAGES.
Supported by the strength of the company.
FRIDAY and SATURDAY,
SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER.
Reappearance of
MR. and MRS. BLAKE.
Dress-circle seats may be secured one week in advance without extra charge—50 cents each.
ALTERATION OF TIME.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 7¾ precisely.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
57th, 58th, 59th and 60th night of
THE VETERAN.
The wonderful popularity attained by this combination of SUPERB ACTING, SPLENDID SCENERY, BRILLIANT TABLEAU and CHARMING MUSIC, is attested by the fact that, notw ithstanding the extreme prevalence of tempestous and unpleasant weather since its production it has been witnessed by
OVER 100 000 PERSONS,
who have expressed by enthusiastic applause their appreciation of the alternate scenes of
POWERFUL INTEREST AND SPARKLING COMEDY of which it is composed. It will be repeated
EVERY EVENING.
Mr. Wallack.....as.....The Colonel
Doors open at 7; commence at 7½ o'clock.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
THIS EVENING, March 22, 1859,
Will be presented Shakspeare'e Tragedy of
ANTONY AND CLEOPATRA.
Mark Antony.....Mr. E. Eddy
To conclude with the farce of
SLASHER AND CRASHER.
Doors open at 7; curtain will rise at 7½ o'clock.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Lessees.....Messrs. G. L. Fox and J. W. Lingard
THIS EVENING, March 22
THE MILLER OF NEW-JERSEY;
Or,
THE PRISON HULK.
To conclude with
OUR ENGLISH COUSIN.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS,
No. 561 and 563 Broadway.
OPEN EVERY EVENING.
THE OLDEST AND LARGEST COMPANY IN THE CITY.
Upwards of 2,000 people visit this beautiful Hall Every Evening.
SELECT NEGRO MINSTRELSY,
In Old Virginny style.
After which, the elegant and truthful
TABLEAUX OF SOUTHERN LIFE.
To conclude with the great original and highly successful pantomime, entitled
THE MYSTIC SPELL,
With new tricks, properties, changes, &c.
Doors open at 6½; to commence at 7¾ o'clock.
Tickets 25 cents; children under 10 years, 13 cents.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock; and in the EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, GWYNNETH VAUGHAN; or, THE FATE OF A COQUETTE. The Morgan Mr. C. Hale; Gwynneth Vaughan, the Village Coquette, Mrs. J. J. Prior. DANCE, Miss Harriet Walby and Miss Sallie Partington. To conclude with PADDY CAREY, THE BOY OF CLOGHEEN. Paddy Carey, the Boy of Clogheen, with a song, Mr. O'Neil. The famous AQUARIA, unparalleled in America; that world-wide celebrity, the original Happy Family, &c. Admittance to all, 25 cents; Children under ten, 13 cents. Parquette seats 13 cents additional.

THE GREAT DUSSELDORF GALLERY OF PAINTINGS—Open DAY and EVENING; No. 548 Broadway. Admission 25 cents. Now visited by crowds of citizens and strangers.

STRANGERS SHOULD NOT FAIL TO VISIT the chief attraction of this City—the famous DUSSELDORF GALLERY OF PAINTINGS. Open day and evening. No. 548 Broadway Admission 25 cents.

LECTURES.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

WALTER SCOTT, Esq., on invitation of Mayor WIEMAN, Peter Cooper, Cyrus W. Field, Wilson G. Hunt, and others, will deliver his celebrated lecture on *The Battle of Life*, at the Academy of Music,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 23.

The Committee would add that this lecture has been pronounced one of the most unique, original and eloquent discourses of the day.

Tickets to Dress Circle and Parquette 50 cents; first and second Circle 25 cents.

For sale at all the book and music stores, and at the door. Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW-YORK.—SEVENTEENTH SEASON. 1858-'59.—The fourth Concert will take place on SATURDAY EVENING, March 26, 1859, at Niblo's Garden, on which occasion the following artists will appear: Mr. MILLS, the eminent Pianist, and Mr. P. MAYER, Bariton. Conductor, Mr. CARL BERGMANN. Tickets for sale at the Music Stores of Messrs. Scharfenberg & Luis, No. 769 Broadway; C. C. Breusing, No. 701 Broadway, and M. Walker, No. 167 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Members will please procure their extra tickets before the day of the Concert. All tickets sold at the door on the evening of the Concert will be $1 50 each. No reserved seats. Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock P. M. By order L. SPIER, Secretary.

THE REV. A. KINGMAN NOTT WILL DELIVER a lecture on the *Life and Character of Spencer H. Cone, D. D.*, in the First Baptist Church, corner of Bronze and Elizabeth sts., on WEDNESDAY EVENING next, March 29, at 7½ o'clock. Admission 25 cents—for the benefit of City Missions. Tickets to be had of S. Raynor, No. 76 Bowery; Roe Lockwood, No. 411 Broadway; G. P. Putnam, No. 506 Broadway; Sheldon & Co., No. 115 Nassau-st., and at the American Bible Union, No. 350 Broome-st.

THE HON. JOSHUA R. GIDDINGS, OF Ohio, will deliver a lecture at Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, (the Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER'S) THURSDAY EVENING, March 24, on The Trial of John Quincey Adams before the House of Representatives of the XXVIIth Congress." Tickets 25 cents. For sale at W. W. SWAYNE'S, No. 216 Fulton st, Brooklyn, and at the door. Doors open at 7, lecture to commence at 8 o'clock.

THE HON. JOSHUA R. GIDDINGS WILL repeat his great Lecture on *The Trial of John Quincy Adams*, before the Young Men's Christian Association, in Clinton Hall, on FRIDAY EVENING, March 25. Tickets 25 cents. at Thatcher & Hutchinson's, No. 523 Broadway, and at the door.

WM. W. BADGER, Chairman Lecture Committee.

MRS. CORA L. V. HATCH WILL LECTURE in the trance state at Clinton Hall, Astor-place, WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Subject given by the audience. Also in Musical Hall, Brooklyn, SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. Admittance 15 cents.

SPIRITUALISM.—MRS. AMANDA M. SPENCE, formerly Mrs. Britt, will lecture at Clinton Hall, (Astor-place,) THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, March 22, also on THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, at 7½ o'clock. Admittance 15 cents.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

THE LIFE DIRECTORS AND MEMBERS of the American Society for Meliorating the Condition of the Jews, are requested to meet at the rooms of the New-York State Colonization Society, No. 27 Bible House, on WEDNESDAY, March 23, at 4 P. M., for the purpose of electing officers and completing the organization of the Society, under the provisions of its charter.

JOHN FORSYTH, President.
JOHN N. McLEOD, Vice-President.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE—POLYTECHNIC ASSOCIATION.—Regular meeting WEDNESDAY, March 23, at 7 o'clock. Subject—*Electrotyping*. All who take an interest in this matter are especially invited to attend. Strangers are always welcome, and admission is always free to all. The Club meets every WEDNESDAY, at 7 o'clock P. M. H. MEIGS, Secretary.

YOUNG MEN'S REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—An adjourned meeting will be held at head-quarters, No. 618 Broadway, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock.

S. B. DUTCHER, Chairman.
JOHN J. SHAW, ELLIOTT F. SHEPARD, } Secretaries.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING CLASSES,
No. 806 Broadway, New-York,
No. 137 Montague-place, Brooklyn,
Now open for the reception of pupils, who can commence at any time; will continue open until the end of May. TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS in Brooklyn; WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS in New-York.

E. FERRERO'S DANCING ACADEMIES—No. 29 West 14th-st., New-York, and No. 132 Clinton-st., Brooklyn, are open for the reception of pupils at 4 Misses. Afternoons for Misses and Masters; evenings for gentlemen. Saturday evenings, practising class. Empire Quadrille" are being taught.

TRAVELLES—PICARD'S FRENCH ALL SIZES, for sale by C. E. MARSHALL, No. 99 Reade-st.

DRY GOODS.

SPRING TRADE NOTICE.
IMPORTANT
TO
EVERY DRY GOODS MERCHANT
IN THE UNION.
DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.
Are now receiving their Spring Importations, and are exhibiting at their
SALES ROOMS,
NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST., N. Y.,
the most extensive, elegant, varied and complete stock of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC GOODS
ever before offered for sale by them, and presenting attractions and advantages to the trade generally, and from all parts, such as are to be met with in very few places. Their extensive stores on Chambers-st., which they occupy entire, enable them to appropriate to each class of goods a separate department, and to have, in fact, so many distinct stocks in their Warerooms, each of which will be complete. Without specifying the articles embraced, they would name the departments, viz.:
DRESS GOODS,
SILKS,
WHITE GOODS AND LINENS,
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
FLANNELS,
SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
PARASOLS,
DOMESTICS AND PRINTS.
To their Domestic and Print Department they call particular attention, embracing all the leading makes and styles, which will be sold at the very lowest rates. They have the entire production of the
WARREN PRINTS,
A print which has done more good to the retailers through the country last season than perhaps any other low-price print. Their Merrimack, Cocheco, Sprague, Garner, Dunnell and PACIFIC AMARANTH PRINTS are of the very best selections.
CLINTON, GLASGOW, LANCASTER and SCOTCH GINGHAMS in every variety.
Their
DOMESTICS
embrace the following Brands:

Wamsuttas,	Hill Manufacturing Company,	
Bate's Mills,	New-York Mills,	Merrimack,
Lonsdale,	Arkwright,	Pocasset,
Neumkeag,	Paterson,	Pepperill,
White Rock,	Hebron,	Cabott,
Metamora,	Lawrence,	Atlantic,

All the well-known makes of TICKS, STRIPES and DENIMS, such as York, Hamilton, Pemberton, &c.
Soliciting trade on liberal terms, they invite notice to their House—street and number as above.

DOUGLAS & SHERWOOD'S
PATENT
TOURNURE CORSET.
This article comprises in one garment A CORSET OF SUPERIOR SHAPE AND FINISH and a BUSTLE OF PERFECT MODEL, insuring free and healthful action to the lungs, and comfortable support to the spine. It has been pronounced by all who have seen it, (among whom are several eminent members of the Medical Faculty,) to be *the only Corset without an objection*, either artistic or physiological. No lady can well do without it. D. & S. still manufacture their
EXPANSION SKIRT,
so well known for its durability.
Also, their celebrated
MATINEE SKIRT,
together with over seventy other different styles, the latest of which are
THE PALMETTO,
AND THE
NEW SKELETON SKIRT,
containing 13, 17, 20 and 30 hoops, made of the SUPERIOR QUALITY OF STEEL, *which has always characterized their Skirts.*
All articles of their manufacture are for sale at the principal stores in the United States and Canadas.
☞ SEE THAT THE STAMP OF DOUGLAS & SHERWOOD IS UPON THEM.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
WILL OPEN
AT RETAIL,
On MONDAY, MARCH 21,
A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT OF STELLA SHAWLS,
WITH
FRENCH CAMELS'-HAIR BORDERS.
ALSO,
REAL INDIA
SQUARE AND LONG SHAWLS,
IN
ENTIRELY NEW DESIGNS.
CANAL, corner of Mercer.

THE
WARREN PRINTS.
SPRING STYLES,
AT
DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.'S,
NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST., NEW-YORK.
We are now receiving from the works these POPULAR PRINTS in
NEW & DESIRABLE SPRING & SUMMER STYLES.
Also,
80 cases ENGLISH PRINTS, just landed.

BONNETS	BONNETS.	BONNETS
	WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MILLINERY, DRESSMAKING AND PAPER PATTERN	
BONNETS	ESTABLISHMENT.	NEW
	Mmes. ELKINS and FULLER having opened a new store,	STORE,
	No. 457 Broadway,	
BONNETS	(Near Grand-st.,)	NEW
	Are prepared to offer to	
	LADIES, also	STOCK.
	SOUTHERN AND WESTERN	
BONNETS	TRADE, probably a better	NEW
	assortment of	
	LADIES' BONNETS	STYLES.
No. 457	than can be found at any other establishment in the City, and	No. 457
Broadway.	at moderate prices. Will open on THURSDAY, March 24.	Broadway.

NOVEL PROPOSITION TO LADIES.
RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR BARGAINS,
AT
GENIN'S BAZAAR.
Previous to packing away my unsold Furs for the Summer, I make this proposition: I offer sets of Furs of every description, and of the most fashionable styles, at from thirty to fifty per cent. below the current retail prices of the past Winter, preferring to turn the residue of my stock in this department into cash.
Such an advantageous proposal as this has never before been made in the trade, and I invite to it the special attention of ladies who wish to save from thirty to fifty per cent. on their next Winter's Furs. The unsold assortment comprises every class of Furs, from Fitch and Mink to Ermine and Russian Sable, and includes every article in the line, from cuffs and gloves to the most magnificent cloaks, mantles, victorines and muffs, which will be sold separately or in sets, at the same extraordinary reduction.
GENIN'S BAZAAR,
Nos. 507 and 513 Broadway.

DRESS GOODS.
BOOTH & TUTTLE,
Corner Chambers, Church and Warren sts.,
Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of
New and desirable
DRESS GOODS,
To which they invite the attention of
CLOSE BUYERS
For cash or short credit.

CACHEMIRES AND LACE.
HOUSE IN PARIS, No. 80 rue Richelieu,
HOUSE IN BRUSSELS, No. 94 rue Royale.
COMPAGNIE DES INDES. Manufactories of Lace at

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION in a private family as chambermaid and waiter and to do fine washing and ironing; no objection to the care of children and plain sewing. Has the best of City references. Call for two days, at No. 35 6th-av., between Waverley-place and Greenwich-av., first floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as seamstress and dressmaker; is a first-rate operator on the sewing machine; has not the slightest objection to travel with a family, or would go out by the month or week to sew on the machine; has got unexceptionable reference from a lady in this City. Call at No. 60 6th-av., corner of Horatio-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH PROtestant girl, a situation in City or country, as chambermaid and waitress or nurse and seamstress; would assist in washing and ironing. Also a competent young woman desires a place as cook, washer and ironer, or to do general housework; is a good bread and pie baker. Apply at No. 318 6th-av., up stairs.

WANTED—A LADY IS DESIROUS TO PROCURE employment for a trustworthy and competent person as seamstress; she can cut out and fit with exactness; she would be found very useful to any family requiring her services, as she is attentive and kind in sickness, and understands housekeeping. Can be seen for three days at No. 77 West 19th-st., from 9 to 5 o'clock.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as seamstress, who can cut and fit ladies' and children's dresses, and do all kinds of family sewing. Has no objection to assist in caring grown children. Has the best of City reference. Can be seen until suited at No. 60 Lafayette-place.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as good cook, washer and ironer; has no objection to do general housework in a small private family; good City reference given. Call at No. 131 16th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., in the rear. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS, SITuations; one is an excellent cook and baker of bread; would assist in the washing; the other as regular waitress; would not object to assist in chamberwork; would go a short distance in the country; best City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 17 West 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman; is a first class cook, and a most excellent baker of bread and pastry; understands making all kinds of soups, jellies and desserts. Best of references. Can be seen at No. 48 13th-st., rear, between 5th and 6th avs. till engaged.

WANTED—BY A STEADY SCOTCHWOMAN, A situation as nurse and sea nstress in a private family; will take care of a baby from its birth; she is fully competent, as she has always lived in that capacity; the best of city references. Apply at No. 107 East 13th-st., New-York, between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A SITuation to do chamberwork, and fine washing and ironing; can do up fine muslins in the neatest manner, or would do chamberwork and plain sewing; the best of City reference. Apply at No. 107 East 13th-st, between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman in a private family; is a good cook; understands soups, meats and poultry, pastry and bread; willing to assist in washing and ironing; has City references. Apply at No. 94 6th-av., between 4th-st. and West Washington-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FARMER TO work upon a farm; he perfectly understands his business in all its branches; he has had five years' experience, and understands taking charge of horses, cattle, also a kitchen garden. Address PATRICK DAISCOLL, Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation to take in washing by the month or by the dozen; is capable of doing fine laces and fluting in the nicest manner; can be highly recommended by some of the highest families whom she has lived with. Call or send to No. 182 Livingston-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as first-rate plain cook, washer and ironer; is a good baker of bread and pastry. The best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 290 Hicks-st., between Atlantic and Pacific sts., Brooklyn, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as cook, washer and ironer, or to do the housework of a small private family; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 98 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman to do chamberwork and is a good plain sewer; gives the best of City references. Can be seen till engaged, at No. 108 St. Mark's-place, 8th-st., Room No. 7.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN WHO IS a first-class laundress, a situation in a first-class private family; has no objection to leave the City; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 28 8th-st., corner of 3d-av., in the millinery store, for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion; she is a good cook, understands baking and pastry, and is a good laundress; has lived in good families, and can give the best of City references. Apply at No. 1092 Broadway, corner of 32d-st., in the store.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITuation to do chamberwork and waiting, or to take care of children, or attend to plain sewing. Good City reference will be given. No objection to the country. Can be seen until suited at No. 221 West 26th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, as chambermaid, or would do chamberwork and sewing, or wait on a lady. Best City references can be given from best families. Call at No. 98 East 12th-st., basement.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON. A SITuation as cook; one who understands her business in all its branches. The very best of City reference given. None but those who want a first-class cook need apply. Call for two days at No. 331 6th-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS TO GO IN THE COUNtry, by two young women; one to cook, wash iron, the other chamberwork and waiting; the west side of Hudson preferred; good references given. Call at No. 1 Christopher-st., corner of Greenwich-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman, in a private family in the City, to do general housework; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; has good City testimonials. Address E. M., or call at No. 161 6th-st., for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl as chambermaid and to do plain sewing, or chamberwork and assist in the nursery; the best City reference given. Call at No. 118 East 16th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman in a private family; is a good cook; understands soups, meats and poultry, pastry and bread; willing to assist in washing and ironing; has City references. Apply at 120 Clinton-place, 8th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, as chambermaid and waiter, or plain sewer; has the best of City reference from her last employer. Call at No. 268 1st-av., third floor, room No. 12. Call for two days.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, A SITUation as first-class cook, and understands her business in all its branches; can give the best of City reference. Apply for two days at No. 89 6th-av., second floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, as chambermaid and seamstress; understands making children's clothes. Good reference given. Call at No. 99 East 16th st., between 1st-av. and Livingston-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl as good cook, and to assist in the washing and ironing. Can make all kinds of brown soups, pastry, games, jellies, &c. Satisfactory City reference given. Call for three days at 81 West 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE English woman as child's nurse; is capable of taking charge of an infant from its birth; or would take care of an invalid; has no objection to the country. Apply at No. 189 East 26th-st. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation in a private family as cook, washer and ironer. Good City reference can be given. Call at No. 40 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., over the store, 3d floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A GOOD COOK, washer and ironer. Has the best of City references. Is a Catholic. Does not object to go a short distance in the country. Apply, for two days, at No. 320 Broadway, corner 12th st.

WANTED—BY TWO ENGLISH PROTESTANT girls, situations as seamstresses, ladies' maids, or to instruct and take charge of grown children; would like to be in the same family; no objection to travel; good City references. To be seen at No. 16 1st-st., basement.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as nurse and seamstress; can take the entire charge of a baby from its birth; the best of City references. Call at No. 203 West 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., upper floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN to do chamberwork and fine washing, or as first-class laundress; has lived in good families. Can be seen till suited at No. 220 East 23d-st., 3d floor, back, No. 3.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PERSON, A situation as chambermaid, washer and ironer. Can be seen for two days at No. 27 East 12th-st., corner of University-place.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN WHO PERfectly understands her work, a situation as waitress. Can have good City reference. Apply at No. 4 Gardenrew, corner of 11th-st. and 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as waitress, or chambermaid and waitress. Call at her present employer's, (where she has lived three years,) No. 32 9th st., for two days.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN, A SITuation as good plain cook and baker; she thoroughly understands her business. Can be seen at No. 127 West 34th-st., for one week.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO YOUNG women, one to cook, wash and iron, the other as chambermaid and waitress; best of city references. Apply at No. 77 West 19th-st. for two days, from 10 to 4.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as chambermaid, and to do the fine washing and froning; can come well recommended from her last place. Apply at No. 175 East 12th-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A PERMANENT SITUATION BY A young woman as dressmaker with a private family. Has good reference. Can be seen two days at No. 98 West 19th st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, WASHER and ironer, by a respectable woman, or as entire laundress. None but private families need apply. Apply at No. 77 28th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman a situation as plain cook, washer and ironer, or to do general housework in a small private family. Call at No. 226 Mulberry-st., 2d floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH PROtestant, a situation as first-rate cook; satisfactory City reference. Apply, for two days, at No. 91 Greenwich-av., near Bank-st.

GOOD ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN, Irish and Scotch Servants may continually be had at the rooms of the Employment Society, Nos. 13 and 14 Bible House, 4th-st., between 3d and 4th-avs. A lady who speaks French and Germanin attendance.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOman, as cook and to assist with the washing; she is a good cook and baker of bread; also, by another, as chambermaid and waitress, or to assist with the washing and ironing; perfectly understands doing up fine muslins and French; both have the best of City references from their last places. Can be seen, until suited, at No. 49 Bank-st., between Bleecker and 4th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST CLASS cook, in a small private family; understands all kinds of family cooking; has lived for nine years in one family; has the very best of reference; is capable of doing the marketing; no objection to leave the City; Brooklyn or Albany preferred. Apply for two days at No. 85 3d-av., between 10th and 11th sts., in the millinery store.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion to cook and assist with washing; has no objection to go a short distance in the country for the Summer months; would be willing to take children and fine washing; has good City references from her last place. Call at No. 228 East 14th-st., near 1st-av. Can be seen till suited.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AND COMpetent young woman, with a reference of five years' from her last employer, a situation as meat and pastry cook; knows her duties in all their branches; has lived with the highest families in City and country. Apply at No. 818 19th-st., between Lexington and 3d-avs. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A COMPETENT young woman, to do chamberwork; is an excellent laundress; understands her business perfectly; can give the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 238 8th av., for two days, third floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and to do plain sewing. Can do embroidery or fine washing and ironing in a small private family. Has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 201 Court-st., if not engaged. Has no objection to go a short distance in the country.

WANTED—BY A WIDOW LADY, A SITUATION in an upholstery establishment, or as seamstress and upholsteress in a hotel, or would take care of private families. The advertiser understands fitting furniture covers, and all branches of the upholstery business. Call on, or address, for one week, A. B. C., No. 172 Forsyth-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG ENGlish woman, to travel with a lady and family as nurse or waiting maid. California preferred. Can give satisfactory reference. Apply, till engaged, at No. 2, 5th-st., few doors from the Bowery, in the thread and needle store.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE young girl, a situation in a respectable private family, as chambermaid and seamstress, or to do chamberwork and fine washing; one who has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at 73 Weit 20th-st., third floor, front room, near 6th-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO SISTERS, ONE as first-rate cook, who understands cooking in all its branches; the other as chambermaid and seamstress or to take care of children; have the best of City references. Call at No. 66 East 32d-st., third floor front room, between Lexington and 4th-avs. Can be seen for 2 days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUATION as cook in a first-class private family; perfectly understands her calling—cooking—in all its branches, baking, jellying, preserving, &c.; very best of City references. Call upon or address ELIZABETH at No. 900 Broadway, corner 20th-st., for three days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG, HEALTHY WIDOW woman, with a fresh breast of milk, a situation as wet nurse in a respectable family. Baby two months old. The best of reference given, if required. Call at No. 88 29th-st., between Lexington and 3d avs., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SMART, TIDY young woman, to do housework in a small private family; has the best recommendations from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 159 East 25th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO GIRLS; ONE as chambermaid and waitress; the other to do cooking and washing or general housework; will take reasonable wages and not object to the country. Call for 2 days at No. 548½ Pearl-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as seamstress; can do all kinds of family sewing and is willing to assist in chamberwork; no objection to the country; good City reference. Can be seen, until suited, at No. 467 2d-av., near 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as cook, and to assist in the washing and ironing; is a good baker; has good reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 33 2d-av., between 1st and 2d sts., 1st floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, BY A REspectable woman, who understands her business in all its branches; has no objection to a first-class boarding-house; best of City references. Apply for two days at No. 38 5th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl, as plain cook and to wash and iron for a small private family, or as chambermaid and to assist in the washing and ironing. The best of City reference given. Apply at No. 173 West 19th-st., basement.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A SITuation as cook; is an excellent washer and ironer; a private family preferred; can produce the best of City reference for capability. Can be seen for two days at No. 40 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—BY A MOST EXPERIENCED WOman, with excellent City reference, a situation as cook in all its branches; understands meats and poultry, baking and pastry; does part of the washing. Call at No. 206 East 23d-st., for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXCELLENT chambermaid in a private family; has no objections to do fine washing or sewing; can clean starch and do up fine muslin. The best of City reference given. Call for two days at No. 344 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as first-rate cook in a small private family; understands making bread, biscuit and pies; also cake. Has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen for the week at No. 91 East 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN THE COUNTRY BY a young man as coachman and gardener; has the best of reference from his last place; is willing to make himself generally useful. Call at No. 398 7th-av., between 34th and 35th sts., for two days.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS, situations as cooks; understand it in all its branches; best of references; also 1 girl as ordinary cook, and 1 as chambermaid and waiter. Apply at No. 207 Hudson, near Canal-st. Call at the basement door.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation to cook, wash and iron; is a good plain cook, excellent washer and ironer; good City reference from her last place. Apply at No. 433 Hudson-st., rear, first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as waitress in a respectable private family; the best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 238 6th-av., second floor. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE English woman, to go as housemaid or as seamstress, or to take care of children. Address No. 290 9th-st., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman, as plain cook, washer and ironer in a small private family. The best City reference from her last place. Call at No. 99 West 24th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A QUIET, STEADY young woman, as cook in a private family; is competent, understands her business; has best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 335 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHILD'S NURSE, by a steady and experienced woman; Scotch; no objections to go to the country for the Summer. Apply, for two days, at No. 250 Monroe-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waiter and to assist in washing if required; has the best of City reference. Apply at No. 267 31st-st., between 9th and 10th avs., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT girl to do the housework of a small private family; has good City reference. Apply at No. 187 West 20th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., till engaged.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUation in a private family to do general housework; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 142 Johnson-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as plain cook, washer and ironer, or laundress; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 74 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROFESSED COOK, A SITUAtion in a private family; she thoroughly understands her business in all its branches, and has the best of City references. Address S. O., No. 50 West 13th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOman, to do chamberwork and waiting, or to take care of children; has good City reference. Can be seen for one day at No 322 7th-av., between 30th and 31st sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as waitress or chambermaid; the best of City reference given; can be seen for two days, if not engaged, at No. 33 Warren-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation in a small private family as chambermaid and waiter, or as waiter; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 120 East 22d-st.

AN AMERICAN LADY WISHES A SITUATION to travel with a family going to Europe for one year or more; would like to take care of children or go as companion for a lady; the best of reference given. A note addressed to A. F., Union square Post-Office, will receive immediate attention. No wages required.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED GERMAN, WHO speaks and writes the English and French languages, and has a good knowledge of book-keeping, a situation as assistant book-keeper, steward, or in any capacity where the services of an intelligent and industrious person may be required. Five years' City experience and the best of references. Address CHARLES, No. 12 Stanton-st., rear-building, care of R. Breitenbach.

WANTED—BY A BLACKSMITH, A SITUATION in the country; is a good horseshoer and jobber; would like to be employed by a gentleman farmer, and would bring his own tools if required; has no objection to farm-work with the above. Has two full-grown sons who would also work on the farm; will be found careful and industrious. Address, till engaged, C. A. S., Box No. 156 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND assistant gardener, by one who thoroughly understands his business; is willing to make himself generally useful; no objection to the country; the best of City reference given. Apply, for three days, at J. DISNEY'S, Saddler, No. 1255 4th av., near 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN, as coachman, and to take care of a small garden; understands his business; no objection to the country; can give three years' reference. Address J. B., Box No. 213 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITTATION AS COACHMAN, BY A very sober man; he has the best of references from each of his employers; he has no objections to go to the country. Call at No. 715 Broadway, in the Drug Store. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD WAITER; one who knows his business well and has good City references to that effect. His terms are $25 per month. Address C. D., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GARDENER OF experience, who has lived in some of the best families in this country and in England, who thoroughly understands gardening in all its departments, viz.: green and hot-house plants, hot and cold graperies, fruit and vegetables, the tasteefully laying out and planting of new places; is a married man with a small family, of good moral character; reference highly respectable. Address, for one week, WALLACE, care of A. Bridgeman, Esq., No. 876 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GARDENER who understands his business perfectly well; can take charge of greenhouses, vinery, flower garden, vegetation, fruit and ornamental trees; understands terracing, grading and draining, &c.; can come well recommended; has lived with his last two employers 16 years. His wife is an excellent dairy maid; can be seen at Mr. Bridgeman's seed store, No. 874 Broadway, corner 18th-st., New-York, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A practical man who understands the business in every department, grapery, greenhouse flowers, fruit and vegetable culture; understands the laying out and improvement of new places; married, but a small family. Satisfactory references from his last place, will be given. Address J. B., care Thorburn's seed-store, No. 15 John-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT MAN, A SITUAtion as coachman in a respectable private family; he thoroughly understands his business in all its branches, and perfectly understands the care and management of horses, which can be produced from his late employers in city and country. Apply at the office of this paper. Box No. 201, or at Mr. BRITTON'S grocery store, corner of Greene and Amity-st., for F. & B. Country preferred.

WANTED.—THE SUBSCRIBER, A NATIVE OF France, is in want of a situation as a retail clerk in a grocery or as bar-tender in some good, respectable saloon or hotel. The subscriber speaks fluently four languages, French, German, English and Holland. Application to be made at Patten Hotel, corner of Greenwich and Warren sts., between the hours of 9 and 4.

JOSEPH BERNITEN.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCHMAN, A SITUATION as gardener; he understands the business in all its various branches, viz: the management of cold and hot graperies, green and hot-house plants, and everything in general appertaining to the keeping of a gentleman's country-seat; is married, without family. Address GARDENER, care of A. Reid, Seedsman, No. 897 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER AND agriculturist, by a single middle-aged man, who understands the business in all its branches; has lived with some of the first families in Europe, and ten years in America—the three years with his present employer, no objection to a similar situation. Has a relative, a first-class dairy-woman, if required. Address A. L., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

WANTED.—A BOOK-KEEPER, WHO HAS LIVED four years with his last employers, to whom he refers, desires a situation; in his former place he attended to much of the correspondence; he would be glad to assist as salesman, if his time would allow, and make himself useful to his employer. Address K., Brooklyn Post-Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A man who has lived with some of the best families in this City, from whom he can produce the highest recommendations as to his character, ability, honesty and sobriety. A gentleman wishing a coachman who thoroughly understands his business, will please address P. C., Box No. 201 *Times* Office, or at No. 79 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY one who has a practical knowledge of gardening in all its various branches; can produce the best of references as to honesty, sobriety and capability; is civil, active and industrious, to which his testimonials can certify; has lived seven years in one place. Address A. B. G., No. 15 John-st., for one week.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE, COMPETENT and well recommended young man, a situation as coachman and vegetable gardener; he understands his business in all its branches; has filled that situation for several years; is willing to make himself generally useful; wages moderate and best of references. Call at No. 275 Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A HIGHLY REspectable man, as coachman; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; can produce the very best testimonials from his last and former employers; has lived with some of the highest families in the City. Address No. 128 East 22d-st., for J. Mc., or Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A German married man without family, who understands his business perfectly well; can take charge of greenhouses, vinery, flower garden, vegetation, fruit and ornamental trees; understands laying out of new places and propagating of greenhouse plants. Good reference can be given. Address S. F., No. 15 John st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A very highly respectable Protestant young man, who can produce the very best of testimonials from his present employer, with whom he has lived for the last three years in this City; understands the care of horses perfectly; is sober and steady. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER AND coachman by a man who thoroughly understands his business in the two branches; budding and grafting and the treatment of well bred horses, and also laying of new grounds in first style; is willing to make himself generally useful to a gentleman about a house. Address M. D., Box No. 205 *Times* Office, for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A respectable Protestant man, who understands the care and treatment of horses well, is an excellent groom and understands driving well, who is willing to make himself generally useful to his employer; is a good hand to assist in a garden. Good reference can be given. Address J. B., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY A single man, who has a thorough knowledge of the culture of grapes and flowers under glass, flower grounds and vegetables; understands the laying out of new places, planting trees &c. Will be highly recommended by gentlemen in this City. Address C. G., Messrs. Thorburn's, No. 15 John-st.

WANTED—BY A COACHMAN, A SITUATION IN the country; he thoroughly understands his business in all its branches, and can be most highly recommended. Can be seen at his last employer's office, No. 251 Pearl-st., from 10 to 2 o'clock, for three days, or address L. M., Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A man of long and extensive experience in the departments of grapes, greenhouses, fruit, flowers and vegetables. Any gentleman wanting a good man as above, address GARDENER, care of John F. Lemoulnier, Esq., architect, No. 746 Broadway, New-York.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, a situation as coachman or groom; he thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; has the best reference from his last employers for honesty, sobriety and industry; has no objection to City or country. Address J. R. D., for two days, Box No. 196 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY A REspectable man, who is competent in his business and can have the best of recommendation from his last employer and other gentlemen in the City. Address W. A., No. 862 Broadway, corner 14th-st., at the apothecary's, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family by a sober man that understands his business in all its branches; has no objection to go in the country; he can produce good references from each of his employers. Address by note to A. S., 816 Broadway, between 11th and 12th sts., in corner grocery store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SOBER, STEADY man, as vegetable gardener; understands the care and management of horses; is a good and careful driver; will be found obliging and willing to make himself useful. Can be well recommended. Address R. T., Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A SINGLE YOUNG man, as groom; understands the care of wagons and harness; has good City reference; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen at SAMUEL D. POST'S, Saddlery and Harness maker, No. 1,026 Broadway, or address a note to P. S., same place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COACHMAN who thoroughly understands his business and has the highest recommendations as to capability and character from gentlemen he lived with in this City; has no objection to any part of the country. Call on, or address, for two days, H. R., No. 32 University-place.

WANTED—AS COACHMAN AND GROOM A SITUation by a single man, who understands his business; has a little knowledge of plain gardening; would make himself generally useful. Reference satisfactory. Country preferred. Address T. C., Box No. 163 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED.—A RESPECTABLE LAD, 17 YEARS old, wishes evening employment. He is a good, legible writer a quick and correct cipherer. He can produce first rate City reference, and can work from 5 to 10 o'clock, or later, if required. Address, for three days, S. C. J., Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MAN, A SITUAtion as farmer; understands the care of horses, is a good driver; understands the care of a vegetable garden; would make himself generally useful. Address G., Box No. 104 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; IS every way capable in that capacity; is a married man—has a wife and one child; has no objection to the country; the best City reference given. Can be seen at No. 42 West 30th-st., for two days, if not engaged.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman; has the best of references from his last place; is willing to make himself generally useful; can garden a little. Call at No. 398 7th-av., between 34th and 35th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GROOM AND coachman; understands his business in all its branches; willing to make himself generally useful. Address J. M. B., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN, as coachman; is a German and a Protestant. Best of City references given. Call, or address, for two days, H. G., No. 516 Broome-st., near Thompson-st. Can speak English.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN 21 years old, as coachman and gardener; is very strong and willing to work; has good reference from former employers; the country preferred. Address M. C., Box No. 190 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man as coachman in a private family; has good City reference from first-class families; would engage as groom and valet to a single gentleman. Address D. L., Box No. 214 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A young man, (Protestant,) who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; good reference. A note addressed J. L. B., Box No. 193 *Times* Office, will be attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman and gardener; has excellent references from his last employers; is an experienced groom, and knows how to take care of horses well. Address A. H., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—GERMAN GARDENER'S SITUATION by a competent married man, who understands the business in all its branches, and has first-class recommendations. Address G. G., at Seed-store No. 9 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A WHOLESALE OR retail hardware store, by a young man of four years' experience; would have no objection to go South or West. Address H. B., No. 221 Court-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman or groom, in City or country; country preferred. Call at Mr. MORRIS' grocery store, corner of 12th-st., in University-place, for two days.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG UNMARRIED SCOTCHman, a situation as gardener, who perfectly understands his business in all its different branches, viz: the management of green and hotnouse plants, hot and cold graperies, &c., &c.; as first class references will be given, none but those in want of a competent man need apply, as a first-class place is desired. Address, or call on A. K. L., at A. Reid's Seed-store, No. 897 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY A French married man, who understands his business in all its branches. Is a practical hand at raising fruits and vegetables. Understands the care of hot and greenhouse plants, hot and cold graperies, flowers, fruits, trees, and vegetables. Good references from his present employers. Address J. P. E., Gardener, No. 72 4th-av., for two days.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE Protestant German man, a situation as coachman and groom; is a good driver and excellent hand over horses; would be an acquisition to any family for honesty, sobriety and competency. Also, a fine young man wants a place on a farm; understands his business in all its branches. Apply at No 378 6th-av., up stairs.

MERCHANTS AND OTHERS LOOK HERE.—Wanted by a person qualified to take charge of a set of books, a situation as book keeper, or any other position in an office, manufactory or warehouse, where a thorough knowledge of business could be made available. Satisfactory reference given. No objection to go out of the City. Address W. G. EADIE, No. 4 Stone-st.

A SHIPMASTER—AT PRESENT OUT OF EMployment, would like to enter into an engagement with some party in want of the services of a steady, industrious man with the best of references. Address Captain J. WATSON, Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MAN, A SITUation as coachman and a plain gardener. The best of City and country reference. Call on or address, for two days, WILLIAM, Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

FARMER WANTED—A SINGLE MAN, TO take the main charge of a small farm of 18 acres, about 50 miles from New-York, belonging to a widow lady. An experienced and industrious man is required, one who understands farm-work generally, and the care of horses, cows, &c. Address X. Y. Z., Box No. 149 *Times* Office, with full name, references and amount of wages wanted.

WANTED—A GERMAN GARDENER, WHO speaks English plainly, and is a single man, and thoroughly understands the cultivation of grapes under glass, the propagation and management of greenhouse and hot-house plants, and is a good vegetable gardener. None need apply without satisfactory references. Address W. R. S., Brooklyn Post-office.

WANTED—A SINGLE MAN, EITHER SCOTCH or German, to act in capacity of groom and coachman; must perfectly understand his business, and be willing to make himself useful in assisting gardener, &c., &c. Address, with references, Box No. 1411 General Post-Office.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT NURSE AND seamstress; one that has unexceptionable references as to her orthiness, competency and trustworthiness will find a very desirable situation, on application at No 46 East 29th-st., before 10 o'clock in the morning, and after 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

WANTED—SEAMSTRESS AND CHAMBERMAID, a young woman to go into Westchester County, who would be willing to assist a little in the washing and ironing; must be a good seamstress and bring recommendations. Protestant preferred. Wages $7. Apply to C. W. SIMMONS, No. 108 Chambers-st.

WANTED—A GARDENER WHO THOROUGHLY understands a vegetable-garden and taking care of a horse. Wages, $12 to $15 per month, and board. A single man preferred. Apply at No. 35 Beaver-st., second floor, back office.

WANTED—A QUICK, ACTIVE AND INTELLIgent boy in a silver and silver plated ware establishment; must reside with his parents; salary, first year, $50. Address, in hand-writing, stating age and references, J. C. M., Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, 15 TO 18 YEARS OF age, in the office of a dry goods house; one who writes well and has had practice in an office preferred. Salary, first year, $150 to $200. Address, with references, A. B., Box No. 729 Post-Office.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS PROTESTANT WOman, German or Scotch preferred, to do the work of a family of four. None but an efficient person need apply at the Parsonage, No. 91 Summit-st., Brooklyn, first door below Henry.

WANTED—A NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS WHO perfectly understands her duties, and who is a Protestant; either English, Scotch or Welsh preferred. Apply, between 9 and 11 o'clock A. M., at No. 1 Gramercy Park, corner 21st-st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN AS chambermaid and waitress, Protestant German, Scotch or Swiss; one who can give unexceptionable references; liberal wages given. Apply, for two days, No. 38 Willow-st., Brooklyn.

TO MACHINE OPERATORS.—WANTED—A man to go to Darien, Conn., to take charge and operate on three of Singer's Sewing Machines on ladies' gaiter work. Apply at No. 149 Jacob-st., New-York, on Thursday, 24th inst., from 1 to 3 o'clock.

WANTED—A PROFESSED COOK; ONE WHO can bring good City references. Apply between 9 and 11 o'clock, on the southwest corner of 5th-av. and 34th-st.

WANTED—BY A. T. STEWART & CO., A YOUNG man qualified to take the charge of a large retail hosiery department. Apply in the retail, Broadway Chambers and Reade sts.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS WAITER, WHO can also drive a pair of horses with carriage. Satisfactory references required. Apply at No. 447 Broome-st., after 9 o'clock A. M.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork, and go into the country for the Summer. Apply at No. 127 Thompson-st. Good reference will be required.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; must be a good washer and ironer and plain cook, willing and civil, for a small private family; wages $6. Call between 10 and 1 o'clock at No. 196 West 31st-st.

WANTED—A GARDENER, ONE WHO UNDERstands his business, is industrious and sober, will address, with reference, A. B., Box No. 743 lower Post-office.

WANTED—A FEW FIRST-CLASS CANVASSING agents, for a handsome and valuable work to be sold exclusively by subscription. Apply to GEORGE W. ELLIOTT, at Harper & Brothers, Franklin-square.

TO PRINTERS.—WANTED—A COMPETENT man to take charge of Adams Power Presses. Apply to JOHN W. PECHETT & Co., No. 103 Fulton-st.

WANTED—A BOY, 13 TO 15 YEARS OF AGE, TO work at perfumery, to errands, &c. Wages 10 shillings per week. Apply at No. 55 Walker-st.

WANTED—A YOUTH TO ACT AS CASH AND entry clerk in a retail store. Apply at No. 162 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A. T. STEWART & CO., THREE experienced retail carpet salesmen. Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

CASH CAPITAL $50,000.

TEAS, WINES, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS CHEAP FOR CASH.

Important to up-town families, hotel and restaurant proprietors, country merchants, and the public at large.

THOMAS R. AGNEW has the largest stock of choice teas, wines, groceries, flour and provisions to be found in New-York, and the lowest price. The undersigned imports his own goods, and keeps $50,000 cash in his business, and is thereby enabled to undersell any man in New-York. Call and see for yourselves. Consult your own interests and buy your goods where you can get them cheapest and best. Just received:

500 barrels New Orleans Molasses.
100 barrels Stuart's Syrup.
200 barrels No. 1 family Mackerel.
1,000 chests and half-chests green and black teas, new crop.
1,000 barrels choice brands family flour.

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The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23, 1859.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Daily) is published every morning:—Price Two CENTS served at 12½ cents a week; mailed SIX DOLLARS a year.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Semi-weekly)—THREE DOLLARS a year; two copies to one address, for FIVE DOLLARS.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Weekly)—TWO DOLLARS a year; ten copies, to one address, for TWELVE DOLLARS; twenty copies to one address for TWENTY DOLLARS. *Any person sending us a Club of twenty or more will be entitled to an extra copy.*

TERMS—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to the "NEW-YORK TIMES," New-York City.

Amusements this Evening.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—OUR AMERICAN COUSIN—SIX STOOPS TO CONQUER.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—THE VETERAN, OR FRANCE AND ALGERIA.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—NIXON & CO.'S GREAT EQUESTRIAN CORPS AND VAN AMBURGH'S MENAGERIE—CINDERELLA.

BROADWAY THEATRE—ANTONY AND CLEOPATRA—SLASHER AND CRASHER.

BOWERY THEATRE—THE MILLER OF NEW-JERSEY—OUR ENGLISH COUSIN.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM—GWINNETH VAUGHAN—PADDY CAREY.

WOOD'S BUILDINGS—SELECT NEGRO MINSTRELSY.

Mails Close at the Post-Office.

North—Albany, Buffalo and Canadas.....3 P. M.
North and West Way Mail.....5½ A. M.
Western Mail *vid* Erie Railroad. 8½ A. M. and 3 P. M.
South and Southwestern Mail.....7 A. M. and 4½ P. M.
East for Boston, by Railroad.....8½ A. M. and 1½ P. M.
East for Boston, by Steamboat.....4 P. M.

The Overland Mail for California leaves St. Louis every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A. M. Letters designed for it should be marked "Overland, *vid* St. Louis."

The Overland Mails from St. Joseph, (Mo.,) to Placerville, *vid* Salt Lake City, leaves St. Joseph every Saturday, at 8 A. M. Letters should be marked "Overland *vid* St. Joseph."

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The screw-steamship *Nova Scotian*, from Liverpool on the 9th inst., with four days' later European advices, is now fully due at Portland. She had not been heard from at 2 o'clock this morning, to which hour the Telegraph line was held open.

An extra mail is made up at the New-York Post-Office at 11 o'clock to-day for Havana, to go by the steamer *Coatzacoalcos*, to leave at 12 o'clock noon, from Pier No. 44 North River. This steamer is bound to New-Orleans, to take the place of the steamer *Quaker City* between New-Orleans and Minatitlan.

The majority of the special Committee, appointed to investigate the affairs of the Metropolitan Police, yesterday submitted to the State Senate the report of the testimony taken, and a motion to print the report and testimony was carried, by 14 to 12. An effort was made to obtain a reconsideration of the vote, on the ground that the testimony assailed private character, but it failed. The Registry Law bill was debated during the evening session. In the Assembly, a number of bills of little importance were reported from the Grinding Committee. The bill to enlarge the bounds of the Central Park was debated in Committee of the Whole, and ordered to a third reading by the House.

A week has now elapsed since a presentment was made by the Grand Jury, in the case of Mr. SICKLES, but still no indictment is forthcoming. Considerable speculation is indulged in as to the reasons which induce this delay, but no satisfactory solution of the mystery is arrived at. Both the Grand Jury and the District-Attorney assert that the fault is not with them, though the general opinion is that the latter is answerable. Meanwhile, the time of the commencement of the trial is altogether uncertain.

The Eliot School trouble in Boston seems to have ended. On Monday, 200 of the pupils who took part in the rebellion had returned to their places. Bishop FITZPATRICK has sent a communication to the School Board, setting forth his objections to the course pursued in the school, and declaring that Catholics cannot conscientiously accept the reading of the Protestant version of the Bible or of the Decalogue as a part of ordinary school instruction. The Bishop also expresses disapprobation of the entire Common School system.

The accident on the Great Western Railroad in Canada, previously reported by telegraph, resulted in the death of six persons, among whom was Mr. ALEX BAIRD, of Hamilton, the Locomotive Superintendent of the road. Several others were injured. They remain at Hamilton under surgical care.

The Philadelphia Book-Trade Sale opened on Monday, with a good attendance and heavy invoices. Several prominent New-York houses were represented in the catalogue. Invoices were noticed from London, New-York, Boston and Philadelphia.

The revolt at Auburn State Prison, on the 19th March, was attended by serious results. In quelling it the guard mortally wounded two convicts, named LOOP and GILBERT, employed in the hame-shop, where the difficulty occurred.

A murder—the exciting cause being jealousy—came very near being committed yesterday in the Sixth Ward. A man named ARTHUR MAY became jealous of the attention paid his wife by HENRY FRY, a married man and occupant of the same house, and yesterday, meeting the object of his jealous hatred, knocked him down and stabbed him in the head with a butcher's knife. The injured man was taken to the Hospital, and but slight hope is entertained of his recovery. FRY escaped and has not yet been arrested.

A powder explosion occurred yesterday morning, in the shop of a gunsmith in Broome-street. The proprietor of the shop, JACOB PERTH, was knocked insensible, but some severe burns comprised, fortunately, the extent of his injuries. The building, an old wooden structure, was nearly demolished, but, notwithstanding this, none of the members of Mr. PERTH'S family, who occupied the second floor, were injured.

An attempt to clean the streets of the City was commenced yesterday. Companies of men, with carts, were sent into the different Wards, and the Bureau of Sanitary Inspection promises to make the town clean.

The Governors of the Almshouse met yesterday afternoon. 7,814 inmates were reported as remaining in the different institutions. The business transacted was unimportant.

The Italian residents in this City are about to purchase a sword for presentation to the King of Sardinia, as a testimonial of their admiration of his political course.

WM. O'BRIEN, a drunken Irishman, living in Park-street, was yesterday lodged in the City Prison on a charge of beating his blind son, a boy fourteen years of age, so terribly that there is very little hope of his recovery.

A negro, named JOHN WILLIAMS, killed another negro on the night of March 21, for improper remarks about WILLIAMS' wife. The murderer was arrested.

The Stephens wife-poisoning case was continued yesterday, the prosecution producing several witnesses whose evidence, in contradiction of the testimony offered by the counsel for defence, was very important. To-day being the fifthteenth day of the trial, the rebutting testimony will be resumed.

In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, ELIJAH MARTIN, the colored man who incited the woman with whom he was living to murder her mother, for the purpose of obtaining possession of her money, was put on trial, before Recorder BARNARD, convicted, and sentenced to ten years in the State Prison. The principal witnesses for the prosecution were the mother, Mrs. BOSELY, and her daughter, ANNA MARIA BLOXEN, who made the murderous assault.

Sales were made, yesterday, of 2,500 bales Cotton, including 1,800 *in transitu*, at full prices. Desirable lots of Flour were freely dealt in and were quite firm. The principal varieties of Grain were depressed. Pork was heavy and lower. Other kinds of Provisions, as well as Grocercies and Fish, were in good request. Spirits Turpentine was quite active and was 1c. ₩ gallon dearer. The movements in other branches of trade were productive of no important changes.

CONSUL AT HAVRE.—We see it stated that General MORRIS, of this City, has been appointed Consul at Havre. We should be very sorry to believe that the report is true, because would involve the ejection from office of Mr. W. H. VESEY—one of the most competent, accomplished and popular gentleman in the oreign service of the Government. His place in Havre cannot be made good nor can we conceive of any party necessity for his removal which could be met by the appointment of the gentleman designated as his successor. For the present, at all events, we prefer to consider the report as premature.

The Mexican Monarchy.

The good people of Vera Cruz occupy a very lamentable position. It is through them that the heart of their unhappy Republic is always addressed by friends and foes alike. When foreign States determine to exact cash for claims long-deferred, it is upon Vera Cruz that the batteries of their fleets are opened. When Mexican conspirators resolve to revolutionize their native land, it is upon Vera Cruz that their first experiments are made.

Certain ingenious persons, having made up their minds that Mexico can only be rescued from anarchy by monarchy, from demoralization by despotism, have already begun to preach order and the House of Bourbon in this experimental city. The elaborate plea for a prince, who is to be the panacea of all Mexican ills, which we publish to-day, is extracted from the leading journal of Vera Cruz, to which it has been addressed by some *soi-disant* Mexican in Rome. It sets forth, especially, the admirable qualities of a certain "son of Spain" now in the market monarchical, and recommends the Mexican people to welcome at once in him their saviour from domestic discord, and their protector against outlandish, and especially against American, interference. As our Government is officially declared to be on the best terms with England and France in regard to Mexican matters, and as England and France are now of one mind with Spain on such matters, and as Spain can hardly be supposed hostile to a scheme which will deliver her from the pretensions of one at least among the princes of Bourbon, and dismiss the old Carlist plague to punish her revolted Transatlantic colonies, we may logically infer that the Infant FERDINAND DE BOURBON would be hailed by Mr. BUCHANAN as his deliverer from the perplexities of the Mexican problem. Possibly the people of the United States may not see the subject in precisely the same light. And possibly, too, the Mexican people may hesitate at accepting this preaching of Don FERDINAND as the deliberate voice of the Powers interested in the fate of their magnificent Empire.

It may even occur to the inhabitants of Vera Cruz, that this fervid "letter from Rome" was indited within the gates of the Mexican Gulf, and that Señor BONILLA, in 1854 the Minister of SANTA ANNA, and now the Minister of MIRAMON, may be simply renewing the attempt he made, five years ago, at restoring monarchy to Mexico. The rise of these by no means unnatural suspicions, will not be allayed by a careful examination of the letter in which the claims of Don FERDINAND are so warmly urged.

In that letter, Don FERDINAND DE BOURBON, born in 1823, and now 36 years of age, is conceded by Spain to Mexico as the *brother* of Don CARLOS, the representative of "Divine right," and of the Infante Don JUAN, now allied by marriage to the Imperial house of Austria. Don FERDINAND, however, is not the *brother*, but the *cousin*, of Don CARLOS and Don JUAN. He is the youngest son of Don FRANCISCO DE PAULA, and the brother of Don FRANCISCO DE ASSIS, the actual King-Consort of Spain. He is also praised by his Mexican advocate for the questionable virtue of celibacy, and commended, we suppose, by the example of our bachelor President, to Mexico, as a bachelor King. Unfortunately, however, he is a married man, and *very much married*, being the father of three sons by Doña HELENA FERNANDEZ DE CÓRDOVA, to whom he was married at Rome on the 6th of May, 1847.

These slightly important blunders would seem likely to excuse any skepticism which the Mexicans may feel as to the local origin of this curious apology for an attempt at overthrowing their institutions. They may also dull the edge of the suggestions made by the writer in reference to other royal and imperial houses now open to inspection. It is possible, certainly, that there may be Hapsburgs or Coburgs to be had cheap for the chance of a Mexican throne. But will the Mexican people think these merchantable monarchs cheap at any price?

Their decision in the premises will doubtless be largely influenced by the action of our own Government. If the President does his duty to them and to us, we opine that any advances made upon the faith of a coming Mexican monarchy, will be reimbursed slowly and with difficulty. If not, we shall have some curious spectacles at Vera Cruz and Mexico, and doubtless a great deal of—astonishment—at Washington.

Times of Electing Congressmen.

The new Postmaster-General calls attention to the inconvenience arising at the present juncture, and liable to occur at any time, from the practice in several States of electing their representatives but a short period before the day fixed by law for the commencement of the regular sessions. He says that the President would have summoned an extra session immediately after the 4th of March, were it not that a number of the States had not chosen their representatives, and intimates that a session would still be called could it be done in season to answer any good purpose without leaving several States without representatives therein. The suggestions of the Postmaster-General deserve consideration. He observes, and we think correctly, that there should be no time when a full Congress could not be convened. This could easily be brought about by arranging the times of elections in such manner that before the expiration of the term of any Congress all the members of the next should be chosen. As the case now stands, ten States have or will have elected their representatives in the present Congress after the date of its legal commencement, that is to say, between the 4th of March and the first Monday of December. Nine States, viz., Delaware, Illinois, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, New-Jersey, New-York and Wisconsin, elect in November, sixteen months before their members can take their seats; nine, to wit, Florida, Indiana, Iowa, Minnesota, Mississippi, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Georgia, in October; three, to wit, California, Maine and Vermont, in September; seven, to-wit, Alabama, Arkansas, Kentucky, Missouri, North Carolina, Tennessee and Texas, in August; one, Virginia, in May; two, Rhode Island and Connecticut, in April; and one, New-Hampshire, in March.

It is easy to see that an occasion still more urgent than the present might exist for calling Congress together at an unusual time of the year. The exigencies of war, for example, might make it necessary to hold a session in the Spring or Summer. In a confederacy like ours, with so great a territorial extent, and such a variety of inharmonious interests, feelings and prejudices, the evil of determining delicate questions of peace or war at a time when one-fourth of the States are without representatives, is one of the first magnitude. We trust that the present occasion may not be suffered to pass without some practical attention bestowed upon this subject. Some of the States elect at a period unnecessarily early, our own among them, but it is erring on the safe side. If all would choose in the Autumn next preceding the close of each Congress, the object would be gained.

The New Aulic Council.

The intelligence that the President and the Postmaster-General have been *out-voted* in the Cabinet, on the question of calling an Extraordinary Session of Congress to provide for the pressing necessities of one of the most important departments of the public service, has not, perhaps, any special importance so far as the reported decision is concerned. For, however proper Mr. BUCHANAN may now think it for him to save the "Democratic Party" from the "traditional odium" of extra sessions in general, no person familiar with the course of the President since he came into power can see in his action of to-day any guarantee of his actions to come. He may change his views of "extra sessions," "traditional odium," (we quote his own personal organ in this City,) and even the "Democratic Party," as he has changed his views of everything else, in the heavens above and the earth beneath, at a moment's notice, and spring a sudden session on the country at any day between this current twenty-third of March, and the first Monday in December next. Should the Postmaster-General become convinced that an extra session is indispensable to the just performance of his duties, and be fortunate enough to find Mr. BUCHANAN alone in his study, nothing will be easier than for him to extract the Executive mandate for a legislative convocation. The Post-Office dilemma is not resolved in either sense by the "majority vote" of the Cabinet.

But the said "majority vote" has, nevertheless, a very striking significance, and throws a very important light upon a subject worthy the gravest attention of every citizen.

That the substantial character of the American Government has been undergoing very serious modifications, especially during the last twenty years of our national existence, all statesmen and political thinkers are virtually agreed in believing. The forms established on the 17th of September, 1787, indeed remain; but the modes in which those forms have been administered have gradually brought about a *quasi*-revolution in the practice if not in the theory itself of our political system. The adroitly balanced equilibrium of executive, judicial and legislative functions in the Supreme Government was long ago found wanting under the pressure of the partisan and sectional passions which have developed themselves with the development of the nation. But it was reserved for Mr. BUCHANAN to openly introduce into our governmental machinery an element entirely new, foreign to the very conception of the Constitution, and the inevitable tendency of which will be to destroy the responsibility of the Chief Magistracy, precisely as the system of nominating Conventions has impaired the independence of the electoral body. When the Constitution provided that the "executive power should be vested in a President of the United States of America," it was certainly not intended that the President so clothed with responsibility should have license to create around himself a number of sub-Presidents; and to erect the ministerial officers of his Cabinet into a sort of Aulic Council, or Camarilla, upon whom he might discharge so much of his own official responsibility as it might be inconvenient for him to carry at any particular time and in the presence of any particular emergency. The Presidential authority, while strictly defined, was also elevated and isolated within its own limits for the express purpose of centering upon it a dignified, recognized and binding responsibility for all that important class of public functions known as executive. Whenever a joint responsibility was imposed upon any other department of the Government for the discharge of any of these functions, the department so to be associated with the Chief Magistrate, was distinctly pointed out by the Constitution. Thus the President's responsibility for the making of treaties is expressly shared with the Senate by a clear provision to that effect.

Not so, however, the President's responsibility for the convening of extraordinary sessions of both Houses of Congress or of either of them. This duty, whenever a question of its performance shall arise, the President is to decide on his own judgment. In making up that judgment he may of course consult anybody whom he pleases, from a Postmaster-General to a Professor of the Smithsonian Institute, or a Colonel of cavalry. But he has no warrant whatever for submitting such a question to the "vote" of a Cabinet Council composed of persons utterly unknown to the Constitution. This Mr. BUCHANAN has done. He calls together his ministers, and after telling them that he, *the only constitutional authority* on the subject, does "think it proper" to convene an extraordinary session of Congress on account of a crying necessity of the public service, proceeds to put it to their will and pleasure whether he shall or shall not do his duty. They decide that he shall not do his duty, because, if he should do his duty, the consequences might be dangerous, not indeed to the interests of the country, but to those of the "party" of which these extraordinary councillors, and this much more extraordinary President, happen to be the very humble servants on board-wages. And to this decision the sole responsible functionary concerned bows with a "magnanimity" which his adherents cannot sufficiently applaud. "Magnanimity" of this peculiar kind is not, we are sorry to be obliged to own, a rare endowment of the human species. It is no more rare than the charity which liberally bestows upon its friends the money of other people, or the generosity which surrenders the rights of its neighbors. Any criminal Judge might emulate this magnanimity by adjourning his Court because some of his particular friends were liable to be unpleasantly affected in their persons or property by the session. Some of the Republican leaders in this City have already emulated it by suggesting that New-York ought to be given over to the worst possible system of police rather than "prejudice should come to the Republican Party," by maintaining any obnoxious establishment, however efficient. Mr. BUCHANAN'S "magnanimity" has taken, in short, the very questionable form of founding a new power in the Government, modeled on the systems of Holland under the Stadtholders, and Austria under the Emperors of Germany. He has introduced an "amendment" into the Constitution, which not only is of more than doubtful value in itself, but which he, beyond a doubt, has had no authority for introducing. According to the Constitution, amendments to that document may be "proposed by Congress whenever two-thirds of both Houses shall think it necessary," and such amendments "shall be valid when ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof." Mr. BUCHANAN'S "amendment" has been proposed by himself, adopted by himself, and made valid in a form which, if it do not warrant an impeachment, at least marks a new era in the gradual metamorphosis of our original Government.

That so gross and flagrant a violation of the letter and spirit of the Constitution should be accepted, as it appears to be, by the Administration journals throughout the country, as a thing natural, becoming and altogether admirable, is one of the most striking, if not the most striking commentary which our recent history has furnished upon the fatal influence of party spirit, and the wise warnings of WASHINGTON. "In Governments purely elective," wrote the first American President, "the spirit of party is not to be encouraged. From the natural tendency, it is certain that there will always be enough of that spirit for every salutary purpose; and there being constant danger of excess, the effort ought to be, by force of public opinion, to mitigate and assuage it. A fire not to be quenched, it requires constant vigilance to prevent its bursting into a flame, lest, instead of warming, it should consume."

When the people of the United States can look quietly on while their elected Chief Magistrate openly avows the superiority of party obligations, in his eyes, over his solemn oath of office, and his personal convictions as to the real interests of the nation, it is certainly not premature to declare that the fire of party spirit, if it has not already begun to "consume," has, at least, ceased to "warm" the fabric of the nation.

Management of Corporations.

A report was made to the Massachusetts House of Representatives on the 14th inst., from a Committee on Manufactures, which embodies important suggestions, applicable to corporations generally, though specially intended for the manufacturing companies of that State. Massachusetts has reason to cherish her manufactures. They have been, to a large extent, the source of her prosperity. Of this fact her public men are fully sensible, and refer with just pride to the skill with which her great corporations have been conducted, to the success which has attended their operations, and to the benefit derived by the general community from their existence. But while far from ignoring these considerations, the Legislature has turned its serious consideration, at the instance of Governor BANKS, to the imperfections of manufacturing companies.

The report above referred to speaks of the fact, so unfortunately notorious, that in periods of financial embarrassment, like that which occurred a year ago, the failure of corporations is apt to be more disastrous than that of individuals, and the loss of property greater to its owners. The Committee also refer to the tendency which the central and active management of corporations always have toward concentration in the hands of a few. This characteristic the Committee impute to the effect of existing laws. To some extent they may be right; but the evil has a deeper origin, which no change of laws can remove. It is mainly due to the extraordinary and culpable neglect of stockholders to look after their own interests. Corporation affairs are carried on upon the confidence principle entirely. Men who would not trust any individual, even the most honest and responsible, without good security and close watchfulness, yet place large interests in the keeping of Directors, to manage as they please. They seem to believe that a certain "divinity doth hedge" a Board, which precludes either wrong or mistake, and supersedes all necessity for vigilance. Yet, Directors are but men—very weak men often, dishonest sometimes—and in periods of monetary crises, the divinity aforesaid is frequently missing. The fundamental vice of business corporations is the blind trust of the many in the few. If the mass of stockholders would make a point of attending meetings, inspecting books, inquiring into transactions, and voting at elections, a salutary check would be imposed, and a much-needed reform effected. But this cannot be brought about by the enactment of laws. It must be accomplished, if at all, through the good sense and sober reflection of the parties in interest.

A fruitful source of mismanagement and corruption is touched by the Committee when they reprobate the practice which permits one man to hold the office of Director or Treasurer in several different Companies at the same time, whose interests may become antagonistic and conflicting. Gross instances of misconduct, arising from such circumstances, are seen every day. Human nature is weak; and it would be strange if a person placed in such a situation did not sometimes sacrifice the property of others for his own benefit.

There should be no such thing as implicit trust or confidence in business matters, where it is possible to avoid them. Any man who unnecessarily places his property under the unrestricted control of another, has little cause of complaint, and no reason for surprise, when he finds himself fleeced. Whether Corporations are more scrupulous, skillful or honest than individuals, is a question which any man who has observed the course of affairs for any considerable length of time can solve for himself. Corporations have their uses. For many purposes they are indispensable. But any one who places his money in their exchequer, hoping to receive his profits without ever looking after it, or inquiring how it is employed, will soon or late find himself victimized.

Experience has demonstrated no one fact more clearly than that character, reputation and standing in society offer no security in financial transactions. He who trusts to them will sooner or later see his error. Either there must be an adequate property-guaranty, or, where this is impracticable, such constant and careful supervision as shall render misfeasance well nigh impossible.

FIRING GUNS IN THE PARK.—There is a City ordinance against firing guns in the Park; but, from the frequency of the salvos of artillery which alarm the pedestrians in Broadway, frighten the horses, imperil the lives of quiet citizens, fill the air with sulphurous smoke, and rattle the window-panes in the vicinity, no one appears to pay any attention to it, or rather it seems to be regarded like all other City laws, as having been passed expressly to be violated. In the days when there were such common occurrences as Democratic victories, Capt. RYNDERS was always promptly in the Park with his brass gun to commemorate the event; but it is a long time since the public nerves have been jarred by any salutes from the Rynders' artillery. Yesterday there was a small bombardment of Sebastopol kept up for nearly an hour, greatly to the discomfort and annoyance of the people in the neighborhood, who could not learn the cause for the *feu de*—anything but—*joie*. Some said it was because Mayor TIEMANN had nominated the "old war-horse of Tammany Hall" for City Inspector, while one over-sanguine gentleman declared it was on account of the Court of Appeals having decided in favor of reinstating the old Police force. But it turned out that the guns were fired by an ambitious young firm, who took that method of attracting public attention to their new store. If the Mayor granted permission for such an outrage, he was strangely forgetful of his duties as the chief magistrate of the City. He has no right to grant the privilege of such a dangerous method of advertising to anybody, but if he grants it to one he cannot refuse it to another, and we may hereafter look for a pretty constant cannonading in the Park, to announce the opening of a new restaurant, the publication of a new sensation novel, or the manufacture of a new panacea. If the Mayor did not grant permission for this new advertising dodge, of course he will not fail to enforce the penalty for so gross a violation of a Corporation ordinance.

THE LEGISLATURE.—Although an almanac is always printed in the Red Book, there is reason to fear that members of the Legislature do not consult it. It is only within two or three days the Conscript Fathers have shown, in any practical way, that they were aware of the approaching close of the session. That unmistakable precursor, the Grinding Committee, has, however, at last appeared. It is a confession that honorable gentlemen feel their time to be limited, that their days are numbered, and that they do not expect to act on all the bills before them. These considerations, however, by no means hinder the profuse introduction of new bills, which come in on Saturday in a perfect shower. Hapless bantlings, doomed never to see the light!

Legislation will, for the balance of the session, be on the eclectic principle. The Grinding Committee does not grind all sorts of corn. It carefully selects its grists. Many a fair bag will stand in a corner of the mill until next year. There remain but little over three weeks of the session. Bills enough will have been passed, no doubt, but what a multitude must perish!

AN ELEVATED STRUGGLE.—The electoral canvas in Virginia is about as empty a struggle as the country has witnessed for a long time. Mr. LETCHER, the regular Democratic nominee, is warmly opposed by the union of the Anti-Democratic parties. But this opposition is not based upon any question of principle, or any openly-avowed and manly hostility to the Federal Administration which he represents. The main offence alleged against him is, that fifteen or twenty years ago he expressed the opinion that *Slavery* was an evil, and that the State of Virginia would be better off without it. Mr. LETCHER seems quite as absurdly anxious to disavow this sentiment as his opponents are to fasten it upon him. What a splendid target for similar attack JEFFERSON would present if he could be run for Governor! It is pitiful to see the political contests of a great State reduced to so paltry an issue.

CITY POST-OFFICE AGAIN.—It is stated that a fresh movement is on foot to secure the erection of a new City Post-office up-town. In the present state of the Department it is not probable that anything will be done towards the building of a Post-office anywhere. Meantime if the proper authorities would turn their attention to the establishment of a *complete and effective system of City Delivery of letters*, the location of the Post-office, which would then become a mere receiving office, would be a matter of entirely secondary importance.

A COUNTRY SCHOOL.—We depart from our usual custom, in directing the attention of parents who wish to place their children in a country school for the Summer months, to the school of Mme. RUTTKAI, at Cornwall, near Newburg. Mme. R. is a sister of KOSSUTH, and a lady of high accomplishments and most estimable character. She has a country residence at Cornwall, where she receives, teaches and takes charge of a few pupils, and her school is spoken of in the highest terms by those best qualified, by opportunity and experience, to express a judgment in regard to it.

Amusements.

BOWERY THEATRE.—There was a time when the patriotic drama resided exclusively on the East side of the City, and where the burning descendants of Revolutionary sires had to look to the Bowery or the National for the exciting ingredients of their dramatic feasts. The glory of the old Continentals has, however, been a little dimmed of late by a new kind of hero, equally American and patriotic, but dressed in the garb that suits Broadway. We fight our battles with the British now in drawing-rooms, and gain the day by the force of everything that is outrageous and absurd. Our "Cousins," male and female, have almost won the East side populace from their allegiance to the glorious blue-fired triumphs of their old temples. The production of a new drama of the regular Revolutionary stamp was therefore quite an event, especially when Mr. BRougham was mentioned as the author. This work, called "The Miller of New Jersey, or the Prison Hulk," was brought out on Monday evening, and elicited an immense amount of applause from an overcrowded house. It deserved its reception too, for although fragmentary it is more coherent than such works are apt to be. The dramatist has secured a number of telling situations, and has threaded them together with the usual dialogue. There are deeds of daring to try men's souls, and harangues even more severe to try their patience. It is sufficient to know that the patriots got through both triumphantly. Mr. BROUGHAM'S work is not, we imagine, the sort of thing he would care about having criticised closely. It has no peculiarities, being simply a Bowery piece, based on the best traditions of that Academy. It has been put on the stage with much care; the costumes and scenery are good, and the acting vigorous if not highly finished. "The Miller of New-Jersey" will doubtless enjoy a long career.

CONCERT IN BROOKLYN.—Mme. DE LUSSAN, an *artiste* very favorably known to our Brooklyn friends, will be the recipient of a complimentary concert to-night, at the Brooklyn Athenæum. Several distinguished artists have volunteered for the occasion, amongst others Mr. MILLS, the eminent English pianist.

THE CASE OF THE ALLEGED SLAVER "LAURENS" AT NEW-HAVEN.—The libel against the bark *Laurens*, seized on suspicion of being a slaver, was dismissed by Judge INGERSOLL, of the United States District Court at New-Haven, on Monday. The bark was seized at New-London, Conn., by Collector MATHER, on suspicion that her owners were fitting her out for a Slave voyage; and the proof relied upon for the prosecution lay in the fact that the equipment of the vessel was apparently inadequate for a whaling voyage, for which she was ostensibly destined. The Court, while admitting that the whaling-stores were in some measure incomplete, held that no legal inference could be drawn from that circumstance, nor from the alterations made in the hold of the vessel to justify the conclusion that she was intended for the Slave-trade. The opinion of Judge INGERSOLL hints that it is quite possible the *Laurens* may have been intended for a slaver, but rules that the rights of parties are not to be forfeited by the decree of a court upon possibilities. The libel is therefore dismissed, and the issue of a certificate of cause of seizure ordered to issue. At the same time, the Collector is praised for his performance of the duty imposed by his office, and the right of officials to make similar seizures for apparent cause is established. This case has excited considerable interest in Connecticut, being the first alleged violation of the Slave laws in that State.

CANADIAN REBELLION.—A circular has been largely distributed in Canada, which handles the present Government sharply, and boldly advocates a separation from the Home Government in the event of the success of some of the measures urged by those now in power. It insists that the time is at hand when action must be taken by the people of Canada, and urges some Member of Parliament (if the new tariff succeeds) to propose in the House that it is "expedient to dissolve all governmental connection with Great Britain; that the union between Upper and Lower Canada be dissolved, and that immediate steps be taken that Upper Canada become a State of the United States."

MISSING.—Our advertising columns notice the disappearance of a young man named HENRY J. STRAIT, who started from this city for Chicago on the 23d of February, and has only been heard from once since. His employers fear some harm has happened to him.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THE DISGRACEFUL CONDITION OF THE CITY HALL.—On the 17th of last August, more than seven months ago, the City Hall was partially destroyed by fire. So often has this fact been repeated—so painfully evident is it to all who are obliged to pass within sight of the edifice—that it would seem as though the citizens might long ago have taken measures to dispel the indecision of those upon whom rests the responsibility of prosecuting the necessary repairs. But the charred rafters deface the upper story as they did the morning after the conflagration, and the boarded windows still give the building the appearance of a dilapidated barn. Less anxiety is shown for the safe-keeping of judges and lawyers, of books and paintings, than farmers display in protecting their crops of hay and grain; for every rain-storm sends a miniature shower through the building. The Aldermen's chamber, the Mayor's office, the room appropriated to the Court of Common Pleas, and the Governor's room, are particularly exposed, and every shower is increasing the expense which must be incurred to make the necessary repairs. Last Fall it was proposed to add another story to the edifice. The Common Council authorized the work to be done, and, as they supposed, made the necessary appropriation therefor; but when weeks passed, and no carpenters or masons were seen tearing down or building up, the Street Commissioner informed the Boards that there was no money in the Treasury which could be applied to repairing the Hall, and that the season was so far advanced as to render the prosecution of the work impracticable. In February the Common Council reconsidered their former action, and rescinded the resolution previously passed. Some two or three weeks since, a Special Committee was appointed to take the matter under advisement, and on Monday evening their report came up for consideration. In view of the fact that the erection of a new City Hall must soon be commenced, the Committee recommend that the building should simply be restored to its former condition, without the addition of a full story for public offices; that the cupola and clock should be restored, and that a fire-proof roof should be put on the building. They also state that the peculiar nature of the work renders it entirely impracticable to let the job to the lowest bidder, since no specifications can be drawn to cover the details. The sum of $30,000 is called for to complete the work, which is to be carried on under the supervision of the Street Commissioner. The City charter provides that whenever any work is necessary to be done, to complete or perfect a particular job, and the separate parts of the said work shall together involve the expenditure of more than $250, that it should be done by contract, unless, by a vote of three-fourths of the members elected to each Board, it shall be ordered otherwise. Councilman OTTARSON, as the Chairman of the Special Committee, urged the adoption of the report, and asked for the insertion of a clause authorizing the Street Commissioner to proceed with the work without advertising for contracts. This course was warmly and forcibly opposed by others as uncalled for, and, could succeed to discharge the Committee and to select the work the gentleman laid on the table. [illegible]

GOVERNORS OF THE ALMSHOUSE.—From the weekly statement submitted at the meeting of the Board of Governors yesterday, it appears that 7,814 inmates remained in the different Institutions on the 19th inst.; 1,415 were admitted during the week preceding that date; 30 died; 1,447 were discharged, 68 were sent to the Penitentiary and 12 to the State Prison; showing a decrease during the week of 47. A communication was received, giving the names of all persons confined in the Penitentiary for non-payment of fines on charges of petit larceny, their terms of imprisonment having expired. Referred to Committee on Penitentiary. The Storekeeper at Blackwell's Island, reported [illegible] pair of socks, and a like quantity of stockings, [illegible] on hand. To prevent the accumulation of stock he recommended that arrangements should be made with some house in the hosiery business to have knitting done for them. Referred to Committee on Repairs and Supplies. CHARLES SUTTON, Warden of the City Prison, sent in a communication speaking highly of hammocks as a substitute for cots, and asking that they might be provided for all the cells. Referred to Committee on City Prison, with power. Governor BRUNNINGHAUSEN offered a resolution directing that two more visiting physicians and two more visiting surgeons [should be appointed at Bellevue Hospital, to facilitate the work. Adopted. It was decided to have separate locks put upon the doors of the cells in the new wing of the Penitentiary, instead of having them secured by a single bolt as in the Prison at Sing Sing.

THE LAW OF COMMON CARRIERS.—The argument appeal in two suits, in which the Circuit Court at Auburn sometime since, found verdicts for $1,000 and $800 respectively, in favor of HARVEY WARD and AMBROSE WILLIAMS against CORNELIUS VANDERBILT, took place in the General Term of the Supreme Court at Rochester, on Monday. The plaintiffs having purchased tickets in New-York for California, by Mr. VANDERBILT'S steamer, *Daniel Webster*, in 1852, were detained on the Isthmus, together with their fellow passengers, sixty-three days, instead of fifteen, the period during which they had been told when they purchased their tickets that they would have to remain there. They returned home at length and were brought very low with the fever. Upon this state of facts judgment was rendered in his favor, in the suit which they brought against Mr. VANDERBILT. The defendant's appeal was based on the fact that the delay resulted from the loss of the steamer *North America*, belonging to another company over which he had no control, and for whose shortcomings he was not responsible. It is maintained, *per contra*, that Mr. VANDERBILT assumed to have control of the route clear through, guaranteed an expeditious passage and was bound to use due diligence in extricating the passengers from their dangerous predicament on the Isthmus. The decision was reserved.

THE ITALIAN RESIDENTS IN NEW-YORK AND THE KING OF SARDINIA.—The Italian residents in this City are to open a subscription for the purchase of a sword, to be presented in their behalf to VICTOR EMANUEL, King of Sardinia. The following circular, addressed to the Italians in New-York, appears in *L'Eco d'Italia*: "The destiny of Italy, which promises to be matured under the protection of Piedmont, demands that all Italians living out of their native country should flock under the tri-colored banner that VICTOR EMMANUEL, for the salvation of Italy, is about to unfurl. We propose to open a subscription in America to offer to the King of Sardinia a sword, the hilt of which shall consist of a small statue of Italy, in pure California gold, as a tribute of sympathy and admiration, offered by the Italians here to the champion of national independence. To this subscription will be also admitted such non-Italians as desire to show their sympathy towards the Italian cause. Subscriptions will be received by Mr. JOSEPH VALERIO, who has consented to act as Treasurer. The office of the Treasurer is at No. 40 Beaver-street. We pray our friends and subscribers, who so readily subscribed towards the purchase of the hundred cannon offered to Alessandria, to give new proof of their patriotism in responding to the present call, so similar in its scope and object."

POWDER EXPLOSION AND NARROW ESCAPES.—As JACOB PERTH, a gunsmith, was at work yesterday morning in his forge, in the basement of No. 481 Broome-street, a spark flew from a piece of iron he was hammering, and ignited a package containing nearly two pounds of gunpowder. An instant and a terrible explosion was of course the result. PERTH was knocked insensible and severely burned about the face. It is most wonderful that he was not killed outright. The front and rear walls of the basement were partially blown out, and the structure so shattered that it will have to be taken down. The family of PERTH resided on the floor directly above the shop. The floor was partly blown up, the windows broken, and the stove and furniture thrown into confusion, but fortunately all the inmates escaped injury. The family were temporarily removed to the Eighth Ward Station-house, and a physician called, who dressed PERTH'S wounds. His injuries are not considered serious.

FIVE FIRES IN ONE NIGHT.—Five fires occurred from 1 to 5 o'clock yesterday morning. The first fire was discovered in a bedroom of the dwelling-house No. 57 Bethune-street. It was caused by the carelessness of a servant in leaving a lighted candle too near a bed. The damage was $150, and is covered by insurance. At 2 A. M. the wooden stable corner of Tenth-avenue and Forty-fourth-street was burned. A horse was burned to death. The total damage was $300, and no insurance. A fire broke out at 4 o'clock in the news depôt of DAVID MADDOX, No. 102 Ninth-avenue. It originated from the stove pipe. The damage was $150, insured in the Safeguard Insurance Company. At 5 o'clock a fire was discovered in a pantry in the dwelling-house of O. A. SHERMAN, No. 174 Eight-avenue. The fire was believed to be caused by mice getting hold of matches. The damage was only slight.

THE STRIKE OF THE PIANO-FORTE MAKERS.—The employes (mostly Germans) of the various piano-forte manufactories of the City, who are engaged in a strike for higher wages, held another meeting at No. 281 Grand-street, last evening. One of the employers of DARGE & Co., whose manufactory is in Wooster-street, stated that a large portion of the hands employed there had gone to work at the old prices, and the rest had asked for 15 per cent. more, refused to work for the old prices and were discharged; then benches and tools of the latter were taken to the Eighth Ward Station-house and the men were told that they could not have them until they paid the expense of

ARMSTRONG is detained in custody until the facts can be investigated by a U. S. Commissioner.

FOR HAVANA AND NEW-ORLEANS.—The mail for Havana will close at the Post-office at 11 o'clock A. M., and be sent on board the steamer *Coatzacoalcos*, which leaves for Havana and New-Orleans at precisely 12 o'clock. This fine steamer goes out full of freight for New-Orleans, and also carries a good number of passengers, among whom is CHARLES W. HOLBROOK, Esq., of the firm of BOARDMAN, HOLBROOK & Co., who proceeds in the steamer to Minatitlan on business connected with the Louisiana Tehuantepec Company. The steamer, which was formerly the *America*, was fitted for her present business under the supervision of Captain THOMAS W. WILSON, who has been long in the employ of Messrs. HARGOUS BROTHERS, in the Vera Cruz trade. Senator BENJAMIN, who takes a deep interest in the success of the Tehuantepec enterprise, on visiting her yesterday expressed himself highly pleased with the manner in which she has been fitted up. Her officers are: Captain, THOS. W. WILSON; CHAS. E. BOARDMAN, Chief Engineer; THOS. WRIGHT, First Assistant Engineer; Mr. HATCH, formerly of the *Quaker City*, Purser; J. W. HUTCHINSON, formerly of the Collins line, First Officer.

PROSPECT OF CLEAN STREETS.—Since the 1st of January the City Inspector's Department has been supposed to be without a legal head—and so far as its influence could be seen upon the condition of the streets, without any head at all; but, owing to the combined influence of the warm rays of the sun for the past few days, and the action of Mayor TIEMANN in sending in to the Board of Aldermen a new nomination for City Inspector, the Department begins to show signs of life. The Bureau of Sanitary Inspection roused up yesterday, and entered upon vigorous measures for the purification of the City. From 12 to 16 men, with as many dirt-carts, were sent into each Ward, with the exception of the Nineteenth—which is alleged to be in too moist a condition for immediate operations—and instructed to make a clean sweep of all the loose dirt to be found. Mr. DOWNING solemnly declares that in two weeks he will show as clean a City as can be found anywhere.

CANNON IN THE PARK.—The Park was yesterday, for a brief period, a park of artillery. Captain RYNDERS' gun was there saluting, but saluting what, few seemed to know. Some said the salvo was for Cuba, some said it was for joy that a decision in favor of the old Police had been rendered by the Court of Appeals, but the majority confessed that they knew nothing about it, and in vain importuned the cannoneer to tell them why that gun was fired. It was with some difficulty that we ascertained that the expenditure of gunpowder was made by a publishing firm desirous of announcing in this way the publication of a new book. Most people prefer rather to see advertisements than to have them thundered in their ears in this way.

ATROCIOUS ASSAULT OF A FATHER UPON HIS BLIND BOY.—WM. O'BRIEN, an Irishman, who resides in Park-street, at 2 o'clock yesterday morning came home intoxicated. Feeling in a savage mood, he commenced beating his wife. His son, JAMES O'BRIEN, who has been blind from his birth, hearing the cries of his mother, jumped out of bed and went to her assistance. The father seized a heavy iron-bound paint brush and struck him a violent blow over the head, felling him senseless to the floor. Mrs. O'BRIEN called out of the window for a policeman, who arrested the father and took him to the Sixth Ward Station-house. The blind youth was picked up insensible, and conveyed to the City Hospital. He is considered in a very critical state.

THE LINDSEY BLUES.—The "Lindsey Blues," an independent corps, made their first Spring parade on Monday, under command of Capt. THOMAS PRICE. They finished the day in Brooklyn, where they were the guests of Company C, of the Thirteenth Regiment. The "Blues" have been organized about eight years, and are under excellent discipline.

DR. CONE AND JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.—The Rev. Mr. NOTT, of the First Baptist Church, will lecture this evening on the life and character of SPENCER H. CONE; and the Hon. J. R. GIDDINGS is to discourse at Mr. BEECHER'S Church, to-morrow evening, on the trial of JOHN QUINCY ADAMS before the House of Representatives of the Twenty-seventh Congress.

THE WEATHER.—The pleasant Spring weather which prevailed during the last few days was interrupted yesterday, by a change of wind to the northeast, which was cold and disagreeable. In the after noon it began to rain, and continued throughout the evening, with the prospect of a storm. There being no fog, however, there was no interruption to navigation, all the steamers having left at their usual hour.

ADDRESS BY THE HON. WASHINGTON HUNT.—The Hon. WASHINGTON HUNT has accepted the invitation to address the Whig General Committee, and will meet them, to-morrow evening, in Hope Chapel. It is expected that other prominent speakers will be present.

RESIGNATION.—The Rev. T. L. CULYER has tendered his resignation as pastor of Market-street Reformed Dutch Church. He takes this step to enter on some more "permanent field of labor." His relations with his Church are perfectly harmonious.

Police Reports.

ARREST OF AN ALLEGED ABORTIONIST.—Several days ago Sergeant Van Hagen of the Twentieth Precinct, while patrolling his Ward, observed a woman leaving a dry goods establishment in Eighth-avenue, evidently laboring under great excitement. He surmised that she was a shop-lifter, and that it would be well for him to track her to her residence. He watched her until she came to the house No. 300 West Thirty-first-street, which she entered. Inquiries were instituted, when the proprietor of the house stated that she passed by the name of Brown, and was in great disquietude owing to family difficulties. Thinking that perhaps he was mistaken as to the character of the female, the Sergeant admonished the man of the house to keep an eye on her, and then left. On Monday last Sergeant Van Hagen, while perusing a Sunday paper, observed an item giving the particulars of the death of a young female named Hannah Jane Toppin in Philadelphia, caused by an attempted abortion at the hands of a woman named Martha Hudson. The account stated that the girl, supposing she was *enciente*, had gone to the house of the woman Hudson, who attempted the abortion with fatal effect. At the Coroner's inquest the Jury brought in a verdict, to the effect that the death of the girl "was caused by *peritonitis*, produced by instruments in the hands of Martha Hudson, while attempting to produce an abortion under the belief that she was *enciente*; and that John Hudson (the husband of Martha Hudson) and Robert Dunlap (the alleged seducer) were accessories before the fact." The woman Hudson fled, but John Hudson and Dunlap were taken into custody by the authorities of Philadelphia. Sergeant Van Hagen on hearing the above statement had a suspicion that the woman he had watched was the missing Mrs. Brown, and accordingly after some difficulty he found her, and she was taken into custody last evening. She frankly confessed the deed, and will be taken to Philadelphia to-day.

JEALOUSY AND ATTEMPTED MURDER.—Mulberry-street, in the Sixth Ward, came very near being the scene of a murder yesterday afternoon—the exciting cause being jealousy. Henry Fry and Arthur May are each married men, and with their families occupy apartments in the tenement-house No. 59 Mulberry-street. May, for some reason, became jealous of attentions paid to his wife by Fry. As Mr. Fry came up the steps yesterday afternoon, May met him, knocked him down, and then stabbed him in the head with a large butcher-knife, inflicting a deep and dangerous wound. May instantly fled, and the Police have not since been able to find him. A cry of murder was raised, and a large crowd soon gathered, including some of the Sixth Ward Police. The injured man was taken to the City Hospital, and his recovery is deemed exceedingly doubtful.

GOING INTO THE LAW BUSINESS.—Late on Monday night the law office of VAN ANTWERP & JANES, Room No. 25 in the building No. 225 Broadway, was burglariously entered and about $70 worth of law books stolen. No clue could be obtained as to where the property went to, until yesterday, when a boy who gave the name of GEORGE RYER, aged 17 years, called at the bookstore of Mr. BRADBURN, corner of Fulton and Nassau streets, and offered to sell the books for $10. Mr. BRADBURN felt suspicious in regard to the boy, and told him if he would leave the books and call in an hour he would pay him. The boy accordingly left the books and Mr. BRADBURN communicated the facts to the Detective Police, and Officers SLOWEY and KING arrested the boy and he was locked up to await an examination.

A BURGLAR ESCAPES FROM A POSSE OF POLICE.—About 2 o'clock yesterday morning, Officer Sheridan, of the Sixth Ward, discovered a burglar at work in the rear of the clothing store of Wolfinstein & Boss, No. 182 Chatham-street. He obtained a posse of associate officers, and they together surrounded the block so as to cut off all chance of escape of the midnight marauder. Suddenly a retreating shadow was seen and nothing more. The officers find their revolvers, but the shadow moved on harmlessly and disappeared. It is supposed that the burglar took a dose of Dr. Bland's magic invisible powders, as all subsequent search for him proved fruitless.

CHARGE AGAINST A POLICEMAN.—A complain has been made to the Police Commissioners, in which a policeman of the Sixth Precinct is charged with committing a most beastly act while on duty. The trial will take place on Friday next.

Coroners' Inquests.

THE WOMAN WHO PREFERRED DEATH TO AMPUTATION.—An inquest was held yesterday at the City Hospital, by Coroner JACKMAN, in the case of BRIDGET KENNEDY, the woman who died from injuries sustained by being pushed into the gutter in Mulberry-street. She was told that by amputating one of her legs her life might be saved, but she preferred to die rather than suffer amputation. Considerable testimony was taken, as two youths named THOMAS DOYE and PATRICK MCCAULEY were charged with assaulting her, and producing the injuries from which she died. The evidence exonerated MCCAULEY, and the Jury rendered a verdict, attributing death to *delirium tremens*, and injuries sustained at the hands of DOYE. The deceased was thirty-six years old, and leaves a husband and several children. On the rendition of the verdict, DOYE, who is only eighteen years old and who has been but a few weeks out of the Penitentiary, was committed to prison to await the action of the Grand Jury. His utter recklessness to the serious charge preferred against him was shown in his dancing a variety of Ethiopian jigs while the Jury were absent meditating upon their verdict.

CHILDREN FATALLY SCALDED.—PATRICK SALMON, a child 5 years old, whose parents reside at No. 214 East Fourteenth-street, yesterday accidentally fell backwards into a tub of boiling water, and died from the scalds received. JOHN SCHAEFER, aged 8 months, whose parents live at No. 51 Avenue A, was fatally scalded by the upsetting of a dish of boiling water. Coroner SCHIRMER held an inquest on both bodies, and verdicts of "Accidental death" were rendered.

The City Inspectorship—The Mayor's Nomination of Elijah F. Purdy.

The following is the communication transmitted to the Board of Aldermen on Monday evening, nominating ELIJAH F. PURDY to succeed Mr. MORTON in the office of City Inspector:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, March 21, 1859.

To the Honorable the Board of Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN: I had the honor on the 5th of January last to nominate to your Honorable body, in accordance with the charter of the City, Dr. S. CONANT FOSTER for the office of City Inspector in the place of GEO. W. MORTON whose term had expired. This nomination has, however, not been acted upon, except so far as to refer the same to a Special Committee where it still remains. Under these latter circumstances, the long delay since the nomination, Dr. FOSTER, with a view of not being himself in the way of a prompt organization of the City Inspector's Department, so essential to the health of the City, has addressed me a letter, a copy of which is hereto annexed, requesting the withdrawal of his name from before your Honorable body for the office in question.

In compliance with such request, I withdraw the nomination of Dr. S. CONANT FOSTER and nominate for the office of City Inspector ELIJAH F. PURDY, in place of GEORGE W. MORTON, whose term of office expired on the 31st day of December.

Permit me to urge upon your Honorable Board the necessity of prompt action in this matter, especially as the near approach of the warm season renders it imperative that the City Inspector's Department should be fully organized to perform the important duties which the charter of the City has devolved upon it, and which the public interests absolutely demand.

Respectfully,
DANIEL F. TIEMANN, Mayor.

The present incumbent of the City Inspector's Office, Mr. GEO. W. MORTON, accompanied by Alderman BOOLE, called on the Comptroller on Monday, and demanded his salary from Jan. 1. The Comptroller said he had done all that he could do in the premises towards paying what Mr. MORTON demanded. He had signed the warrant and had nothing to do with the refusal of the Mayor to recognize Mr. MORTON'S right to the office. The Mayor has also refused to sign the necessary papers for securing payment to Mr. MORTON'S employes. Mr. MORTON threatens to sue out a writ of *mandamus* immediately.

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

THE ALLEGED CORRUPTION IN THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.—Some days ago we published the substance of the testimony taken at the first meeting of a Special Committee appointed by the Board of Supervisors, to investigate a charge made by Supervisor SNEEDEN, of the Fourth Ward, in effect, that members of that body had been offered bribes to influence their votes in favor of the purchase of the Crook Farm, at Flatlands, for County purposes. This Committee held a second and final meeting yesterday afternoon, when additional testimony was taken, and the case closed. The first witness sworn was Supervisor SNEEDEN. He said he had been offered a consideration to induce him to vote in favor of purchasing the Crook Farm. The consideration was a guarantee of the nomination by the Democratic City Convention for the office of City Treasurer. The offer was made by JOHN H. FUNK. Witness further testified: "Supervisor STRYKER said to me he was offered $500 to vote for the purchase of the Crook Farm; was standing in the door of FRED & COLE'S auction store at the time; this was three weeks ago." The testimony of Supervisor STRYKER, at the first meeting of the Committee, was that Sheriff REMSEN had offered him $500 to vote for the Crook Farm. Sheriff REMSEN swore that, meeting him one day in an eating saloon, the subject of the purchase of the Crook Farm was brought up, when he remarked in a joking way that there was money in it, and that the Supervisor might make one or two hundred dollars by it; had never been requested to use his influence in favor of the purchase, and had no interest in the matter whatever. Supervisor FRANCIS MARKEY testified that no inducement had ever been held out to him to vote for the Crook Farm or for any other purpose; had heard Supervisor STRYKER say that he had been offered $500 for his vote. This concludes the testimony in the case. The Committee will make their report to the Board of Supervisors at their next meeting.

THE WATER CELEBRATION.—The Special Committee of Aldermen appointed by the Common Council to make suitable arrangements to celebrate the introduction of water, consisting of Aldermen McNamee, McDonald, Meserole, Manger and Green, are busily engaged in the arduous duties assigned them. They are determined that the celebration, which is to take place on the 27th of April next, shall be on a scale commensurate with the importance of the event it is intended to commemorate. The general plan for the observance of the day will be as follows: National salutes will be fired in the Eastern and Western Districts; the bells throughout the city will be rung morning, noon and night, and while the procession is in motion; there will be one fountain in operation in the Eastern District, and another in the Western District, all day; fire-works in the evening, in different parts of the city—the public buildings to be illuminated, and all citizens will be requested to illuminate their residences. During the day there will be a procession composed of all the civil and military organizations and societies of all kinds, which will pass through some of the principal thoroughfares to City Hall-square, where there will be addresses and an Original Ode written for the occasion. On the route of the procession it is expected that the residents thereon will decorate their dwellings and erect suitable emblems. The Sabbath Schools and Public Schools will be invited to participate in the proceedings; and, in fact, it is proposed to make it a general holiday.

ITEMS.—The Deputy Superintendent of Police made an official visit to all of the Station Houses yesterday.... The second trial of JAMES GALLAGHER, for the murder of HUGH KELLY, at No. 12 Fulton-street, one year ago last Summer, is set for Wednesday of next week, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer. ... JAMES W. BARRETT was brought before Justice VOORHIES, yesterday, to answer a charge of caning JAMES JULIAN. The accused says that JULIAN insulted his wife, and he punished him. He waived an examination, and gave bail to appear before the Court of Sessions.... Officer WILSON, of the Fourth Precinct Police, on Monday night, arrested WM. ALEXANDER, on a charge of robbing house No. 138 Myrtle-avenue, last week. A gold watch and $40 in money stolen from the house was found on the accused.... A movement will soon be made in the Common Council to remove the fence about the City Hall, and pave the whole square with Belgian pavement.

THE COURTS.—Circuit Court Calendar for this day, Nos. 94, 98, 100 to 117. City Court—Nos. 38, 29, 36, 10, 17, 8, 15, 20, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 12, 54.

Singer's Sewing Machines.
The new Family Sewing Machines, at $50 and $75, are attracting universal attention. In all essential good qualities they are much the best Machines ever offered at a low price. I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

Chandeliers and Gas Fixtures.
Our unrivaled assortment will be sold during the Spring season, AT A SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Corner of Broadway and Broome-st.

Barry's Tricopherous
is the
BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING and RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

Boots and Shoes for the Spring.—BUY YOUR boots and shoes at CANFRELL'S, No. 813 Broadway. His assortment contains all descriptions for ladies, gentlemen and children, and his charges are invariably low. For instance, he sells an excellent and durable gaiter as low as twelve shillings a pair. Make him a visit and he will furnish your wants to your entire satisfaction.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.
PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.
They are the favorites for families.—*New-York Times.*
We prefer them for family use.—*New-York Tribune.*
Office, No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Gentlemen's Hats, Spring Styles.—C. P. MELLENEY is now prepared to offer to the public an extensive assortment of Gents, and Boys' Spring Styles of Hats and Caps, of every variety, unsurpassed by any in this City, or elsewhere, either in quality or price, at the well-known hat and cap store, No. 90 Fulton-st., wholesale and retail. C. P. MELLENEY.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—This celebrated establishment is at No. 233 Broadway. Twelve private rooms for the application of his famous Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all; this is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

Leary & Co.
Leaders and introducers of fashion for gentlemen's hats will this day issue the Spring style of gentlemen's hats to which the attention of their customers and the public generally is invited.
Nos. 3, 4 and 5 Astor House, Broadway.

Rupture Cured—By MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss. Also Silk Elastic Stockings for varicose veins, supporters and shoulder braces. Instruments for deformities made to order. No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, N. Y. Ladies' private rooms and female attendant.

Hill's Hair Dye—50 CENTS A BOX, BLACK OR Brown, leaves the hair soft, glossy and natural. Admitted to be the best in use. Infallible Onguent for the growth and beauty of the hair. No. 1 Barclay-st. and all druggists.

Spring Style, 1859.—SCOTT & BACKMAN are now ready to offer to their friends and the public generally, their Spring style of Gentlemen's Hats—price, $3—at No. 148 Fulton-st.

The Phrenological Cabinet of Fowler & WELLS—No. 308 Broadway, contains thousands of busts skulls and portraits of noted persons of all nations, and is free to visitors. Examinations, with charts, given daily.

Christadoro's Hair Dye.—The only Hair Dye that never fails is Christadoro's Excelsior Hair Dye—pure and innocuous. Sold and applied privately by experienced artists, No. 6 Astor House.

Hatters' Plush, Brim Satins and Cloth,
Tips and Sides, new and choice styles.
Japanned Leathers, superior finish and color.
ROBERTS & CATHELL, 113 Broadway, Importers.

Grover & Baker's Celebrated
FAMILY SEWING-MACHINES.
NEW STYLES AT REDUCED PRICES.
NO. 495 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
NO. 162 FULTON-ST., BROOKLYN.

Singer's Sewing Machines.
The immense increase in the demand for these admirable Machines—it has trebled within four months—indicates the reviving prosperity of the country. The prices of our Machines have been greatly reduced.
I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

Take Healthful Physical Exercise,
At WOOD'S Gymnasium,
No. 6 East 28th-st.

The Best Spring-Bed in Existence—(HOWE'S ELLIPTIC)—At from $5 to $6, at No. 378 Broadway. Call and see it, or send for Circular.

Sewing Machines.—All persons who have been induced to buy Sewing Machines which will not perform the work that purchasers expected them to do, are informed that Singer's Machines never fail to do any kind of work. No one is ever disappointed in these Machines.
I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

Second Hand Safes.
We have just received a few second-hand Safes which we will sell very low.
STEARNS & MARVIN { No. 40 Murray-st., New-York. No. 29 North Main-st., St. Louis. No. 57 Gravier-st., New-Orleans.
Also a large assortment of our
WILDER PATENT FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES FROM $50 TO $1,000.

The Bonner Hat,
for
SUMMER WEAR,
1859,
Will be ready for delivery on
Saturday, April 2.
BALLARD, SHUTE & CO.,
45 Broadway, New-York.

$200,000
Superb English Carpetings,
Imported expressly for City Trade,
At Unprecedented Low Prices!!!
Medallions, Velvets, Brussels, Three-Ply, &c.
HIRAM ANDERSON, No. 99 Bowery.

Hair—Its Diseases, Fall, Change of Color and Embellishment, the whole treated by GRANDJEAN, No. 50 12th-st., next to corner Broadway.

A. W. Faber's Lead Pencils sold at Retail by all stationers. At wholesale only by EBERHARD FABER, (sole agent.) No. 133 William-st.

MARRIED

LIENAU—VAN VORST.—At South Bend, Ind., on Thursday, March 17, by the Rev. Wm. Theo. Van Doren, MICHAEL LIENAU, of Jersey City to SARAH T. VAN VORST, of Indiana.

ELLIS—VERPLANCK.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 22 at St. Clement's Church, by the Rev. Mr. Eaton, Capt. AUGUSTUS VAN HORNE ELLIS to JULIA C. MILLER, daughter of Philip Verplanck, Esq.

LAND—RODGERS.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 22, by the Rev. W. M. Wells, of Jamesburgh, N. J., Mr. B. D. LAND to Miss MATTIE A., daughter of Peter Rodgers, both of this City.

VERMILYA—RUSSELL.—At Harlem, on Tuesday, March 15, by the Rev. E. H. Gillette, Mr. EDWARD L. VERMILYA to Miss MARY E. RUSSELL, both of Harlem.

DIED.

HILL.—In this City, on Monday, March 21, of consumption, GENNETT HILL, wife of Alexander Hill, deceased, in the 44th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, corner of 57th-st. and 2d-av., on Wednesday, the 23d inst., at 1 o'clock.

Dearest mother, thou hast left us,
Here thy loss we deeply feel;
But 'tis God who hath bereft us—
He can all our sorrows heal.

☞ Canada papers please copy.

WAITE.—In this City, on Monday afternoon, March 22, CHARLES EDWIN, youngest child of the Rev. Joseph M. and Melissa M. Waite, aged 2 years, 6 months and 3 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday afternoon, March 24, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 150 Eldridge-st., without further invitation.

DAVIDSON.—In this City, on Tuesday morning, March 22, of inflammation of the lungs, ISABELLA, daughter of Andrew and Isabella Davidson, aged 14 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this day, (Wednesday,) the 23d inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of her parents, No. 268 West 32d-st.

PENDLETON.—In this City, on Monday morning, March 21, JAS. M. PENDLETON, only child of Jas. M. and Gertrude Pendleton, aged 5 years and 6 months.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from Grace Church, this day, (Wednesday,) at 12 M., without further invitation.

BIRDSALL.—In this City, on Monday morning, March 21, JERUSHA, relict of the late Benjamin Birdsall.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock, at the house of her nephew, S. B. Althause, No. 58 10th-st. Her remains will be taken to South Oyster Bay, West Neck, L. I., for interment, to morrow, (Thursday,) March 24.

FARRIN.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 22, J. W. FARRIN, aged 35 years, 1 month and 4 days.

His friends and acquaintances, also those of his brothers, Oliver and William, are invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, the 24th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., from the residence of his brother, O. A. Farrin, No. 84 Watts-st.

CAMPBELL.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 22, RACHEL, wife of John Campbell.

The funeral services will be held this day, (Wednesday,) the 23d inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., at No. 182 2d-av.

MATTIN.—In this City, on Monday, March 21, after a lingering illness, CATHERINE, daughter of P. McQuade, formerly of Rosslea, County Fermanagh, Ireland, aged 22 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her father, No. 35 New Canal-st., this afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

MCCONNELL.—In this City, on Tuesday morning, March 22, after a long and painful illness, MARY, wife of Edward H. McConnell, in the 39th year of her age.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Thursday, March 24, at 1 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 61 Pitt-st. Her remains will be taken to Calvary Cemetery for interment.

ELY.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, March 21, WM. FRED., only son of Wm. H. and Mary Ely, aged 6 years and 4 days.

HOOK.—At Schenectady, on Monday, March 21, JOSIAH C. HOOK, in the 52d year of his age.

LAW.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday morning, March 22, Mrs. JOSEPHINE T. LAW, wife of S. D. Law, aged 29 years.

Her funeral will take place from No. 19 Tompkins-place, at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

COLE.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 22, EDWIN B. COLE, only son of Benjamin and Mary E. Cole, aged 2 years and 4 months.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from No. 78 Prince st., Brooklyn.

VAN SCHAICK.—In Jersey City, on Tuesday, March 22, MARION, eldest daughter of Cornelius and Maria Champe VAN SCHAICK, aged 3 years, 6 months and 13 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 158 Wayne-st., Jersey City, this day, (Wednesday,) 23d inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

HOWE'S IMPROVED SCALES.
Claiming six points of improvement over other scales. To the trade and to those in want of scales, we would earnestly invite them to examine a large
RAILROAD TRACK SCALE,
A FOUR TON HAY, COAL AND CATTLE SCALE,
AND
ROLLING MILL AND PORTABLE SCALES,
Set up on the floor of our store, where they can be taken apart and put together again at the wish of purchasers.
SEVEN FIRST-CLASS PREMIUMS
were taken within sixty days last Summer, in various States. Every scale warranted.
FRANK E. HOWE,
No. 191 Broadway,
Corner of Dey-st., up stairs.

THE ONLY ILLUSTRATED NEWSPAPER
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No. 173 Now Ready.
Containing more pictures illustrating the Sickles Tragedy, and the most important events of the day.
It is the only paper published in this country, which can be relied upon for accurate pictures of current events.

GHOULS
FEEDING ON THE BODY
OF THE
HON. MIKE WALSH,
ILLUSTRATED
IN THE
NATIONAL POLICE GAZETTE.
PORTRAIT
OF MIKE WALSH.
Likeness of
ROBERT AULD, ESQ.,
Successor to
PHILIP BARTON KEY,
U. S. District Attorney.
SCAFFOLD
IN BALTIMORE.
NOW READY.

PILES, PILES, PILES.
NEW-HAVEN, Oct. 13, 1850.
Dr. WITMER: I have been afflicted with external piles for the last eleven years. I was operated upon, and have tried all the advertised remedies for curing piles, but they did me no good. I was in a wretched condition, and was advised by Mr. Clifford, of your city, to try Dr. Witmer's Pile Suppository, which I did, and I am happy to state that it has entirely cured me of that dreadful disease—piles. Yours, respectfully,
EDWARD H. WARDEN.
Agency for the sale of Dr. Witmer's Pile Suppository, No. 158 Bowery, New-York.

WHISKERS IN SIX WEEKS!—YES, MY magical Onguent will force the beard or moustache or hair to grow luxuriantly within that time, without stain or injuring the skin. $1 a bottle. Sent to any address by mail free. R. G. GRAHAM, No. 199 Nassau-st.

NEW BOOKS.

GUIDE TO THE GOLD MINES OF KANSAS
TOGETHER WITH
A MAP DELINEATING THE PRINCIPAL ROUTES From the Atlantic Cities to the furthest points West, including the Gold Regions.
1. A brief history of the discovery of the mines.
2. Necessary preparations previous to leaving home.
3. The necessity of caution while on the journey.
4. The best time to start for the mines.
5. Necessary outfit for four men six months.
6. On the selection of routes.
7. Extracts from the Press in reference to the mines.

The traveler previous to starting for the mines should provide himself with a copy of the Guide. The information therein contained may be the means of saving him hundreds of dollars.

All of the above, together with the following, will be found in the April Number of
APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE.
CONTENTS OF APRIL NUMBER.

I.—BIOGRAPHY OF JOHN KILGOUR, Esq., late President of the Little Miama Railway, Cincinnati, Ohio; with Portrait, and a Phrenological Description of Character.

II.—RAILWAYS AND THEIR PROGRESS: Important Rules for Travelers: The Rush for the West; Trade of Baltimore, Md.; Detroit, Michigan; Toledo, Ohio; Halifax and Quebec Railway; Cleveland, Ohio, and Buffalo N. Y.; Ohio—Its Commercial Credit; Railways of the State of New York; Terre Haute and Richmond Railway; New Railways in Illinois; Indianapolis & Cincinnati Railway; East Tennessee and Virginia Railway Company; Statistics of Texas Railways; Encouraging to Railway Travelers; Bellefontaine and Indiana Railway; Springfield, Mount Vernon and Pittsburg Railway; Railway Bridge across the Niagara River at Buffalo; Sunbury and Erie Railway; Hannibal & St. Joseph Railway; Testimonial to a Conductor.

III.—GUIDE TO THE GOLD MINES OF KANSAS, together with a Map Delineating the Principal Routes:—Preparations previous to Leaving Home; the Necessity of Caution; Time of Starting for the Mines; Outfit for Four Men, Six Months; Selection of Routes; Extracts from the Press in reference to the Kansas Gold Mines, &c., &c.

IV.—NEW INVENTIONS:—Railway Crossings, Points and Switches; Steam Engine, Water-Wheel, &c; New Alloy; Manufacture of Steel; New Field-piece; Interesting Peculiarities of Diamonds; Breaking of Car Axles and Wheels.

V.—ANECDOTES AND INCIDENTS OF TRAVEL:—Railway Incidents; First Trip to Montgomery; First Shad of the Season; Indications and Treatment; The Traveling Showman; The Country Cousin's Visit to Boston.

VI.—UNITED STATES TIME INDICATOR, showing the difference of time between the various Cities of the United States, including San Francisco, California; Trinity Bay, Newfoundland; Valentia Bay, Ireland, and London, England—with illustration.

VII.—A LARGE STEEL PLATE MAP OF THE RAILWAYS OF THE UNITED STATES, showing by figures spread over its surface where the trains in each particular line may be found.

VIII.—THROUGH ROUTES, to and from New-York, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Toledo, Chicago, St. Louis, &c., with maps and other information relating to the readiest means of traveling to and from all the principal cities South, East and West.

IX.—A LIST OF PROMINENT HOTELS IN THE PRINCIPAL CITIES OF THE UNION.

X.—A GAZETTEER OF THE UNITED STATES, arranged under the separate Maps of Railways.

XI.—SIXTY-FIVE MAPS OF THE PRINCIPAL RAILWAYS.

XII.—NEW TIME TABLES, corrected to date.

PRICE ONLY TWENTY FIVE CENTS.

APRIL NUMBER now ready. In consequence of the demand for APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE, the March editions being entirely exhausted, the Publishers thought it advisable to put the April number of the Guide to press a few days earlier than the usual time.

In reference to the accuracy of APPLETON'S GUIDE, the attention of the traveling community is called to the following extract from a letter to the *Saturday Evening Gazette:*

"Within the past six months business or pleasure has called me into one-half of the States of the Union, and over several thousand miles of railroad, and I have never arrived at a depot ten minutes late, nor lost a connection—thanks to my pocket companion, APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE—a work corrected and published semi-monthly, which is a model of accuracy, and may be relied on implicitly. A study of its contents has beguiled many miles of their tediousness, while the information it imparts reflects the greatest credit on the publishers.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

From the New-York Herald.

This admirable compilation is increasing so rapidly in circulation that, in this respect, it promises soon to outrival the English Bradshaw. In the care with which the tables are put together, and in the extent and variety of the information which it conveys, it, however, has no equal.

From the Baltimore American.

As the traveling season will soon commence, this comprehensive guide will now be called into requisition. Those who buy it once will never afterward be without it.

From the Boston Journal.

We should as soon think of starting on our journey without a valise as to go on our journey without the latest edition of this useful and entertaining hand-book.

Extract from the Musical Harp.

This is decidedly the best guide in the world—far ahead of Bradshaw's English work. It is illustrated by over sixty maps, and contains over two hundred pages. It is a work that should be placed in the hands of every man, woman and child in the United States.

From the American Railway Times.

This is a most admirably-arranged traveler's guide, and we cordially recommend it to the public. It is the most complete thing of the kind ever published in this or any other country.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

Appleton's Railway Guide is, without exception, the most complete work of the kind ever published. Mr. G. F. Thomas, the original projector and compiler of the Guide, was for many years a resident of our city, and is well known to many of our citizens as peculiarly competent for a work of this kind.

From Harper's Weekly.

Appleton's Railway Guide, which makes its monthly appearance, has become as much of a necessity in America as Bradshaw is in England or on the Continent, while the style puts to shame that dingy publication.

APPLETON'S ILLUSTRATED RAILWAY GUIDE, is, without any exception, the cheapest book ever published. It contains nearly 200 pages, nearly 70 maps, a variety of useful and entertaining matter, and is sold at the low price of
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER COPY.
D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
Nos. 345 and 348 Broadway, New-York.

For sale by all the principal Periodical and News Agents, at all the book stores, and by the boys who sell books, papers, &c., upon the cars, throughout the United States and the Canadas.

PUBLISHED THIS DAY.
MRS. SOUTHWORTH'S NEW WORK.
THE
LADY OF THE ISLE.
BY
MRS. EMMA D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH,
Author of "The Lost Heiress," "Deserted Wife," "Missing Bride," "India," "Wife's Victory," "Retribution," "Discarded Daughter," "Curse of Clifton," &c., &c.
Complete in one large volume, neatly bound in cloth for $1 25; or two volumes, paper cover, for $1.

The publishers take great pleasure in being able to present to the American public another new work by Mrs. Southworth, which will prove to be the best and most popular work ever written by this accomplished authoress. She is excelled by no living female writer. Whoever reads the first page is sure to be carried on to the last. Her style is free from insipidity on one hand, and bombast on the other; and though we meet with forcible, we are never startled with inflated language. Her characters are rarely under, but never overdrawn. Her scenes are life pictures, her incidents founded on facts, and her sentiments are characterized by a singular purity both of conception and expression. She has the rare faculty of saying what she means, and of saying it in such a manner as that her meaning cannot be misinterpreted. In short, she possesses in an eminent degree those qualifications which are the peculiar prerogatives of a good writer; while she delights the reader's imagination with her descriptive beauty, she applies home truths to his understanding with the force of rational conviction. The "Lady of the Isle" will be pronounced by all those who examine it to be her best work. This is sufficient to commend it to perusal, and we anticipate for it an unwonted popularity.

For sale by F. A. BRADY, D. APPLETON & CO., DICK & FITZGERALD, LEAVITT & ALLEN, and by all other Booksellers and News Agents in this City, and all over the United States and Canadas.

Copies of either edition of the above work will be sent to any person, to any part of the United States, free of postage, on their remitting the price of the edition they may wish, to publishers, in a letter. Address all orders, to receive immediate attention, to
T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS,
No. 306 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

PICTURES OF COUNTRY LIFE.
BY
ALICE CARY,
Author of "Married, not Mated," etc.
One volume, 12mo. Price $1.
TAKE IT TO YOUR

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—THE TWO ELEGANT NEW BROWN stone houses Nos. 113 and 114 Madison-avenue, being each nearly 20 feet front by 60 feet deep; five stories high, built in the very best manner, and replete with every convenience, and will be finished ready for occupancy by the 1st day of March next. Terms very accommodating to a responsible party. For further particulars, apply to A. W. FRY, No. 12 Chambers-st., from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M., first floor, office No. 1.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON BROADWAY FOR SALE.—The well known and very desirable property belonging to the General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen No. 237 Broadway, northwest corner of Prince-place. The lot is 27 feet 6 inches in width, by 99 feet 8 inches in depth, with a six story building in good order and condition, covering the entire ground. This valuable property is well worth the attention of capitalists. For further particulars inquire of

JAMES BUCHAN, No. 190 Elizabeth-st.
JAS. VAN NORDEN, Exchange Ins. Co., 38 Wall-st.
NOAH WORRALL, No. 26 Elm-st.
FREEMAN BLOODGOOD, No. 215 Thomson-st.
HENRY A. HURLBUT, No. 65 Broadway.
RICHARD E. MOUNT, No. 339 Pearl-st.
JNO. WIGHT, No. 232 South-st.

Finance Committee General Soc. Mechanics and Tradesmen.

FACTORY BUILDINGS FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—Adjoining New-Jersey Railroad Dépôt, in the City of New-Brunswick. The front building is 32 feet by 60 deep, three stories high, built of brick and wood. The rear building is 50 feet front by 40 feet deep, all brick, both buildings roofed with tin. Also, a pleasant country residence on the banks of the Raritan River, with the Delaware and Raritan Canal running between the house and river; 1¾ miles from the New-Jersey Railroad Dépôt. The house is 45 feet square, two stories high; stables, outbuildings, &c., and about 11 acres of land. Apply by letter to R. A. DeRUSSY, New-Brunswick, or to WARREN HARDENBURG, Esq., No. 58 Wall-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT MANSION-HOUSE No. 20 Concord-st., between Fulton and Washington sts., Brooklyn, marble basement, three stories and finished attic, house 44 feet front by 60 feet, with extension greenhouse; built in the very best manner and by days' work; garden handsomely laid out, and green-house well stocked. Lots 55 feet by 200 feet deep. For particulars, and cards to view the premises, apply to BACHS SONS & CO., Furman-st., near Fulton Ferry, possession given immediately, if required.

FOR SALE.—SELDOM SUCH PROPERTY.—LOT 180 feet deep by 22 feet 4 inches; new house, 3-story, basement, high stoop and sub-cellar; bath-tubs, heater, marble mantels, grates, range, hot and cold water, gas fixtures; finished in good style; beautiful location in Williamsburg; 5 to 10 minutes walk from Grand, Houston or Peck-slip Ferries. On favorable terms. Apply at J. H. DOUGHTY'S Real Estate Agency, No. 153 Bowery, corner Broome-st., N. Y.

HOUSE IN BROOKLYN FOR SALE OR TO LET.—The capital three-story and basement brick house No. 72 Lafayette-av., Brooklyn, one block from Fulton-av. cars, being the most healthy and desirable location in Brooklyn; the house is in perfect order, having been occupied by the owner till a few weeks past. Possession immediately. Apply to

O. K. WILLMER, No. 47 Nassau-st., New-York.

MURRAY HILL LOTS FOR SALE—ON Lexington-av., 38th and 39th sts. Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned until April 1, at 12 M., for the purchase of the whole or part of nineteen lots of ground on west side of Lexington-av., 38th and 39th sts., belonging to the Collegiate Reformed Dutch Church of this City. For terms and conditions apply to JAMES PRYFE, Treasurer, No. 192 Broadway.

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR SALE—PLEASantly situated on the highest and best drained ground in the City; four-story high-stoop house, 20x50, lot 20 by half the block; containing all modern improvements; opposite the open grounds of the Blind Institute, No. 12 Bloorman-place, 33d-st., between 8th and 9th avs.; price $16,000. Inquire of WILLIAM L. TAYLOR, corner Wall and Pearl sts.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET, IN BROOKLYN—Two new first-class, three-story, high-stoop, brownstone, basement, sub-cellar, brick houses, on the southerly side of Nelson-st., between Court and Clinton sts.; the houses have gas throughout; also, marble mantels, range, &c., and all within ten minutes' walk of Hamilton-av. Ferry. Rent, $400. Apply to N. L. GRISWOLD, No. 21 Front-st.

FOR SALE—WITH OR WITHOUT FURNITURE, the 4 story brown-stone English-basement house No. 34 West 33d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., newly painted and papered throughout, and in perfect order, with all the modern improvements. For cards of admission and terms, apply to BURRILL, DAVISON & BURRILL, No. 49 Wall-st., or to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR STORY brown stone house and lot, No. 17 East 32d-st., near 5th-av., lot 25x99, house 25x60, nearly new, built in the best manner and with all the modern improvements; location unexceptionable; price $22,000, which is $2,000 less than its real value. For further particulars, apply on the premises, No. 17 East 32d-st., or address Box No. 1,299 Post office.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE THREE-STORY brick house No. 14 Oxford-st., Brooklyn, about 300 feet south of Washington-park; lot 22x100, house 22x33, substantially built and in good order, with the Ridgewood water and all the modern improvements. Price $6,500, terms accommodating; rent $600. Immediate possession given if desired. Apply to V. THOMPSON, No. 5 Tryon-row, New-York, or No. 16 Oxford-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—THE SUBSTANTIAL, THREE-STORY and basement house and lot, No. 11 Monroe-place, Brooklyn. The house is 8 rooms deep, 35x56, furnished with gas, furnace and water throughout, is in most perfect order, with fine cemented cellar. Lot 25x100. Can be seen daily from 12 to 6 o'clock. Inquire on the premises, or of J. H. BROWER & CO., No. 45 South-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—ON THE CORNER OF MADISON-av. and 35th-st., one new first-class, four-story, brown-stone front house; lot full size, house 60 feet deep; black walnut doors on the parlor story, and trimmed through the principal hall with black walnut, with all the modern improvements; built in the best manner. Inquire on the premises, of Mr. RYER.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS, FOUR-STORY brown-stone front house No. 7 West 31st-st. The house is 25x65, built in the best manner, and contains all the modern improvements. The location renders it very desirable property. Terms to suit the purchaser. Apply to F. M. HOAG, No. 18 William-st.

$7,500—FOR SALE—THE TWO BROWN-stone, high-stoop houses, in 49th-st., near Lexington-av. The houses are three stories, with basements and cellars, with all the modern improvements. Terms to suit the purchaser. They are the cheapest houses in the City. Apply on the premises, or at No. 153 East 47th-st.

CORNER ON FIFTH-AVENUE FOR SALE.—A corner house and lot and stable, with or without furniture, horses, carriages, &c., on 5th-av., below 23d-st. Price, all told, $50,000; can remain on mortgage, if wanted. For further information and card to view the property, &c., inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building, Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY, BROWN-STONE, English-basement house, No. 47 West 36th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., with all modern improvements, and in complete order. The furniture in the house is new and of first quality, and may be had cheap if desired, with immediate possession. Apply to

T. G. CHURCHILL, No. 18 Wall-st.

FOR SALE IN SOUTH BROOKLYN—THE three-story, high-stoop, brick and brown-stone basement house and lot No. 317 Pacific-st, near Degraw-st. Is in good order; dry and spacious cellar, gas fixtures, marble mantels, &c. Will be sold low to a ready purchaser. Apply to the owner, on the premises.

FOR SALE.—HOUSE NO. 145 EAST 19TH-ST., fourth house west of 2d-av., north side, 4 stories, 17 feet front by 54 feet deep; lot half the block; first-class neighborhood; contains all improvements, furnace, &c., and in perfect order in every respect. Terms easy. Apply on the premises.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—THE NEW THREE-STORY brick house No. 8 Mansfield-place, 51st., between 8th and 9th avs.; it has gas, a bath, range, hot and cold water, and is located in a pleasant and healthy neighborhood. Price, $6,500; only $1,200 or $1,000 will be required down. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN—TWO LOTS WITH brick stable thereon, in Second-place, between Court and Clinton sts. Price $6,000. Also, lot and brick house located in Dean-st., between Bond and Nevins sts. Price $6,000. Apply to A. H. RYDER, Executor, &c., No. 221 Dean-st., Brooklyn.

$1,000 CASH—AND THE BALANCE IN IMproved property either in this City, Brooklyn, or the immediate vicinity, for a house situated in the most fashionable part of Brooklyn, and within twenty minutes of the Exchange. Apply to W. L. SEYMOUR, No. 19 Nassau-st., Room No. 5.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY brown-stone front house No. 139 West 34th-st, now being put in perfect order. Also, the dwelling part of house No. 1,086 Broadway. Also, lofts of store No. 46 Beaver-st. Inquire of R. F. CARMAN, No. 1,088 Broadway.

HOUSE AND EXTRA LOT FOR SALE—In 18th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., a 4-story stone-front house, modern and complete in all respects, and adjoining vacant lot. The property entire, without restrictions. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, Metropolitan Bank, Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—THE FURNISHED house No. 79 East 18th-st, between 4th-av. and Irving-place; stone front, three-story and basement, modern, and complete in all respects. For particulars and card of admission apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building.

TO HOLDERS OF SECOND MORTGAGES.—Will be exchanged for well secured second mortgages, a beautifully located brick cottage-house: also, some available unimproved property in Brooklyn. About $3,000 cash will be paid on the exchange if required. Address Box No. 2,604 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE THREE-STORY brick house and lot, No. 42 Grove-st. The house is well built and in good order. Part of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to F. TILLOU, No. 1 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT house in 13th-st., near 6th-av., on a full lot, in complete order, with about a dozen choice fruit trees in the yard. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st., No. 3 Metropolitan Bank.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS AND MEDIUM PRICED brown-stone and brick houses on all the streets and avenues from 14th to 50th st., and from 2d to 9th av., WELL, No. 1,129 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT FOUR-STORY brown stone house, No. 54 West 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., replete with all modern improvements. Price $16,000. $10,000 can remain on mortgage. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE.—CANAL-STREET.—LOT ON THE north side, between Broadway and Elm-st., belonging to devisees, under will of Ann Jay, deceased, as tenants in common. Apply to FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON, Attorney, &c., No. 74 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY HOUSE AND lot No. 26 Lamartine-place, 29th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.; the house has Croton water to the third story, bath, gas, water-closets, speaking-tubes, &c. Apply on the premises, from 2 to 5 o'clock.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—THE THREE-story house No. 234 West 14th-st. Apply on the premises. Also for sale, a second-hand coach, in good order. Apply to Mr. GEDNEY, Coachmaker, 1,253 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE FINE LARGE brick dwelling No. 58 7th-st.; rent, $900. Apply to ABRAHAM BELL'S SONS, No. 25 Park-row.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS FOR SALE.

A first-class brick three-story dwelling-house in Columbia-st., overlooking the City and Bay of New-York; house 20 by about 60 feet; very roomy, and replete with every convenience; lot 30 by 150; gardens well stocked with fruit, &c. The house was built for the present owner, and is occupied by him, and has recently been put in perfect order throughout. For terms, which will be made easy to a good purchaser, apply to H. G. LAPHAM, Nos. 26 and 28 Ferry-st., New-York. Also, an elegant span of gray carriage horses for sale, the owner being about to leave the City. Apply as above.

FOR SALE IN BLOOMFIELD, NEW-JERSEY—One of the most attractive and eligibly situated plots of ground to be found within the compass of many miles from this city. The tract is 14 acres square, on an eminence commanding a view to the east of Bergen Heights, New-York City and Harbor, Long and Staten Island, and on the west the Orange Mountain. It is bounded on two sides by streets. A fine young forest and apple orchard covers a portion of it. It is a short distance of the railroad depôt and the churches and schools, for which Bloomfield has so wide and well-deserved reputation. The property will be sold in parcels or together. For further information inquire of J. CRANE, No. 216 Pearl-st., or M. W. DODD, Bookseller, 506 Broadway.

GREAT SACRIFICE.—THE PROPERTY OF Daniel Milton, situated in Milton-st., Green Point, near 10th-st. Ferry, consisting of a 2-story frame house 14x21, with a kitchen attached 16x14. Also a 2 story brick shop on the rear 21x21, with a shed extending from house to the shop. The buildings are on a leased lot, having about five years to run, and will be sold at less than half their value. Very pleasantly situated and convenient for many branches of business. Apply on the premises.

EXCHANGE FOR BROOKLYN PROPERTY—A fine house at Elizabeth City, N. J., built in the Italian style, containing 13 rooms, with cellar under the whole house. The house is 42x32, and built in the best manner; 2½ acres of ground planted with shade and fruit trees; good barn and carriage-house; everything in perfect repair. For further particulars, apply to W. L. SEYMOUR, No. 19 Nassau-st., Room No. 5.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE CORNER ON BROADway, opposite the Park.

On Worth-st. 2 lots.
On Leonard-st. 1 lot, near Broadway.
On White-st. 2 houses and lots near Broadway.
On Walker-st. 1 lot, near Broadway.

SAMUEL EDDY,
No. 51 Liberty-st.

WHARF AND UPLAND PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO LEASE.—Twelve lots of land, at the foot of 28th-st., East River, being in front on 28th-st. 310 feet by 100 feet deep, together with the bulkhead and water-right attached thereto, will be leased for a term of years from the 1st of May ensuing, or will be sold on very favorable terms. For particulars apply to ADRIAN H. MULLER, No. 35 Wall-st.

$175—$200—$225—$250.—TO LET OR FOR sale, elegant and commodious cottage houses, with 7, 8, 9 and 11 rooms respectively, with 4 lots each, at East New-York, accessible by Broadway, Fulton-av. and Long Island cars. Will sell lots and build houses; payments easy. For plans, buildings, &c., apply to CHAS. R. MILLER, No. 15 Wall-st., room No. 4.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS, FOUR-STORY house No. 67 Madison-av., lot 25x100, house 25x53. This property is first-class in every respect, being close to Madison-square, one of the best locations in the City. The house can be seen from 9 to 12 A. M., and 3 to 6 P. M. Terms easy. Apply on the premises.

WESTERN LAND WANTED, IN EXCHANGE for stores, with dwellings over them, situated on 33d and 34th sts. The land must be well located and desirable. To any parties who will pay some cash, a fine trade will be offered. Apply to W. L. SEYMOUR, No. 19 Nassau-st., Room No. 5.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THOSE DESIRABLE THREE-story and basement high-stoop houses in Mansfield-place, a beautiful location, in a row of 22, finished in the best manner, with all the modern improvements. Inquire on the premises, No. 12 West 51st-st., near 8th-av.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT 4 STORY BROWN-stone house, west side of 5th-av., fourth house north of 38th st. Just finished, and ready for immediate occupation. Size, 25x60; lot 100 feet deep. Apply to P. C. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey Court.

$1,500 IN CASH—BALANCE CAN REMAIN, if desired, for the handsome 3-story high-stoop sub-cellar brown-stone house and lot; contains all the improvements; will be sold at a bargain and at a sacrifice. Apply on premises, 70 West 32d-st., near 6th-av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—100 ACRES, SITUATED in the city, and formerly used as a nursery, is now offered for sale. To parties of means, this offers a splendid opportunity for realizing a handsome profit. Apply to W. L. SEYMOUR, No. 19 Nassau-st., Room No. 5.

FOR SALE—A TWO STORY, ATTIC AND BRICK basement house, large yard in front, set with trees and shrubbery. Price $3,500. Part can remain on mortgage. Inquire on the premises, No. 321 West 29th-st., or of WILLIAM BEDELL, No. 177 West 33d-st.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE modern improvements, garden in front, situated No. 145 West 21st-st. Price $6,500. Inquire at No. 83 Vandam-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP IF APPLIED FOR SOON, the brown-stone front and high-stoop house No. 35 Martin Terrace, 30th-st., between 2d and 3d avs. Price $7,600. Inquire on the premises.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY SEAT AT ASTORIA, beautifully situated on the East River, immediately opposite to Hell Gate. The house is 44x46 feet; piazzas front and rear, and has all modern improvements; built in the most substantial manner under the supervision of the owner. Grounds tastefully laid out and planted with shrubbery, shade and fruit trees. Inquire for further particulars of W. A. THOMPSON, President Mercantile Fire Insurance Company, or of Dr. J. W. SCOTT, on the premises.

FOR SALE—A FEW CHOICE VILLA SITES ON THE EAST RIVER—At Whitestone, L. I., only one hour from Wall-st.; communication almost hourly. One of the most desirable water fronts unoccupied in this region. Also, for sale a farm of 45 acres of the best soil on Long Island, only half a mile from the railroad depôt at Flushing. It has several fine building sites, and will be sold together or in plots of 10 to 10 acres. Also, for sale very low, a few choice building lots in the village of Flushing, five minutes' walk from the railroad depôt. Apply at No. 107 Chambers-st., to D. S. WILLIAMS.

TO LET AT YONKERS—A COTTAGE HOUSE, with 9 rooms, hard and soft water, court-yard in front. On the premises there is a wood and coal house; also, a henery. Rent $300. Also, a small farm with three acres of land, two houses, and a large quantity of fruit and forest trees, situated at Lodi, New-Jersey. Price $3,000—$600 required down. Inquire of PETER N. FOSTER, No. 289 Broadway, New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—FOR SALE, A HANDSOME, double, two-story cottage, modern built and nearly new, on a 5/8th-acre plot, well stocked with fine fruit trees, berries and grapes. Situation high and healthy, within three minutes' walk of the dépôt. Terms easy. Address H., Box No. 24 New-York Post-office, or apply at No. 30 Broadway, 3d floor.

ONLY $1,000 DOWN FOR A HOUSE AT Yonkers, containing thirteen rooms, gas and water in, sliding doors, marble mantels, grates, &c. Fruit and shade trees. Lot 63x140. Five minutes' walk from the dépôt. Price $5,500. Apply to W. L. SEYMOUR, No. 19 Nassau-st., Room No. 5, or to JAMES YOUMANS Yonkers.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A HANDSOME COUNtry residence situated at Elizabeth, N. J. House large 2-story, 30x50, has 14 rooms, good cellar, &c.; 12 acres of excellent land; grapes, pears, cherries, plums, berries, &c. Possession can be had at any time. SYLVESTER LAY, No. 16 Wall-st., Com. for all the States.

FOR SALE AT SPUYTEN DUYVIL—A fine country seat, with 4¾ acres of land; the house is brick, two story and attic, 35x43, with wing 20x15; handsomely situated; fine garden; stable, 26x36; all in order and ready for immediate occupation. Apply to R. C. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey Court.

FOR SALE.—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIdence, a large and commodious house fronting the Green at Bloomfield, comprising about two acres of land, with garden, and orchard, and out-buildings. Apply to Mrs. WIFF, on the premises, or to MOSES W. DODD, No. 506 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE, VERY CHEAP—A FINE VILlage property, at Dobbs' Ferry; a house and garden, also two smaller houses and barn adjoining; the whole for $5,100. Terms easy. Apply to

M. K. COUZENS,
No. 51 Liberty-st., New-York.

TO LET OR FOR SALE AT YONKERS—A handsome and comfortable residence at Glenwood, Yonkers; has about an acre of ground, a good stable, water and gas in the house, fruit, shrubbery and an unsurpassed southern river view for over 20 miles. Apply to ABRAHAM BELL'S SONS 25 Park-row, New-York.

FOR SALE—IN THE CITY OF HARTFORD, Conn., the late residence of John H. Webb, deceased, known as No. 13 Morgan-st., a large and comfortable dwelling house, together with the adjoining grounds, 230 feet front and about 150 feet deep. Inquire of FRANCIS B. HALL, Hartford, Conn.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR to be let, furnished, for a term of years, on the east bank of the Hudson, at Riverdale, two miles south of Yonkers, and in the immediate neighborhood of a railroad station. Apply to the editor of the *Albion*, No. 16 Beekman-st.

FOR SALE IN ORANGE, N. J.—FORTY-FIVE minutes from the City, a story and a half cottage, with 9 rooms, and from 1 to 3 acres of land attached. It is beautifully situated. For particulars, inquire of JOY, COE & CO., *Tribune* Buildings.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Suited to a genteel family; convenient of access by railroad and steamboat; combining all people of taste can desire. Price $8,000. Terms easy. For full particulars, inquire of J. CLARK, No. 110 Broadway.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR Exchange for City or Brooklyn property—in perfect order, and everything a gentleman can require for a country residence—at Oyster Bay, Long Island. Apply to WM. H. BRIGGENS, No. 189 William-st.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—FRONTING LONG ISLAND SOUND.—Cottage house containing eight rooms, carriage house, &c., a variety of fruit trees, all in excellent order. Location healthy. Price $5,000. DINGEE & HOLDEN, No. 9 Nassau-st.

TO LET—AT BATH, L. I., 5½ MILES FROM THE Hamilton Ferry, first-class houses, with carriage-house and stables. The finest and healthiest location in this country. Also a good house in Jet-place, Brooklyn. Apply to ARCHIBALD YOUNG, No. 314 Broadway.

TO LET—AT PORT RICHMOND, S. I., ABOUT ten minutes walk from the landing, a farm consisting of 25 acres; dwellings and outbuildings in good order; a variety of fruit upon the premises. Apply to C. PALMER, No. 14 Cortlandt-st., or on the premises.

TO LET—ON BLOOMINGDALE ROAD, A CONvenient dwelling-house, near Manhattanville, with garden attached; Croton water in the house and gas in front. Apply to LAURENCE & HORN, No. 67 Wall st.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY SEAT—32 ACRES, IN Orange County, N. Y., 20 miles from Newburgh; buildings, fences and land in good order. Terms easy. Apply to J. E. ALLEN, No. 100 Nassau-st.

FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET—AT Chatham, N. J., near the dépôt of the Morris and Essex Railroad. Apply to G. W. CAMPBELL, No. 153 Maiden-lane.

FLUSHING, L. I.—FOR SALE OR TO LET—The cottage and any part of thirty-five acres, known as the "Wright Farm," five minutes' walk from the railroad dépôt. Apply at No. 76 William-st., second floor.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—THE COUNTRY SEAT OF THE LATE John J. Palmer, in Westchester, about 1¼ miles from the Harlem Railroad station at Williams' Bridge, and within an hour's travel from the City. The cars run to Williams' Bridge station about ten times a day. There are 53 acres of land, large orchard, vegetable garden and flower garden. The house is 50 feet square, surrounded by a wide piazza, and contains 13 bedrooms, drawing-room, parlor, library, billiard-room, dairy, bath-room, kitchen, laundry, wine cellar, store-room, &c., &c.; hot and cold water on the first floor; and is situated on one of the highest points in Westchester County, commanding a fine view of Long Island Sound and the adjacent country. There are also a stone coach-house and stable, sheds, a gardener's cottage and ice-house, filled with ice from a pond on the premises. The house is well furnished throughout, which will be sold separately if desired. For terms, apply to HENRY PALMER, Executor, No. 35 Wall-st., rear building.

ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE AT NORTHAMPTON, MASS.—To a person desirous of retiring from City life, an opportunity is presented for securing a country seat, which is unsurpassed for elegance and comfort. The site is one of the most desirable in the Valley of the Connecticut, commanding an extensive range of scenery of valley, river and mountain. The grounds, comprising about six acres, are tastefully laid out in lawn and garden, ornamented with an abundance of shade trees and shrubbery, and supplied with all the fruits of the climate. The buildings are new and strictly in keeping with the requirements of a first-class estate. For particulars, address Box No. 174 Post-Office, Northampton, Mass.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE country residences in this vicinity, 20 minutes' from foot of Cortlandt-st. by railroad; house large; has hot and cold water bath, water closet, range, furnace, gas pipes, marble mantels, &c.; carriage-house, stable, cow-house, henery, &c.; 20 lots of ground, all kinds of fruit and ornamental trees, strawberries, raspberries, black berries, asparagus, flowers, &c.; all built by days' work, without regard to cost, combining City and country. It will be sold for $18,000, which is $5,000 less than its value; one third or one half can remain for a term of years. If preferred, the owner will retain four or six lots. Apply at No. 28 John-st., New-York.

TARRYTOWN.—"SPRING HILL" FOR SALE, very pleasantly situated back of Tarrytown, and in the neighborhood of church, store, &c. The house is new and in a fine elevated position, with a view of the Hudson, and land (70 acres) first rate, a small portion being in wood, with a large orchard, but no waste land. Springs very fine, one or two being higher than the house. Possession can be had immediately, and the terms will be very liberal. The advertiser lives near the place, and does business in the City. Apply to C. W. SIMMONS, No. 108 Chambers-st.

TO LET AT FORDHAM—12 MILES FROM THE City Hall, opposite the Harlem Railroad dépôt, two convenient, two-story, attic and basement houses, with garden attached. Rent $200 each. Will be immediately newly painted and put in complete repair. Also, a beautiful cottage (late the residence of John McBrair, Esq.,) with stables, garden, and four acres of excellent land, with fruit trees, &c., situated on the road to West Farms, half a mile from the Fordham dépôt. Apply to Dr. HORSEFIELD or WM. FITZGERALD, Drug store, Fordham, or JOHN B. HASKIN, No. 11 Chambers-st.

TO BE LET—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIdence in Dutchess County, about 4¾ miles from Amenia dépôt, and within 4½ hours of New-York City. The house is large and comparatively new; is well supplied with water and commands a charming prospect. Is also in the immediate vicinity of schools and churches. Adjoining the house is a productive garden and also a thrifty orchard, yielding choice varieties of fruit. For further particulars, inquire of W. B. CHAMBERLIN, No. 46 Pine-st., New-York, or of the subscriber on the premises. A. CHAMBERLIN.

A BEAUTIFUL SWISS VILLA FOR SALE OR TO LET FURNISHED.—It is situated on the borders of the lovely Lake Luzerne, 30 miles from Saratoga and 10 from Lake George. The pleasure grounds are about 2 acres, the neighborhood unrivaled on the score of health and picturesque beauty; there is a large village close by; fine fishing and shooting, and it is in every respect a fit residence for a gentleman; 105 acres of land can be had if desired. Price, including furniture, $10,000. It is disposed of simply because the owner retires to Europe. For particulars, apply to J. LEATI, No. 31 East 24th-st.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY HOUSE, TWELVE miles from City Hall, at Spuyten Duyvel, near Hudson River Railroad dépôt; trains nearly every hour; beautifully situated, commanding an extensive view of North and Harlem Rivers; contains parlor, dining-room, library, kitchen, nine bedrooms, bath-room, and has all the conveniences of hot and cold water, furnace, range, &c., about three-fourths of an acre of land, and a good stable and carriage-house. Price $5,500. Terms easy. Apply to BERNSTEIN & DINGLESTEDT, 18 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—PRICE $4,000—A PLEASANT COUNtry residence in the village of Athens, on the Hudson River. The mansion and out-houses are all new. The house stands on an elevation commanding a pleasant view of the river and surrounding country, distant from the City 116 miles. A fine garden, abundance of flowers, and a number of fruit trees, adorn the premises. Apply to J. P. VAN LOON, No. 382 1st-av., corner of 23d-st., or to Captain J. A. EMMONS, corner of Harrison and West sts.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE.—A VERY pleasant and healthy place, of about 40 acres, in a high state of cultivation, at Sing Sing, ½ mile out of the village; cottage-house, farm house, carriage-house, barn, &c., &c.; a great abundance of very choice fruit, of every description. Terms easy. Will sell cattle, farming utensils, &c., &c., and possession immediately. Apply on the premises, or to E. D. TRUESDELL, No. 376 Washington-st.

PEEKSKILL PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO LET.—A two-story and attic house, containing 14 rooms, bath-room, water-closets, and good cellar, &c.; piazza on east and south sides, situated in Peekskill, on the corner of the Old Post Road and Division-st., north side, commanding an extensive view of mountain scenery. Lot containing about three-quarters of an acre. Apply to Mr. JAMES TAYLOR, Peekskill, former occupant of the house; or to FRANCIS SKIDDY, No. 101 Wall-st.

TO LET, AT RAVENSWOOD—ON THE EAST River, several beautiful cottages, varying in size from eight to fifteen rooms; are in complete order; rents from $200 to $500 per annum. Their locations for attractiveness and convenience to the City cannot be surpassed within the vicinity. For particulars, apply to GILBERT HOPKINS, office No. 37 Fulton-st., second floor, from 11 to 12½ o'clock, or at Ravenswood. N. B.—Possession of three of the houses can be had immediately.

FOR SALE—AT ELTONA, A LARGE, WELLbuilt and convenient house, 25x30, wing 20x35, about five minutes' walk from the Railroad dépôt, one hour from the City by steamboat or cars, with about twelve lots of ground attached. Apply to R. H. ELTON, No. 24 Beekman-st., New-York, or WM. O. ROOSA, on the premises.

Also, for sale or to let, several houses of different styles, convenient to the City. Apply to H. H. ROBERTSON, Mott Haven.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY-SEAT with 20 acres of land, in Morristown, N. J., on an elevated site, 250 feet from the road, in a grove of large forest trees, interspersed with evergreens. The grounds are tastefully laid out, on which is a pond supplied by springs, choice variety of fruit trees, shrubbery, &c.; large garden, barn and carriage-house. The house is of Elizabethan style, large and commodious, 57 by 36, with modern improvements. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine st., New-York, Metropolitan Bank.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—A beautiful place at Westport, Conn.; cottage surrounded by piazza and containing 12 rooms, with wide halls, parlors with folding doors, large cellar and fine well of water in kitchen; barn, stables, &c.; 4 acres of rich land, with stream flowing through and abundance of apple, cherry, pear and other fruit, asparagus bed, &c. For further particulars, apply to JOSEPH JAUNCEY, No. 110 Pearl-st.

FOR SALE AT HASTINGS—A BUILDING site containing eight acres, having a front on the Hudson River of 450 feet; within a quarter of a mile of the Steamboat landing and railway station; the ground is beautifully sloped and wooded, commanding fine views of the river, palisades, &c., and is the most desirable property remaining unoccupied in that neighborhood. For particulars, apply to WILLIAM S. CONSTANT, No. 7 Jauncey Court (Wall-st.)

COUNTRY HOUSE TO LET—FOR ONE OR more years, on the East River, foot of 76th-st. with about 2½ acres of ground, with fine shade and fruit trees, large garden, ice house, stables, &c. The house is a double square house, built in the best manner, and immediate possession may be had. Apply to

T. G. CHURCHILL, No. 18 Wall-st.

TO LET AT NEWBURG—A CONVENIENT, roomy cottage, with garden; has fine view of the Hudson, and is within five minutes' walk of the Hudson River Railroad Ferry. Possession given May 1. Rent $300. Apply to JOHN J. McCROSKERY, Bank of Newburg, Newburg; or to R. McCARTEE, No. 20 Exchange-place, New-York.

TO LET—IN NEWARK, A LARGE AND CONVEnient residence, pleasantly situated in a healthy part of the city, and within 15 minutes' walk to either dépôt. The house contains gas throughout, and a good well of water in the yard. The garden is well stocked with choice fruit trees. Inquire on the premises No. 67 Court-st., near High. Rent $400.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET, AT BAY RIDGE, L. I.—The place is beautifully situated upon, and affords a fine view of New-York Bay. Fruit in abundance, fine bathing, ice-house, (filled,) barns, &c. Rent low. Apply to CHARLES H. VAN BRUNT, No. 63 Wall-st., third story.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID COUNTRY SEAT ON Long Island Sound, 19 miles from City Hall, and within 1¼ miles of the railroad dépôt at New-Rochelle. Communication with the City by said railroad seven times a day, and by steamboat every morning. Apply at No. 15 Stone-st.

TO LET.—THE BEAUTIFUL STONE COTTAGE known as the Parsonage of St. Paul's Church, East Chester, 1¾ miles from Mount Vernon Station, on the New Haven Railroad, and 16 miles from New-York. Inquire of ENOCH WILSON, Sexton, at the Church, or at No. 30 South William-st., New-York.

TO LET—A SMALL COTTAGE ON THE HUDSON River, about 30 feet square, one and a half stories high, containing five rooms; within a few minutes' walk of railroad dépôt and steamboat landing, and about two and a half hours' ride from the City. Rent, $100. Address Box No. 107 Poughkeepsie Post office.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET AT TARRYTOWN.—A large two-story brick house, with furniture, for the Summer or year, with stable and out-house, fine garden and great variety of fruit, &c. For particulars address J. B., Box No. 3,753 Post-office, stating where an interview may be had.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A VERY DESIRAfour-story brown-stone-front house, in Madison-av., above 29th-st., built in the best manner, with all the modern improvements, and in perfect order. Address Box No. 4,615 Post-office.

TO LET—TWO COTTAGES IN PASSAIC VILlage, thirty minutes from the City, by the New-York and Erie Railroad. Churches, schools, &c. Rent, $125. Apply to J. M. HOWE, No. 227 Grand-st., from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A DESIRABLE country residence, beautifully situated on the west bank of the North River, between Roundout and Saugerties. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st., No. 3 Metropolitan Bank.

A DESIRABLE PLACE AT WESTPORT, CONN., FOR SALE OR TO LET.—Good two-story dwelling house, and about 1¼ acres of land. Possession can be had immediately. Apply to A. GRAY, Esq., near the premises.

TO RENT—A HOUSE AND STABLE, WITH GARden, fruits, &c., on the North River, between Rondout and Saugerties. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st., No. 3 Metropolitan Bank.

TO LET—COTTAGES WITH GARDENS, AT Astoria, L. I. Apply to H. L. BIKER, No. 150 Nassau-st., New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

TO LET—A COUNTRY SEAT, SITUATED ON A bluff, at the entrance of Mamaroneck Harbor, surrounded on three sides by the waters of the Sound. The house is in good order, and partly furnished, has range, hot and cold water, bath, &c. The out-buildings are all new, consisting of barns, stable, carriage-house, &c. There is about 12 acres of land laid down in grass, good orchard, large kitchen garden—in short, everything required for a genteel country residence. It is of easy access by New-Haven Railroad and by steamboat daily. Possession can be given immediately. For terms, apply to GEO. E. JACKSON, No. 201 Centre-st., New-York.

$3,500—COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE.—With three acres of land; or to rent for $250 per year, opposite the residence of the Spanish Consul in East Chester, Westchester County, ½ mile from the New Haven Railroad Dépôt, Mount Vernon. Modern house, two stories, basement and attic, and carriage-house, all in the best condition. Fruit, flowers and ornamental trees; well shaded; near the Episcopal and Methodist churches, and good schools. Saltwater bathing on the premises. Apply to FRANCIS E. SMITH, No. 727 Broadway.

TO LEASE—RIVERDALE PROPERTY—A large, commodious house, located one mile from Riverdale Dépôt, and two from Yonkers, suitable for a boarding-house or seminary; said house contains 18 rooms, basement and kitchen, range, hot and cold water throughout the house; about two acres of ground, handsomely laid out, with carriage-house, barn, fruit trees, and kitchen garden; will be rented low to a good tenant. Apply to J. F. WILLIAMS, No. 442 8th-av. and No. 13 Wall-st.

TO LET—THE COUNTRY RESIDENCE OF WM. H. PAINE, Esq., at Bloomingdale, 91st-st. This place comprises over 20 acres of good farming land, on which is a good dwelling-house, stable, grapery and greenhouse, well

AUCTION SALES.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

REFEREE'S SALE

Of 107 lots of land, with the improvements.
Located on Broadway, 10th and 12th avs., and 76th and 101st sts.

Also, the very valuable property on the Northeast corner of CHATHAM AND PEARL STS.

MILLER & McEVILY

Will sell at auction, without reserve, for
WEDNESDAY, March 23, 1859,
at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange,
By order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of PHILO T. RUGGLES, Referee:

NO. 464 PEARL-ST.—A dwelling-house and lot, with store.

NO. 462 PEARL-ST.—A dwelling-house and lot, with store.

NOS. 121 and 123 CHATHAM-ST.—2 houses and lot, with stores.

76TH-ST.—3 lots, southeast corner 11th av. and 76th-st.
76TH-ST.—4 lots, northeast corner 11th av. and 76th-st.
11TH-AV.—3 lots, southwest corner 76th st.
11TH-AV.—5 lots, northeast corner 76th-st.
76TH-ST.—24 lots, south side, between 11th and 12th avs.
12TH-AV.—1 lot southeast corner 76th-st.
76TH-ST.—74 lots, (with mansion house and stable,) north side 76th-st., between 11th and 12th avs. Also, 24 lots in rear of above.
13TH-AV.—6 lots, northeast corner 76th-st.

ALSO—The very valuable water-right in front of 12th-av., and extending to the 13th-av.—the City boundary line of the 12th-av.

12 lots, with mansion-house and stable, northeast corner of Broadway and 101st-st., and distant 128 feet 8 inches west of 10th-av.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. and auction fees to be paid on day of sale; 10 per cent. of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage for a term of years; balance in 30 days, when deed and possession will be given.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT AUCTION.

Attention is called to the sale of DESIRABLE PROPERTY to be made at auction THIS DAY, March 23 at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer, comprising:

The first-class, four story brown-stone front house and lot, No. 33 West 27th-st.

ALSO—One valuable lot, northeast corner of 7th-av. and 45th st.

ALSO—First-class brick house and lot adjoining on 45th-st.

ALSO—House and lot, No. 27 Columbia-st.

By order of Executors. Maps at No. 35 Wall-st.

AUGUSTUS J. MAYNARD, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—LARGE SALE OF MAGnificent household furniture, drawing-room suites, oil-paintings, statuary, seven-octave piano-fortes, bookcases, solid silver-ware, horses and carriages, harness, &c. —THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) at the elegant residence, No. 21 West 26th-st, near 8th-av.—Sale to commence at 11 o'clock precisely.—Drawing-rooms—Rosewood suites, carved in fruit and flowers, covered in silk brocade, consisting of two tête à-tête sofas, two arm, two reception and eight parlor chairs, centre and card tables, etag-res, with mirror doors, inlaid with satin-wood, trimmed with satin-wood, lady's work table, enamores, Turkish and reclining chairs, Gothic and antique chairs, pier and mantel mirrors, lace curtains, shades, cornices, &c; rosewood seven-octave piano-forte stool and cover, oil paintings, by celebrated artists, "Winter scene on the Danube," two sea pieces, by Schoefel; "Madonna and Child," by Solleres, fruit and flowers, painted by Cortes. Statuary—"The Seasons," painting and music, pole and bronze vases and figures; rosewood hat-stand, oil-cloth, stair carpet, rods Chambers—Rosewood and mahogany bureaus, bedsteads, washstands, hair mattresses, feather beds, bolsters and pillows, sheets, counterpanes, bookcases, corner stands, wardrobes, chairs, mirrors, shades, curtains, clock, Brussels and ingrain carpets. Dining-rooms—Fourteen-feet extension dining table, butlers' tray and stand, buffet arm chairs, couch, rich cut and engraved decanters, wines, goblets, champagnes, fruit and dessert stands, salt and silver-plated castors, spoons, forks, &c., &c., Bohemian glass, ivory-handled knives and forks, French china dinner and tea sets, rich Bohemian glass wine bottles; also a large assortment of basement and kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. Sale positive, rain or shine.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY BROWN-STONE FRONT HOUSES IN BROOKLYN ON THE NORTH SIDE OF FIRST-PLACE, BETWEEN CLINTON AND COURT-STREETS.—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell at auction, at the Merchants' Exchange, New-York, on THURSDAY, March 31, at 12 o'clock M., eight new and superior four story and basement brown-stone front houses on the north side of First-place, Brooklyn, between Clinton and Court sts. The houses are built and finished in a very superior manner, with marble tiling in the halls blackwalnut stairs, mantels, plumbing work, ranges, baths, water closets and dressing rooms, and all the modern improvements and conveniences They are 25 feet wide by 65 feet deep to the top. The lots are 25x133 feet 5 inches, including court yard in front. The location is unsurpassed, and the introduction of water and other important public improvements in progress, will make these most desirable residences. 75 per cent of the purchase money can remain on mortgage for 1 2 or 3 years if desired. The houses can be seen from 8 A. M. until 6 o'clock P. M., daily, till day of sale. The title is perfect, free of incumbrance, and full warrantee deeds will be given. For maps and particulars, apply to the Auctioneer at No. 35 Wall-st.

E. H. LUDLOW & Co., Auctioneers.

EXECUTRIX'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—ON THURSDAY next, March 24, at 12 o'clock, will be sold at public auction, at the Merchants' Exchange, by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., the three-story brick dwelling with stable situated No. 39 Market-st., the late residence of Isaac Newton, deceased. The house is thoroughly well finished throughout, with gas, Croton water and the principal story, and has excellent order. It is supplied with gas, Croton water and furnace; has two story tea-room and commodious stable in the rear; lot 25x113 feet, with right of way from the stable to Henry st. $7,000 on bond and mortgage. An order to see the premises may be had on application to the Auctioneers.

WILLIAM KELLY,
JNO. C. HEWITT,
Executors of Isaac Newton, deceased.

J. W. HUNT, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL, THIS DAY, MARCH 23, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom No 85 Nassau-st, a large assortment of second-hand and new furniture, part of which has been removed from Brooklyn for convenience of sale, consisting, in part, of sofas, tête a-têtes, lounges, chairs, tables, wardrobes, etageres, sideboards, bureaus, bedsteads, washstands, oak and enameled chamber suites, &c., &c.

Also, four solid rosewood parlor suites, covered in brocatel and hair-cloth, made by the best City makers, and sold with a written warrantee, together with an assortment of crockery, China ware, glass ware, clocks, mattresses, &c., &c. Sale peremptory. Catalogues now ready. Dealers and others are invited to attend.

BLEECKER, SON & Co., Auctioneers.

VALUABLE BOWERY PROPERTY.—A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, March 24, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange:

Two valuable plots, with the several buildings, Nos. 291 and 293 Bowery, near Houston-st.

No. 291 consists of three houses and a factory; size of lot, 25 and 24.8x120.3. Rents for $1,833.

No. 293 consists of five houses and a factory; lot 23 4 and 15.7x229.2, with alley way to 1st-st. Rents for $3,427.

Also, on 3d-st, the three-story and basement brick house and lot No. 52, near 2d-av., in perfect order; will rent for $150.

Maps, and further particulars, at No. 7 Broad-st.

A. M. CHESNEAU, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF AN IMPORTER'S stock of fine watches and diamond jewelry, A. M. CHESNEAU, will sell on FRIDAY, 25th inst, at No. 73 Liberty-st. near Broadway, at 10½ o'clock:

Gold and silver hunting and open face, Beasely, Tobias, Yates and Johnson patent and detached levers and double time watches, Duplex Chronometers and Palcque Levers.

Also a large assortment of rich diamond pins, rings and bracelets, together with various other articles too numerous to mention. Catalogues on morning of sale. The trade are respectfully invited to attend.

DANIEL S. HOUGH, Auctioneer—Office No. 220 Broadway.

DANIEL S. HOUGH WILL SELL AT AUCTION, TO MORROW, (Thursday,) March 24, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., precisely, all the contents of the private residence No. 36 Clinton-place, in 8th-st., between Broadway and University-place, including the parlor, library and kitchen furniture, all made to order, and nearly new. It cannot be described in an advertisement. To be appreciated must be seen. The assortment is very large, the goods first-class, embracing rosewood and other furniture, elegant decorations, works of art, &c., and all to be sold without reserve. For particulars, see descriptive catalogue at the house.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer, Salesroom No. 23 Nassau-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction, on THURSDAY, March 24, at 12 o'clock, in front of store No. 23 Nassau-st, to close an estate, a pair of brown mares, 5 and 6 years old, long tails, perfectly sound, and kind in single or double harness; are good travelers and very stylish drivers; one of them an excellent saddle-horse. Also, a light shifting-top wagon, very little used. Also, a set of plain double harness.

WM. WITTERS, Auctioneer,

WILL SELL, THIS DAY, AT 2 O'CLOCK, at No. 454 Canal-st. all the furniture, &c., of a large house: Beds and bedding, tapestry, 3-ply, ingrain and other carpets, oil-cloths, parlor suites, wardrobes, bookcases, with an endless variety of other goods. Dealers are particularly invited.

JOHN P. MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer.

350 CASES BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS at auction on THURSDAY, March 24, at 10½ o'clock, at the store of I. F. Davis & Co., No. 56 Beekman-st., a prime assortment of fresh, seasonable goods adapted to country and City trade.

A. B. RICHARDS, Auctioneers.

500 CASES ROOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—RICHARDS & WHITING will sell, on THURSDAY, March 23 at 10½ o'clock, at store No. 44 Cortlandt-st., a desirable assortment of Spring goods. City and country dealers are invited to attend. Catalogues on morning of sale.

PHILIP H. VAN ANTWERP, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON FRIDAY, MARCH 25—The stock of carriages contained in the Repository, No. 646 Broadway: also, sets of harness, sleighs, robes, whips, &c., together with the materials, tools, &c., of shop, office furniture, iron safe, &c. By order of LOUIS LESLIE, Assignee. Terms at sale.

SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer.

BY SIMEON DRAPER, OFFICE NO. 30 PINE-STREET.—Regular Auction Sale at the Merchants' Exchange EVERY DAY. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale. Sales THIS DAY at 12½ o'clock. See catalogue.

H. WILSON, Auctioneer.

300 CASES BOOTS AND SHOES—AT THE store No. 49 Dey-st., on TUESDAY, March 23, at 10 o'clock A. M. Also constantly on hand, a large assortment at private sale, by A. D. GALE, No. 49 Dey-st.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—TAKE notice, that I JOHN GOULD, assignee of David G. Farnum and Samuel M. Weekes, composing the late firm of Farnum & Weekes, will sell at public auction, by Adrian H. Muller, auctioneer, at the Merchants' Exchange, on the 2d day of April, at 12 o'clock noon, all the assets and effects of said late firm in my hands as assignee, consisting of notes, judgments, claims in suit and book accounts. Terms cash. JOHN GOULD, Assignee of Farnum & Weekes

AUCTION NOTICE.—PARTIES RELINQUISHing housekeeping, and who are averse to a public sale, can find a liberal cash customer, by addressing, with name, Box No. 1 New-York Post-office.

SUBMARINE TELEGRAPH CABLE FOR SALE—By the New-York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Company, in lengths to suit purchasers; about 36 miles of superior quality, large size Submarine Telegraphic Cable, with three conducting wires, manufactured to order by Kuper & Co., of London. For particulars, inquire of S. W. LOWBER, Secretary, No. 51 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

CHOICE CITY INSURANCE STOCKS

For sale, in lots to suit purchasers,
By SATTERLEE & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
No 49 Exchange-place.

Small lots of the following desirable investment Stocks now on hand, viz.:

Continental Ins. Co.	People's Ins. Co.
Home Ins. Co.	Exchange Ins. Co.
Manhattan Ins. Co.	Commonwealth Ins. Co.
Washington Ins. Co.	Harmony Ins. Co.
Nassau Ins. Co.	Columbia Ins. Co.
Phenix Ins. Co.	Lafayette Ins. Co.
Brooklyn Ins. Co.	Excelsior Ins. Co.
Williamsburgh City Ins. Co.	Arctic Ins. Co.
Metropolitan Ins. Co.	Indemnity Ins. Co.
Mercantile Ins. Co.	Grocer's Ins. Co.
Jersey City Ins. Co.	Gt. Western Marine Ins. Co.
Relief Ins. Co.	Columbia Ins. Co.
Humboldt Ins. Co.	Mercantile Ins. Co.
American Ins. Co.	

Also, a line of first-class Bonds, City Railroad Stocks, and other investment securities, on hand and for sale. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Board of Brokers, or at private sale.

GEO. B SATTERLEE,
H. A. BOSTWICK,
Member of Board of Brokers,
H. TRACY ARNOLD,
} SATTERLEE & CO.

DIVIDEND.

OFFICE REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 16 Wall-st., Jan. 13, 1859.

CAPITAL $150,000.
SURPLUS OVER $100,000.
Capital and Surplus limited to $1,000,000.

BY THIS COMPANY HAVE TO-DAY DECLARED A dividend of SIX 25-100 DOLLARS PER SHARE, payable to the stockholders on demand.

They have also declared an interest dividend of Six Per Cent. upon their outstanding scrip, payable on TUESDAY, the 8th day of February next, in cash.

They have further declared a scrip dividend on the earned premiums of the year ending the 31st day of December, 1858, of Thirty per Cent., the certificates deliverable to parties entitled thereto on TUESDAY, the 8th day of February next.

The Scrip Dividends decared by this Company for the last five years amount to ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-FIVE AND A HALF PER CENT.

ROBERT S. HONE, President.
DUNCAN F. CURRY, Secretary.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, VERMONT CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY.—STATE OF VERMONT, IN CHANCERY, CHITTENDEN COUNTY.—*Lawrence Brainerd and George M. Dexter, Surviving Trustees, et als.*, vs. *The Vermont Central Railroad Company, et als.*—Upon hearing in the above-entitled cause, upon bill, answer, traverse and testimony, it *is ordered* that said cause be referred to Charles Russell, of Burlington, as Special Master, and also to George S. Hale, of Boston, Massachusetts, as Special Commissioner, to act in that State, to ascertain and report, severally and respectively, as far as evidence shall be offered for that purpose, who may be at the time of the hearings before them, as hereinafter provided, the owners respectively of the first mortgage bonds, so called, of the Vermont Central Railroad, mentioned in the bill, the place of residence of such owners, and how much is due to each upon such bonds at the time of such hearings, or upon the interest thereon, and how much will grow due thereon, thereafter, and when; and report to this Court thereon, the names of said bondholders presenting their claims and the several amounts thereof respectively.

And it is by said Court hereby further ordered that all owners and holders of said bonds so-called, do severally present their said claims upon, and in respect thereto, before said Master or Commissioner for allowance and report, at the time and place to be by them respectively appointed, as hereinafter provided, and in default thereof they will be subject to such further order as this Court may make in the premises, in respect to their said unpresented claims being barred, and otherwise.

And it is hereby further ordered, by said Court, that said Master (Russell) will also ascertain and report how much the value of the property, covered by said mortgage has been enhanced, since it came into the hands of, and has been held by, the Trustees under said mortgage, by an appropriation of the earnings of said property, covered by said mortgage, for that purpose; and whether the Trustees under said mortgage have been guilty of waste in respect to said property, and if so, which of said Trustees, and to what extent, and in what respect, and whether before or after the breach of the condition of said mortgage, by the non-payment of interest on said bonds so-called.

And it is further ordered that said Master and Commissioner respectively give notice of the time and place of said hearings before them, by causing notice thereof to be published once in each week for the space of ninety days before such time of hearing, in the following named newspapers to wit: The Burlington *Weekly Times*, the Vermont *Watchman and State Journal*, printed at Montpelier, Vt.; the Boston *Daily Post*, printed at Boston, in the State of Massachusetts; the *New-York Daily Times*, printed in the City of New-York; and the *United States Gazette*, printed in the city of Philadelphia.

And it is ordered that said cause stand over until the coming in of said reports for further directions therein without prejudice to either party.

And it is ordered, also, that either party may read, on the hearing before said Master and Commissioner, the evidence already on file in said cause, and may adduce such further evidence as may be material to the questions hereby referred.

Done in Court this 13th day of December, A. D. 1858.
MILO L. BENNETT, Chancellor.
GEO. F. EDMUNDS, Solicitor for Orators.

STATE OF VERMONT,
Chittenden County, SS.,
IN CHANCERY.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the foregoing order of the Court of Chancery, the said CHARLES RUSSELL will attend to the duties in said order assigned to him, at the office of George F. Edmunds, in Burlington, in said County, on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1859, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon: and that said GEO. S. HALE will attend to the duties assigned him by said order, at the office of Henry Rice, in Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, on the 20th day of May, the 9th day of May, and the 10th day of June, A. D. 1859, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days, at which times and places all persons interested are hereby notified to attend before us respectively.

CHARLES RUSSELL,
Special Master in Chancery.
GEO. S. HALE,
Special Commissioner.
GEO. F. EDMUNDS, Solicitor for Orators.
Jan. 12. 2f-law3mW

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE WALL-STREET FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Notice is hereby given that the Comptroller of the State of New-York, having, in pursuance of section 24 of chapter 466 of the Laws of 1853, directed that in order to justify the continuance of the business of this Company, the officers thereof require the stockholders to pay the amount of a deficiency which, it appears to him, exists in its assets, on or before the 26th day of March instant, and that the following resolutions have been passed by the Board of Directors:

Be it Resolved, That in accordance with a requisition, duly received from the Comptroller of the State of New-York, that the stockholders of this Company shall pay such an assessment on their respective stock as will make up the amount of capital as required by their charter; and that therefore an assessment be laid therefor upon the stockholders of this Company of three dollars for each share of twenty dollars held by them, and that the same be paid on or before the 25th day of March, 1859.

Be it further Resolved, That the Secretary transmit a copy of these resolutions to each stockholder and notify personally or by advertisement each stockholder, that such stockholder is required to pay a proportionate share of the amount necessary to make the capital of this Company equal to the amount fixed by the charter, and state in such notification the amount such stockholder is so called upon to contribute, and the time and place of payment thereof.

In accordance with the above resolutions, you are hereby notified that you are required to pay, at the office of the Company, your proportionate share of the amount necessary to make the capital of this Company equal to the amount fixed by the charter.

Office of the Wall-st. Fire Insurance Co., No. 2 Wall-st.
B. F. STILES, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, March 15, 1859.

OFFICE OF THE GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY OF 1859.—NEW YORK, March 21, 1859.—This Company being organized under its charter, is prepared to issue stock to all parties entitled to it under the compromise arrangement adopted at the meeting of creditors and bondholders held Sept. 19, 1857. All claims and compacts for which stock is to be issued, should be presented as above at the Office No. 54 William-st., on or before the 1st of May next. The Company will also redeem at maturity, at the same place, the interest coupons due April 1 and Aug. 1, 1859, upon all bonds of the former Great Western Railroad Company, the back coupon of which shall have been surrendered and stock accepted therefor, in accordance with the compromise and the act of incorporation of this Company.

CORPORATORS.
J. N. A. GRISWOLD, WM. A. WHITE,
LEROY M. WILEY, JAS. DUNLAP,
JAS. L. LAMB.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN Election for six Directors of the American, Atlantic and Pacific Ship Canal Company, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York, on MONDAY, the 2d day of May next, from 12 to 2 o'clock P. M. JOHN P. YELVERTON, President.
ISAAC C. LEA, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, March 1, 1859.

DIVIDEND.—OFFICE OF THE HARLEM GAS-LIGHT COMPANY, NO. 80 NASSAU-STREET.—New-York, March 19, 1859.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Three and a Half (3½) per Cent., payable on and after the 28th inst. The transfer books will be closed from the 24th until the 28th inst.
HENRY P. McGOWN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PHŒNIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—BROOKLYN, March 8, 1859.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Semi Annual Dividend of Ten per Cent., payable on demand at their Branch Office No. 63 Wall-st., New-York.
PHILANDER SHAW, Sec.

DIVIDEND.—GROCERS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—No. 48 Wall-st., (Bank of New-York Building,) New-York, March 1, 1859.—The Board of Directors of this Company, have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Six (6) per Cent., payable to the stockholders on demand.
JAMES G. PLATT, Secretary.

FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENTS FOR SALE—Camden and Amboy Railroad, and Delaware and Raritan Canal Joint Six Per Cent. Bonds; Bay City Bonds; Gas-Light Stocks; Buffalo City Water Bonds; Oswego & Syracuse Railroad Stock. JOHN B. MURRAY & CO., No. 40 Wall-st., N. Y. City.

OFFICE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
New-York, March 21, 1859.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN Directors of the Panama Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company No. 88 Wall-st., (Tontine Buildings) on MONDAY, the 4th April next. The polls will open at 12 o'clock M. and close at 2 P. M.
JOSEPH F. JOY, Secretary.

ELECTION.—COLUMBIA FIRE INSURANCE Company, No. 10 Wall-st., New-York March 21, 1859. The annual election for Directors and Inspectors of Election of this Company will be held at this office on MONDAY, 4th of April next. The poll will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. JOHN C. BERGH, Secretary.

ELECTION.—PARK FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. 257 BROADWAY, CORNER PARK-PLACE—NEW-YORK, March 19, 1859.—The annual election for Forty-five Directors of this Company will be held at the office on MONDAY next, April 4. Poll open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. WM. JAFFRAY, Secretary.

P. W. GALLAUDET, NOTE BROKER, NO. 60 Wall-st., New-York.—Particular attention given to the sale of hardware, fancy and dry goods business paper. Collections made in any part of the United States.

WILLIAM HOGE & CO., BANKERS—NO. 40 Wall-st. Bills on London, Liverpool and California for sale.

BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE paper wanted by JOHN B. MURRAY & CO., No. 40 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 5 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS,
AND NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

GRANT LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR MERCANTILE PURPOSES. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on all the principal Towns and Cities of

FRANCE,	BELGIUM,	ITALY,
GREAT BRITAIN,	SPAIN,	GERMANY,
IRELAND,	PORTUGAL,	RUSSIA,
HOLLAND,	SWITZERLAND,	SWEDEN,

ALSO ON

ATHENS,	CONSTANTINOPLE,	ALEXANDRIA,
CAIRO,	BEYROUT,	JERUSALEM,

&c., &c.

BILLS ON PARIS, and Sterling Bill, at short or 60 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT, for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world.

AUGUST BELMONT,
BANKER,
NO. 76 BEAVER-ST.,
Issues Letters of Credit for travelers, available in all parts of the world, through the Messrs. Rothschilds, of Paris, London, Frankfort, Naples and Vienna, and their correspondents.

JOHN B. MURRAY & CO.,
GENERAL BANKING, DISCOUNT AND COLLECTION HOUSE,
No. 40 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK CITY.
Orders or inquiries from correspondents promptly acknowledged.

DENNISTOUN, WOOD & CO.,
NO. 33 WALL-STREET,
Buy and sell Sterling Exchange, and issue Commercial and Travelers' Credits, available in all parts of the world.

THE STOCKHOLDERS AND CREDITORS of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company, Eastern Division, are hereby notified that at a meeting of the Trustees named in the Agreement of Dec. 15, 1858, duly held at their office No. 83 Wall-st. March 19, 1859, the following Preamble and Resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, The Agreement of Dec. 15, 1858, has been subscribed by only a portion of the parties whose signatures thereto are essential, in order to carry into effect the primary and main purposes contemplated thereby; and

Whereas, It is important to determine at an early day whether such primary and main purposes of said Agreement can or can not be consummated; therefore, it is

Resolved, By the Trustees, pursuant to the authority given by the Tenth Article of said Agreement, that from and after the FIRST DAY OF MAY NEXT, the right of any and of all part es to subscribe to said Agreement of Dec 15, 1858, or any of its counterparts, shall cease and terminate, except upon and with the unanimous consent of said Trustees, as provided in the said Tenth Article thereof.

Resolved further, That the Trustees will, on or after the first day of May next, determine whether or not said Agreement of Dec. 15, 1858, has then been subscribed by the parties essential to give effect to, and to consummate its primary and main purposes as declared.

Resolved further, That the Trustees publish a notice of the above Preamble and Resolutions, in accordance with the Seventeenth Article of said Agreement.

Resolved further, That the Trustees will, unitedly and earnestly make all fair and honorable efforts to procure, before the FIRST DAY OF MAY NEXT, the signatures of parties necessary to consummate and carry into effect the primary and main purposes of said Agreement, believing, as they do, that the consummation of said purposes, as therein declared, is essential to secure and protect the interests of all the Creditors and Stockholders of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company, Eastern Division, and to prevent the foreclosure of the mortgages on the corporate property and franchises of that Company.

For further and additional information, apply at the offices of the Company, at Cincinnati, and No. 88 Wall-st., New-York.—Dated, March 18, 1859 (Signed.)
mh23-2aw6w W&S* WM. H. ASPINWALL, Chair'n.

DUBUQUE CITY 10 PER CENT. BONDS for sale by MORSE & WOLFF, No. 41 William-st.

INSURANCE.

THE GROCERS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY Have removed to No. 48 Wall-st., Bank of New-York Building.
SAMPSON MOORE, President.
JAMES G. PLATT, Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.—OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS, No. 32 Chamber-st., New-York, Jan. 10, 1859.—Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Rolls of Real and Personal Estate in the City of New-York for the year 1859 are now open for public inspection, and will continue open until the 30th day of April next, inclusive. All tax-payers are earnestly requested to call and examine the same, in order that any errors in the assessments may be corrected. Also, all persons entitled by law to reduction of their assessments, by reason of being clergymen or for military services; and also literary and charitable institutions, by law exempt from taxation, are requested to make application for such reduction or exemption, previous to the closing of the rolls on said 30th day of April.

The following section of the act of April 16, 1857, is published for the information of tax-payers:

SEC. 12. During the time the books shall be open to public inspection, as hereinbefore provided, application may be made by any person considering himself aggrieved by the assessed valuation of his real or personal estate, to have the same corrected; and such application be made in relation to the assessed valuation of real estate, it must be made in writing, stating the ground of objections thereto, and thereupon the Commissioners shall examine into the complaint, and if, in their judgment, the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected. Application made in relation to the assessed valuation of personal estate, the applicant shall be examined under oath by the said Commissioners or any of them, and if, in their judgment, the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected, and declare their decision thereon within thirty days after such application shall have been made to them. No reduction shall be made by the Board of Supervisors of any assessment on real or personal estate imposed under this act, unless it shall appear, under oath or affirmation, that the party aggrieved was unable to attend within the period prescribed for the correction of taxes, by reason of sickness or absence from the City.—*Laws of 1857, page 500.*

J. W. ALLEN,
A. J. WILLIAMSON,
J. W. BROWN,
Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of an alias Fi. Fa., to me directed, issued from the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Illinois, dated the 6th day of December, A. D. 1858, upon a judgment for $47,436, rendered June 4, 1857, in favor of Richard P. Morgan, plaintiff, and against the Peoria and Oquawka Railroad Company, defendants, I have levied upon all the right, title and interest of said Company in and to the Peoria and Oquawka Railroad lying within the Northern District of Illinois, including the Oquawka branch of said Railroad, in the county of Henderson, and the railroad bridge of said defendant across the Mississippi River at or opposite Peoria, and all the right, title and interest of the said Company in and to all side-tracks, dépôt-grounds, right of way, machine-shops, engine-houses and turn-tables, and all the other appurtenances thereunto belonging or used therewith, including the rolling stock of said road, consisting of passenger-cars and freight-cars, hand-cars and locomotive engines, which I shall expose to sale at the Court house door, in the city of Peoria, at the hour of noon on the 26th day of March next.

C. N. PINE, U. S. Marshal Northern Dist. Illinois.
By V. W. BOYER, Deputy.
ARRINGTON & BURGESS, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

CENTRAL PARK UNPAID ASSESSMENTS.—NOTICE TO OWNERS OF PROPERTY.—The owners of property assessed for Central Park are hereby notified that the said assessments are expected to be paid on or before the 1st day of May next, pursuant to law of Feb. 5, 1856, the date of confirmation by the Supreme Court; and unless said assessments are paid by May 5 next, the assessment list will be sent to the Clerk of Arrears, when INTEREST WILL BE CHARGED AT THE RATE OF TWELVE PER CENT. PER ANNUM from the date of confirmation. The property assessed is embraced in the following limits, viz.: all those pieces of land situated in the said City, bounded and described as follows: that is to say, on the north by the centre line of the blocks between 116th and 117th sts.; on the south by the centre line of the blocks between 41st and 42d sts.; on the east by the centre line of the blocks between 2d and 3d avs.; on the west by the centre line of the blocks between 10th and 11th avs.; and also all those certain other lots, pieces and parcels of land fronting on either side of the 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th avs., between 116th and 120th sts.; and all those certain other lots, pieces and parcels of land fronting on either side of the 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th avs., and Broadway, between 33d and 42d sts., as laid out on the map of the Commissioners, on file in this office.

DANIEL E. DELAVAN, Collector of Assessments.
COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, No. 2 City Hall, basement.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—ALL PERSONS having claims or demands against JACOB J. VAN PELT, of the City of New-York, incurred prior to April 5, 1858, are hereby required to present a detailed statement of the same to the undersigned, at the office of JOHN M. EAGER, Counsellor-at-Law, No. 34 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of June next, when the undersigned will make a distribution of the assigned estate of said VAN PELT, among those whose claims shall have been presented to us as hereby required.—Dated New-York, Dec. 15, 1858.

CHARLES H. CORSER,
JONATHAN BEERS,
Assignees of said Jacob J. Van Pelt.
d18-2aw6mS&W.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of WAGNER & McCULLOUGH, at No. 760 Broadway, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

DANIEL B. WAGNER,
NEW-YORK, June 1, 1858. ROBT'K. McCULLOUGH.

The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of WAGNER & COOPER, at No. 926 Broadway, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

DANIEL B. WAGNER,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 1, 1859. JNO. H. COOPER.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL ITALIAN AND FRENCH PRODUCE WAREHOUSE—No. 75 Fulton-st., New-York. The undersigned having entered into partnership under the firm name of DACORSI, MANARA & CO., as importers of Italian and French Produce, are prepared to furnish every article in their line. Their importations are made direct, and all articles furnished by them may be relied upon.

S. DACORSI,
T. MANARA,
V. SQUARZA.

JOHN WILEY HAS PURCHASED THE interest of ROBERT HALSTED, in the late firm of WILEY & HALSTED and will continue the Bookselling, Publishing and Importing business as heretofore, on his own account and is authorized to collect and settle all debts due to or by the late firm.

JOHN WILEY.
NEW-YORK, March 22, 1859. ROBERT HALSTED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—THAT AN APplication will be made to the Legislature of the State of New-York, during its present session, for an act of incorporation for the purpose of establishing and maintaining in the City of New-York an Astronomical Observatory.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS

AT EVERDELL'S, THESE CELEBRATED cards, splendidly engraved, can only be had—Broadway, corner of Duane-st.

SHIPPING.

TAPSCOTT'S LINE—LIVERPOOL PACKETS.

The subscribers continue to grant Certificates of Passage to or from Liverpool by their favorite line of packets, comprising in part the following ships, viz.:

WM. TAPSCOTT,	EMERALD ISLE,	ALBION,
DREADNOUGHT,	MIDDLESEX,	VICTORY,
BENJ. ADAMS,	CONSTELLATION,	JOHN J. BOYD,
WEST POINT,	PHŒNIX,	SWITZERLAND,
UNDERWRITER,	SHAMROCK,	CAMBRIA,

making together, with others, a ship every five days.

The subscribers are also agents for the
"X LINE OF LONDON PACKETS,"
and
"GLASGOW LINE OF STEAMERS,"
for all of which they grant certificates on liberal terms.
REMITTANCES TO IRELAND, &c.

T. & CO. also continue to issue drafts, payable on demand, throughout England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales. Circulars, with full particulars, may be had on application (if by letter inclose postage stamp) to
TAPSCOTT & CO., No. 88 South-st., New-York.
TAPSCOTT, SMITH & CO., Liverpool.

CLIPPER OF SATURDAY, APRIL 2.
ROSS, FALCONER & CO.'S LINE
FOR
SAN FRANCISCO.
The Extreme Clipper Ship
VIKING,
WINSOR, Master, is now loading at
Pier No. 19 East River, foot of Maiden-lane,
AND WILL HAVE DISPATCH AS ABOVE.
The ventilation of this ship is now such as to insure the perfect delivery of her cargo, and having made her three passages to San Francisco in 123, 114 and 108 days, makes her the most desirable ship now loading.
INSURES AT THE LOWEST RATES. Favorable engagements can be made by early application to
ROSS, FALCONER & CO.,
No. 46 Pine-st., cor. William-st.

SUTTON & CO.'S
Dispatch Line
FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
The magnificent A 1 first-class Extreme Clipper Ship
ORPHEUS,
Is receiving her cargo at Pier No. 21 East River,
And will be dispatched on or before
SATURDAY, April 2.

Shippers are requested to examine this splendid Clipper, when they will be satisfied she has no superior in the trade for fast sailing and good delivery of cargo. Having very large engagements she will probably finish loading by
SATURDAY, March 26, inst.
SUTTON & CO., No. 58 South-st., corner of Wall.

FOR HAVANA AND NEW-ORLEANS.
To sail WEDNESDAY, March 23, at 12 o'clock, (now receiving freight,)
The Louisiana Tehuantepec Company's steamship
COATZACOALCOS,
This magnificent and fast steamship, THOMAS W. WILSON, Commander, will leave for the above ports on WEDNESDAY, March 23, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 44, North River, foot of Spring-st.

Passage, First Cabin	$60
Steerage	$25

Freight 30c. to New-Orleans.
No freight taken for Havana except specie.
Bills of lading furnished and signed on board.
Apply to HARGOUS BROTHERS,
No. 33 South st.

**THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S STE

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDAR—WEDNESDAY, March 23.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—No. 87, set down cause.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Over and terminer. *Part II.*—Nos. 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000, 1004, 1006, 1008, 1010, 1012, 1014, 1016, 1018, 1020, 1022. *Part III.*—Nos. 891, 659, 917, 919, 921, 927, 929, 931, 933, 935, 937, 939, 941, 947, 951, 957, 959, 961, 965, 971.

SPECIAL TERM—Nos. 95, 190, 172, 195 to 198, 200, 202 to 206, 209, 210, 18, 19, 151, 68, 69, 72, 84, 87, 164.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.—Nos. 227, 1645, 587, 590, 591, 553 to 559, 585, 534, 603, 428, 542, 199, 302, 494, 105, 384, 632, 342, 686, 687, 689, 690, 693, 694, 696, 697, 701, 702, 705, 706. Extra Calendar—Nos. 538, 537, 665, 669, 674, 675, 679, 680, 684, 692, 695, 699, 703, 707, 708, 710, 711.

COMMON PLEAS—*Part I.*—Nos. 1312, 968, 1357, 1306, 1408, 1455, 1489, 1343, 1261, 1421, 1133, 620. *Part II.*—Calendar same as yesterday.

Trial of James Stephens for the Murder of his Wife by Poison—Important Rebutting Testimony for the Prosecution.

FOURTEENTH DAY.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.

Before the Hon. Judge Roosevelt.

The District-Attorney and Mr. Shaffer commenced the rebutting testimony for the prosecution yesterday morning. The evidence of their witnesses was highly important, as it contradicted, in most important particulars, the testimony of the witnesses for the defence.

Michael Flynn, re-examined by the District-Attorney—I know James Hannah; I never sold him any arsenic during the Summer of 1857; I never sold arsenic to any person in his presence, in the Summer of that year; there was no person present when I sold the arsenic to Stephens that I mentioned in my direct examination; I had a conversation at that time with Stephens.

To a Juror—The price of arsenic per ounce is six cents.

Michael Thornton, examined by the District-Attorney—I remember the inquest on the body of Sophia Stephens; I acted as deputy or clerk to the Coroner; I took down the testimony of each witness; the papers now shown me contain such testimony; I was present when the signature on page 24 was written; it is the signature of Susan Hannah; the deposition to which it is attached is in my handwriting; the signature on page 39 is also that of Susan Hannah; the deposition to which it is attached is in my writing; I find that she said in her deposition "When I went to see Mrs. Stephens, I used to go occasionally to the sick room;" she testified on that occasion.

Mr. Ashmead objected to the witness being allowed to refresh his memory by holding the deposition in his hand while he answered the District Attorney's questions. Overruled, and exceptions taken.

Witness—Susan Hannah testified that "Sophia and Fanny Bell were always in their aunt's sick-room;" the testimony in these depositions was taken down by me from the witnesses as they gave them; before they attached their signatures, their testimony was read over to them, and anything they wished to be expunged was expunged; Susan Hannah testified that Fanny Bell was the principal attendant on Mrs. Stephens;" she testified that "Mrs. Stephens expressed a desire to take no more medicine;" she testified that she (Susan Hannah) "did not go so close to Mrs. Stephens as to find out whether it was laudanum or not;" she testified that "Mrs. Stephens died about half-past two o'clock in the morning;" Susan Hannah was allowed to speak as she wished to do, before the Coroner.

The witness proceeded to give many other illustrations of the contradictions between the testimony of Susan Hannah before the Coroner, and her testimony last week before the Jury in this Court; he also showed that Isabella Bennett's and Maria Hannah's testimony offered similar important contradictions, as did that of George Davis and some of the other witnesses for the defence.

William Knox, examined by the District-Attorney—I reside at No. 45 Laight-street; I know Stephens, the prisoner; knew his wife; know Sophia and Fanny Bell; I am their cousin; I have slept in the same room with them; I was upon a bed with both of them on one occasion; I cannot remember the date; it was after Mrs. Stephens died; I went there one evening to visit; I went to bed to sleep with the prisoner; he told me to go and sleep with the girls, as there was more room; I went in and laid on the outside of the bed; the girls objected, and I lay across the foot of the bed; I only removed my coat and hat; I did not divest myself of any other part of my clothing—not even my boots and shoes; I never was in a bed with Sophia or Fanny Bell; I never got out of a bed in which Stephens was and got into bed with those girls; I heard at one time that Isabella Bennett was under the bed where Stephens and I slept; I did not leave that bed till I got up in the morning; Maria Hannah never came to the house and found me in bed with Fanny Bell at any time; some of Mrs. Stephens' front teeth were out before she died; they were out as long as I remember her; I remember her sixteen years; I remember the camp-meeting which took place two months before her death; I called at the house that day; I saw Mrs. Stephens; she was well; I heard of no sickness at that time; I visited her once in her last sickness, three or four days before she died; Isabella Bennett was not there; I remember when Sophia and Fanny left the prisoner's house to go and live elsewhere; I and Mr. Bennett went with them to help move their goods; the prisoner came afterwards; I had a conversation with the prisoner the evening before; before I went down stairs Mr. Stephens said to Sophia, "I did not ask anybody here to night," meaning me; he was mad and took a bandbox, and knocked it through the house; he was crying, and said the girls did not give him warning they were going; I carried some gin to the pic-nic in July, 1857; I did not notice Sophia Bell take any gin, or give any to anybody; they did not bring any gin along with them.

Cross-examined by Mr. Cushing—I was first subpœned to attend this trial on Friday last, I believe; I was examined as a witness before the Coroner, and before Judge Welsh; I never paid any attention to Sophia and Fanny Bell as a suitor; I was aware they were engaged—Sophia to Mr. Cardwell, and Fanny to Mr. Mills; I heard this before I got on the bed with them; I have made Sophia presents; I have been to New-Utrecht with her, and staid all night; it was after she was engaged to Cardwell; I never paid any attendance to the girls with a view to matrimony; I have given Fanny Bell presents—never gave her my miniature; I did not swear before Judge Welsh I did give her my miniature; I always saw Sophia Bell and James Stephens intimate; I have never seen them too intimate; I did not swear before Judge Welsh that they were too intimate; I swore he was very attentive to her; I mean he was attentive as a guardian; I did not swear before the Justice that I slept on one side of the bed, and could not remember which side, nor which of the girls was near me; I swore that I could not remember if Sophia got up and left the room; she might have done so, but not to my knowledge; Maria told me she was under the bed listening to what Stephens and I were talking about; I told her if I had known it I would have got out of bed and pulled her in; I never threatened to kill Stephens.

Direct resumed—When I went to New-Utrecht I left New-York about ten A. M; I went with Sophia Bell to the house of Mr. Welsh, a friend of mine and an acquaintance of Sophia Bell; I slept with Mr. Welsh; Sophia slept with Mrs. Welsh; it was a wet night, and we returned next morning.

Thomas H. Jones, examined by the District-Attorney—I am foreman of Peckham's marble mill, No. 182 Twenty-third-street; I know James Hannah; he works there; I keep account of the men's time; on the week ending Sept. 19, 1857, he worked on Monday one day, Tuesday a day and a quarter, Wednesday a day and a quarter, Thursday a day and a quarter, Saturday one day; on Monday of the next week he worked one day; on Tuesday one day.

Henry Maxwell, examined by the District-Attorney—I live at No. 125 East Thirty-first-street; at present I am a house agent; previous to July, 1858, I had for several years attended the Methodist Church in Twenty-seventh-street; I was acquainted with Sophia and Fanny Bell for some years; as a local preacher I officiated at prayer meetings; I had those ladies under my eye at all times; at no time did I ever see any improper conduct in either of them; I held them in very much respect.

To Mr. Cushing—I have been thirty years a local minister, and have never had a charge brought against me.

John Bisco, examined by Mr. Shaffer—I reside at No. 159 East Twenty-third-street; I am in the real estate business; I was a Juror on the Coroner's Jury at the inquest on the body of Mrs. Stephens; I recollect no special directions given by the Coroner to the witnesses; he asked questions touching every point; so did the Jury; when witnesses stopped narrating, they were asked if they had anything more to say; no objections were ever made, to my recollection, to each witness stating everything he or she desired; the Coroner directed them to pay attention to the reading over their evidence to them, and if any alteration was necessary, to make it; this was always done before they appended their signatures.

James Hammond, examined by Mr. Shaffer—I reside at No. 307 Third-avenue; I superintend the carting business in Broad-street; I know Sophia and Fanny Bell; I have been a member of the Twenty-seventh-street Methodist Church for seven years; I am acquainted with James Stephens; I have attended that Church every Sabbath for four years; I have seen the Misses Bell there; I have noticed their conduct toward each other; I have seen nothing out of the way in their conduct, that was disrespectful; I am class leader in that Church; I have seen Sophia in the choir.

Charles Mulholland, examined by Mr. Shaffer—I live at No. 380 Fourth-avenue; I am a tailor; I am a member of the Twenty-seventh-street Methodist Church; I know Sophia and Fanny Bell; have met Sophia in Dr. Munroe's class meetings; the meetings commenced on Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock; they were closed when afternoon services commenced; they were held in an off room of the church; I do not know James Stephens, the prisoner; I have seen him at the church; he had a station at the door of the church; I never saw anything improper in the conduct of the Misses Bell, in and about that church, towards James Stephens.

Isaac Foster, examined by Mr. Shaffer—I reside at No. 260 Seventh-street; I was connected with the Methodist Camp-Meeting Committee of 1857; it was held at Turner's; forty-eight miles from Jersey City; it began on the 17th of August and closed on the 22d.

Jane Harvey, examined by Mr. Shaffer—I reside at No. 552 Sixth-avenue; I am a married woman; my husband is a tailor; during the year 1857 I resided in Twenty-third-street, Avenue A, in John Clarke's house; I moved into that house May 1, 1857; I remained there to Oct. 1, 1857; the family of the Hannahs were in that house; they lived on the fourth story, the same story that I did; I know of no provisions being kept in the cellar of the house; know nothing of any arsenic being kept in it; it was fit for no person to go into; you could not even keep wood there, owing to the water; I never knew of the Hannah's having a large quantity of provisions at a time; they were in the habit of borrowing almost every little thing I could mention; the largest amount of butter I ever saw them bring in at one time was a quarter of a pound; they got much of their provisions from me; they were always borrowing provisions of me.

James Harvey, examined by Mr. Shaffer—I am the husband of the last witness; I lived in Twenty-third-street, corner of avenue A, in the house of John Clarke, in the Summer of 1857; I am a tailor, and worked at home; I was acquainted with the cellar of that house; it was in very bad condition; I never heard of any provision being kept there; I never heard of there being rats there; I never heard of any arsenic being put there.

Fanny Bell, recalled by Mr. Shaffer—I was not in Court when Mrs. Susan Hannah gave her testimony; I was not sick at any time during Mrs. Stephens' last sickness, from eating cabbage and meat; I never called Mrs. Stephens a liar; I never attempted to strike Mrs. Stephens with a bench or anything, or to throw a bench at her; during the last sickness Mrs. Hannah came there about every second day, until the last day, when she remained all day except about an hour; her daughter Isabella was there about two days and a night in the first week my aunt was sick; I did not afterwards see her there but three times till my aunt died; she was not there from Saturday till the Tuesday my aunt died; Maria Hannah and I went over, and told her my aunt was dead; during the last day of my aunt's life, she did not come into the house; Maria Hannah was in the house four or five times, stopping perhaps a quarter or half an hour each time; I could not say what days she was there; on the day of my aunt's death she came in about 8 o'clock in the evening; she was not there at any other part of that day; after coming at eight o'clock that night, she remained till the next morning at four o'clock; the husband of Mrs. Hannah was there two or three times during my aunt's illness; he came twice for Mrs. Hannah, and once when she was not there; this was some time before the last Friday before she died; I recollect the camp-meeting in August, 1857; I attended the camp-meeting, going on Thursday morning, and returning on Saturday; my syster and I went together; Stephens was at the camp-meeting; he left to attend the meeting on Friday morning before the meeting commenced, and returned at its close; my aunt's health, at that time, was good: I did not hear her complain; before my aunt's last sickness she had no swollen limbs that I know of; before her last sickness I never heard her complain of vomiting; the first time I ever saw her vomit was in her last sickness, when she died; I never heard of her having any sickness two days previous to her last sickness; she had lost her front teeth before she left Ireland; I have said to her that the carpet in her room would last as long or longer than she would; I never wrote a letter home to my father stating that my aunt died of drunkenness; I never said I did to Susan, or Maria Hanna, or Isabella Bennett; never asked Stephens to let me stop with him till I could get a boarding-house; don't remember making any flummery; William Knox never got into bed with me; he never, when Isabella was present, laid on or outside a bed with me; never left Isabella Bennett sitting in a rocking-chair in the sitting-room, while William Knox was in bed with me; [Miss Bell proceeded to deny all the testimony of Isabella Bennett on this subject; I never told her to get under Stephens' bed before he and William Knox came to bed, that we might hear what they talked about; she wished me to come with her under the bed, and I would not; I said they might say things I did not want to hear; she got under the bed herself; Knox never came into my bedroom undressed; Stephens never ordered me to leave his place; he once asked me if I had been looking for a boarding-house, and I said "Yes;" he was very angry about it; I was at the pic-nic of the Twenty-seventh-street Methodist Church; I drank lemonade; I don't remember drinking anything else.

Fanny Mulholland, examined by Mr. Shaffer—I am the wife of Charles Mulholland; I am connected with the Twenty-seventh-street Methodist Church; I only know Sophia and Fanny Bell by seeing them in Church; I have seen Stephens in Church; I have been an attendant at that Church between five and six years; as far as I know, the conduct of the Misses Bell has always been respectful; I never saw any improper conduct in them at any time.

Elizabeth Kirke, examined by Mr. Shaffer.—During the Summer of 1857 I lived at Mr. Clark's house, corner of Twenty-third-street and Avenue A; I know the Hannah family; they lived in the same house on the top floor; I lived there four years; left in May, 1858; there was no other lady there of the name of Kirke but myself; during the time I lived in that house I never heard of rats in the cellar; the cellar was not fit to be used for anything; it was always wet or slushy; I guess there was no food kept there by anybody; I never kept any there—not even coal; I know Isabella Hannah, now Isabella Bennett; I recollect Mrs. Stephens' funeral, because I lent some things to Mrs. Hannah's family to be worn; a week before that funeral Isabella was at home every day, I think; I did not miss her from home; Mrs. Hannah used to go and wash at Mrs. Stephens'.

Sophia Bell, recalled by Mr. Shaffer—During the last week of my aunt's sickness I do not remember seeing Mrs. Susan Hannah at Stephens' house but twice; I attended the camp meeting at Turner's with my sister; Stephens went Friday before the meeting, with Mr. Brandon; my aunt was not sick when I went away, or when I returned; I never knew of my aunt vomiting previous to her last sickness; she had lost her teeth as long as I can remember her; she lost them in Ireland; I did not say to Stephens that if he turned me out of the house I should have nowhere to go to; I wrote a letter home after my aunt died; Mr. Stephens told me to write, and told me what to say in the letter; William Knox never got into bed, or lay on the bed with me and my sister, while Isabella Bennett was in Stephens' house; I never kissed John Stevens, William Knox or John Bennett; they may have kissed me—I don't recollect.

The Court here adjourned till 10 o'clock this morning.

Decisions in Admiralty.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—MARCH 21.

Before Judge Betts.

PLEADINGS—DAMAGE TO CARGO—BILL OF LADING.

Jacob Nordlinger et al. vs. *The Schooner Catharina.*—This was a libel filed to recover for damages to cargo. It alleged that in Dec., 1855, thirty-one bales of merchandise were shipped on board the schooner in good order at Rotterdam, for which the master signed a bill of lading, and that only fifteen bales were delivered, and claimed damages for the loss of the rest. The answer denied all the allegations of the libel, except that certain merchandise was received on board, said to contain seed, which was stowed in the proper and usual manner and delivered in the same order as received, damages for which the respondent is not liable excepted.

The testimony showed that the merchandise was hemp seed. The bill of lading admitted its receipt in good order, and contained no exception of the perils of the seas but it contained the clause "Weight and contents unknown." It was proved by the mate of the schooner that the seed was well stowed on the top of the cargo below deck. The sixteen bags were rotted by the steam or sweat of the hold, and the seed came out into the hold, was mixed up with dirt, &c., in the hold, and was gathered up and put into bags on unloading the vessel, but the libelants refused to receive it in that condition. The voyage lasted seventy-two days and the weather was bad. No other proof was given of the loss of the cargo than the testimony of the mate.

Held by the Court—That the pleadings on both sides are exceedingly curt and uninstructive, and the libel would have been dismissed for omitting to set forth a definite cause of action had not the answer happened to supply its defects by intimating that the merchandise consisted of seed. Joining this concession to the loose suggestions of the libel, the Court may be justified in implying that the controversy related to thirty-one bags of some kind of seed, and then admit the bill of lading and other proofs to specify and explain the contract between the parties.

That the testimony of the mate plainly imports that the packages when put on board were in good order and full, and may be invoked by the libelant in corroboration of the admission of the bill of lading, and supplies all the proofs which the claimant could demand extraneous to the bill of lading to remove the effect of the clause of "Weight and contents unknown."

That the cargo then being received in good order, it devolves upon the ship-owner to show from what causes the injury arose, if he would free himself from his positive obligation as a common carrier.

That this Court has never felt authorized to imply an exoneration of a common carrier by water from responsibility for losses occasioned by perils of the sea when not expressly stipulated by the parties in their contract.

That no proof is given to exonerate the schooner, and the libelant is accordingly entitled to recover.

Decree for libelants, with a reference to compute damages.

For libelants, Mr. Starr; for claimants, Messrs. Beebe, Dean & Donohue.

ADVANCES BY NOTARY—DOMESTIC VESSEL—LIEN.

Zachariah Seaver et al. vs. *The Bark Thales.*—This was a libel filed by shipping notaries to recover advances made by them to a crew which they shipped for the bark, and compensation for shipping them. The bark was a domestic vessel owned in this port. The libelants failed to prove that they did advance the wages, or paid any moneys to the ship to aid in fitting her for the voyage.

Held by the Court—That the libelants cannot maintain an action for the recovery of the wages, without proving an assignment of the wages to them. They acquire no right of subrogation in place of the seamen, upon voluntary advances made in the discharge of wages.

That had the bark been a foreign vessel there would be reason to imply that their services as ship brokers were rendered on the credit of the ship, and the services being of a character to aid in the outfit of the vessel for the voyage, would be regarded as carrying a privilege against the vessel. But the reasons for applying that rule do not apply to domestic vessels in the ports where their owners reside and are amply responsible.

Libel dismissed with costs.

For libelant, Mr. Nash; for claimants, Messrs. Martin and Smith.

POSSESSION—CHARTER.

Garret T. Bergen et al. vs. *The steamboat Taminend.*—This was a libel for possession. The owners had chartered the boat to the libelants on July 3, 1856, for a term ending Oct. 5, 1858. The charter money was to be paid in installments, and the charterers were to give the owners collateral security. They failed, however, to pay the charter money as agreed; the collaterals proved worthless, and the charterers insolvent. Bergen thereupon, on Aug. 11, 1858, surrendered possession of the boat to the agent of the owners, and Stanley, the other libelant, also left her. This libel was filed on Aug. 21, to recover possession of the boat. Issue was not joined in the cause until after the period of the charter had expired.

Held by the Court—That the occupancy of the steamboat having been voluntarily surrendered by the charterers to the owners, their right to reclaim possession of her was lost.

Libel dismissed with costs.

For libelants, Mr. Stevens; for claimants, Messrs. Beebe, Dean & Donohue.

SMUGGLING WATCHES.

The United States vs. *Two packages marked "Joseph Fletcher" containing four gold watches.*—This was a libel of information filed to forfeit the goods as being concealed about the person of a passenger on the steamship *City of Washington*. The passenger, Mr. Fletcher, told the Custom-house officer that he had nothing dutiable with him, but on examination the officer found on him two gold watches and some chains, and two other watches were found with other passengers, which Fletcher admitted were his, and were given by him to them to be taken ashore for him. The passengers testified that one of the watches was given to one of them for his care on the voyage of some fancy dogs which Fletcher was bringing over, and that the other watch was sold to the other passenger on the voyage, he giving his promissory note for the price.

Held by the Court—That the proofs are sufficient to effect the condemnation of the articles seized. The testimony does not indicate an honest transfer of the two watches.

Decree for the Government condemning the goods.

For the United States, Mr. Sedgwick; for claimant, Mr. Joachimssen.

EXCEPTIONS TO REPORT.

Stephen Larrabee et al. vs. *The steamboat Piedmont.*—This case came up on exceptions to a Commissioner's report of damages.

Exceptions overruled and report confirmed with costs.

For libelant, Mr. Hawkins. For claimants, Messrs. Beebe, Dean & Donohue.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—March 21.

Before Justice Davies.

Henry L. Keyser et al. vs. *Max Sichels et al.*—There must be a finding of facts prepared and settled.

Before Justice Clerke.

Joseph S. Sheam vs. *Ethan V. Bishop et al.*—Motion to open inquest denied without costs.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Hoffman.

Henry H. Morange vs. *Francis H. Saltus.*—The plaintiff, a prominent member of our bar, commenced this action in October, 1857, to recover from the defendant, formerly his client, some $200 and upwards for services as attorney and counsel.

In January, 1858, the cause was referred to N. B. Hoxie, and on the 12th of March inst., the Referee reported in favor of plaintiff for the sum of $284 87. The defendant's attorney, on the 14th inst., on an affidavit that he intended to prepare a case, obtained 20 days to make the same, with a stay of proceedings on the part of the plaintiff, thereby preventing the plaintiff from entering judgment upon the report of the Referee.

The plaintiff moved to have the order staying proceedings vacated, on the ground that the only manner in which a report of a Referee could be reviewed was by an appeal to the General Term, after judgment. That his proceedings could not be stayed, except by the giving of an undertaking, or upon an order to show cause, &c. He contended that a Judge has no power to stay a plaintiff from entering his judgment on the report of a Referee.

The Court, however, denied the motion—the decision being rendered several days since.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.

Before Judge Daly.

Molony vs. *Dows.*—The trial of this action, for the arrest of plaintiff and his expulsion from California by the Vigilance Committee, was continued today.

Several depositions were read on the part of plaintiff to prove the various facts alleged in his complaint, and stated in our report yesterday.

Robert Richards, sworn—This witness is a resident of California, and was in San Francisco during the troubles of 1855–56. He gave a narrative of the action of the Vigilance Committee at that time. He testified he was not a member of the Committee, but had been at their head-quarters; on one occasion he saw Dows (the defendant) at their head-quarters; it was in the room which witness understood to be the "Executive Chamber." The Committee were in session at the time, and witness made a statement to the Committee, Dows being present and seated at a member's desk, in the same way as other members present. He also testified to a conversation with Dows, after Molony's deportation in which witness expressed to Dows his surprise that the Committee had sent him off. Dows said they must take care of themselves; that Molony was an active and influential man, and they must treat all alike.

William Bothwell testified to somewhat similar conversation with Dows respecting Molony's arrest, while the latter was still under guard.

James R. Molony, the plaintiff, was examined in his own behalf—I resided in California from 1849 to July 5, 1856; I first knew of the Vigilance Committee about the 18th of May, 1856; I saw them on parades; it was on the 21st of June I was arrested; I was in one of the State armories; the armory of the San Francisco Blues; I was first arrested on San Pablo Bay, about twenty-eight or thirty miles from San Francisco; I was then on board the schooner *Julia*, in charge of some State arms delivered to me by Gen. Wool upon a requisition from the Governor; I was taken in charge by a large body of armed men, and carried to San Francisco; after being detained on the deck an hour or so, it being just after daylight when we arrived, I was informed by the Captain that there were no charges against me, and I might go; in the afternoon, about three or four o'clock, I had gone to the Navy Agent's office, and, while there, an armed body of men came and asked to see me in the entry; I replied to the person who spoke for them that he might make known his business, where I was, in presence of the gentlemen present; several of the Vigilance Committee men made a rush to arrest me, and the bystanders ejected me from the office; after they had retired, I started to go to the armory of the San Francisco Blues; I was pursued by several hundred of the Vigilance Committee's men; I reached the armory; it was surrounded by three or four thousand men, with artillery guarding the approaches; they demanded a surrender; this was resisted for twenty or thirty minutes; but finally the doors of the armory were thrown open and a large force from the armed body outside entered and arrested me and others, and took me with a body of armed men to the Vigilance Committee's Fort, a quarter of a mile distant; I was passed through a crowd of armed men into one of the rooms of the Fort; I was kept there from that day, the 21st of June, to July 5, following; I did not go outside during that time.

The remainder of the testimony of the witness related to his being on the 5th of July, taken on board the steamer *John L. Stephens*.

SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Hilton.

Tarcey vs. *Lee.*—Complaint must be amended by making it more definite and certain, defendant to have twenty days to answer it as amended.

Kalff vs. *Jones.*—Complaint dismissed unless served within five days, costs to abide event.

Trial of Elijah Martin for Inciting to the Murder of Lydia Bosely.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before the Hon. Recorder Barnard.

Elijah Martin, the colored man who was indicted as an accessory before the fact to the attempt at the murder of Lydia Bosely by Anna Maria Bloxon his mistress and the daughter of the woman on whose life the attempt was made, was put on his trial yesterday.

Lydia Bosely was the first witness—She testified that her age was 52 years; that her daughter, Bloxen, was 22 years; that the prisoner, whom she knew for three or four years, had been paying attentions to her daughter; that the Friday before the Tuesday on which she was attacked while sleeping, was the last time she had seen the prisoner; that Anna Maria struck her with an axe, then threw the beds on her and put her finger down her throat; that she (witness) escaped into the outside room; that she was confined to her bed two weeks on account of her injuries; and that at the time of the attack on her she had about $55 in money of different kinds.

Patrick E. Shanahan, the surgeon who attended Mrs. Bosely, and William M. Wade, the officer who arrested the prisoner, were then examined.

Samuel Hasbrouck, of No. 253 Elizabeth-street, testified that he knew the prisoner; that on the day before the attempt at murder he saw him between eleven and twelve o'clock at Mrs. Bosely's house; and heard him and Anna Maria go out in the evening; had never heard of any row betwixt Mrs. Bosely and her daughter.

Sarah Ann Weekes, residing in the same house with Mrs. Bosely, testified that she saw the prisoner and Anna Maria in Mrs. Bosely's house on Monday afternoon; that she went that night to the Bowery Theatre, and observed them leave together.

Louisa Hunter testified that she lived at No. 23 Clark-street; knew the prisoner three years; passed as his wife; had two children by him; one is dead; recollects the prisoner's arrest; he was not at home on the previous night; said he had been at a wake in Attorney-street.

Anna Maria Bloxen deposed that she pleaded guilty on Monday week; that no one had told her to do so; that when she did so, she did not know she was to be a witness, nor had anything been said as to what her punishment should be; she stated she was 22 years old; that she was married and had a husband living, and that it was all through Elijah Martin that she had attacked her mother; the first time he spoke to her about the axe was on the Thursday before; she told him she had run one risk for him, and did not wish to run another; to which he replied that they would leave the City next morning with the money; he told her she had commenced it and she had better finish it, or he would betray her; and persuaded her to put poison in the teapot on the 2d February; it was strychnine; witness sent a young man for it, but her mother suspected what it was, and took it to a neighbor; witness, on her way home from the Bowery Theatre on Monday night, was asked by the prisoner when she was going to use the axe; she said she did not know yet, but that she would as soon as she got a chance; it was twelve o'clock that night when the prisoner left her; she went home, got the axe, raised it about three times before she had power to strike; it was about four o'clock when this occurred; struck her mother twice; her mother then arose, and witness then threw the bed on her, and struggled with her, and put her hand in her mouth to stifle her; after that she started to go and make good her escape, but, changing her mind, came back and threw the bed on her again; she then started to go out, but before going, took some of her mother's clothes; finally she made up her mind to give herself up, and did do so; her mother had money in the bank, and money also at home, and witness had told this to the prisoner.

Several witnesses were examined for the defence, but their testimony was of little importance. Counsel for defence then summed up, and was followed at great length by Mr. Jonas B. Phillips, on the part of the prosecution. Recorder BARNARD then lucidly charged the Jury, who, after a brief consultation, returned a verdict of guilty. The Recorder immediately sentenced the prisoner to 15 years in the State Prison, but on subsequent examination of the statute under which the prisoner was tried, it was discovered that the maximum punishment was 10 years. His Honor amended the sentence accordingly.

Mr. W. C. Macready, the tragedian, is now, we understand, conducting a school at Sherborne, in Dorsetshire.

[Advertisement.]

SPRING DAY.

As hoary Winter utters his last groan,
Benignant Spring ascends the vernal throne.

Suitable clothing, with which to pay the gracious goddess due homage, may be obtained at EVANS' extensive clothing warehouse, Nos. 66 and 68 Fulton-street, at the usual low rates for which this establishment is famous.

Spring raglans and new styles over-sacks.....$6
These garments possess all the requisite qualities; they are fashionable, elegant, durable, of beautiful shades and decidedly cheap.

Over 3,000 cassimere business coats, of various styles, colors and shades.....$3 50 to $10
Complete cassimere suits to match..... 8 00 to 18

Good black cloth frock coats..... 5 00 to
Fine black cloth dress frock coats..... 10 00 to 14
The finest custom-made dress frock coats 15 00 to 20

Black cloth, cassimere and doeskin pants. 2 00 to 6
Fancy cassimere pants..... 1 50 to 6
Cassimere business vests..... 1 00 to 3
Silk, satin and other vests..... 2 00 to 5
Complete black cloth suits (very genteel).....$10
&c., &c., &c., &c.,
At EVANS',
Nos. 66 and 68 Fulton-street,
Between Gold and Cliff streets.

[Advertisement.]

GAS, GAS, GAS FIXTURES.—We expect to surpass all our previous efforts in manufacturing new and beautiful goods for the Spring trade. Prices to suit all. Call at our great Dépôt, No. 376 Broadway.
WARNER, PECK & CO.,
Successors to ARCHER, WARNER & CO.

[Advertisement.]

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.—To-day, being Wednesday, is a grand gala day at Barnum's Museum. "Gwyneth Faughan" and "Paddy Carey" are both performed in the afternoon as well as in the evening by the new company. It will be a rare treat.

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—The most aggravated cases of bronchial affection are entirely cured by a single pot of this peerless salve; while the Pills, acting powerfully upon the liver, expel every bilious tendency.

[Advertisement.]

GURNEY'S new Photographic and Fine Art Gallery, No. 707 Broadway. Photographs, Daguerreotypes, Miniatures in Oil and Ivorytypes.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Second Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—MARCH 22.

$8,000	U. S. 5s, '74	104	
1,000	do	104⅛	
2,600	U. S. 6s '67	109⅝	
4,000	Ohio S. 6s '70	107	
2,000	Ill. Int. Imp. '47	103⅜	
1,000	Illinois Int. '60	95¾	
8,000	Tenn. 6s '90	91	
1,000	do	91½	
5,000	Mo. State 6s	85⅜	
33,000	do	85⅜	
20,000	do	s60 85⅜	
10,000	do	b60 85⅜	
	100 N. Y. Cen. R. 6s	92⅜	
1,000	E. RR. 4th M. B. 6s	100	
4,000	E. RR. Ct. Bs. '62	33	
3,000	Hud Riv. R. 3d M. 7s	80	
7,000	Ill. Cen. R. R. bds. 90⅜		
6,000	La C. & Mill. g. bds.	20	
2,000	H. & St. J. R. bds	14	
5	Bank of New-York	107½	
12	Bank of Commerce	101⅜	
100	Harlem R. R.	12	
400	do	b30	12
19	American Ex. Bk	108¾	
50	Chatham Bank	s10	45½
10	Park Bank	106⅜	
225	Del. & Hu. Can.	opg	99⅜
20	Penn. Coal Co	s15	80⅜
100	Pac. M. S. Co	b60	78¾
100	do	s60	78¾
10	do	s60	78⅝
100	do	b60	78⅞
100	do	s60	77⅜
100	Bruns C. L. Co	3	
50	Cumberland Pref.	23¼	
950	New-York Cen. R.	78¾	
100	do	s30	78¾
100	do	b10	78¾
450	do	s10	78¾
1025	do	78⅞	
400	Erie Railroad	10⅜	
31	Clev. Col. & C. R. R.	93⅜	

200	Harlem R. Pref	38	
200	do	38⅛	
100	do	b60	38⅜
300	do	38⅜
300	Chi. & R. I. R.	58⅛
150	do	s30	58¼
100	do	s60	58
100	do	58⅜
250	do	b30	58⅜
200	Reading R.	s3	49
100	do	s10	49
100	do	s15	49
200	do	s30	48⅜
200	do	s20	48⅜
300	do	s3	49¼
500	do	49⅜
400	do	b3	49⅜
100	do	s60	48⅜
150	M. So. & N. I. R.	14
100	do	14⅛
265	M. So. & N. Ia. G. S.	45¼
150	do	s10	45¼
100	do	b60	45⅜
50	do	s10	45⅜
90	Panama Railroad	117
250	do	117¼
100	do	b60	117¼
100	Ill. Cen. R.	67
50	do	s30	66⅜
50	do	s60	66⅜
150	do	66⅝
150	do	b60	67
5	Gal. & Chi. R. R.	67¾
200	do	s30	67¾
300	do	b60	68¼
200	do	s3	68¼
100	do	s20	68
200	do	s30	68
150	Clev. & Tol. R. R.	25
100	do	25¼

SECOND BOARD.

$33,000	Tenn. 6s '90	91¾	
1,000	N. J. Cen. 1st M. bs	99	
3,000	N. J. Cen. 2d M. b.	100	
40	Chatham Bank	92	
50	Canton Co	b60	20
100	N. Y. Cen. R.	s5	79
100	do	b60	79
50	M. S. & N. I. R.	14⅜
100	do	14¾
50	M. S. & N. I. G. S.	46
50	do	s10	45¾
50	do	45⅝
50	do	s10	45⅝

21	Har. RR Pref.	38⅜	
25	Panama Railroad	117¼
50	do	s60	117
50	Gal. & Chi. R. R.	68¼
150	do	b60	68¼
200	do	stw	68¼
100	do	s60	68
50	do	b30	68⅛
250	do	68¼
200	Clev. & Tol. RR.	b60	26¾
200	Chi. & R. I. RR.	58⅜
200	do	s30	58¾
300	do	b60	58⅝

REPORTED SALES AT AUCTION.

$2,000	Missouri 6s	84	
2,000	Chicago City 6s	86¼
3,000	Second-av. R. 7s	94¾
4,000	Chi. St. Paul & F. du Lac R. 8s	11
490	Com. In. Sch'p '58	65
5,000	G. W. I. S. '57	70
15	Bank of Com	101¾
20	Am. Ex. Bank	108¾
16	Bk of Common'th	97
25	Mer. Mu. Ins. Co	100
10	Har. Fire Ins. Co	89½
12	Firemen's F. In. Co.	153¼
10	Mer. Fire In. Co	173
12	Water'y Q. & M. Co.	93
11	Am. Ex. Co	82¾
10	Clinton Fire In. Co.	112
20	Colum. Fire In. Co.	103¼
3	Home Fire Ins. Co.	183
5	do	180
10	Hamilton F. In. Co.	75

TUESDAY,